The Sydney Morning Herald.

No 5711.—VOL XXXVII. SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 13, 1856. PRICE SIXPENCE.

BIRTHS.

At Jesmond-place, Surry Hills, on the 12th instant, Mrs. James W. Waugh, of a son.

At Ourania, Hume River, Mrs. Hay, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

On the 8th instant, by special license, at St. Mary's Cathedral, by the Venerable Archdeacon M'Encroe, Mr. Edward F. Flanagan to Miss Mary O'Donnell, both of Sydney.

At Bombala, on the 5th instant, by H. Kesterton, Esq., District Registrar, John Dargan, of Omeo, and Bridget Dillon, of Bombala.

At Bombala, on the 5th instant, by H. Kesterton, Esq., District Registrar, John Bell, of Nimitible, and Jane White, of Spring Flat.

On the 9th instant, by special license, at Kiama, by the Rev. G. Mackie, Free Church Presbyterian Minister, Mr. William J. M'Ilwrath, second son of Mr. D. M'Ilwrath, of Sea View, Kiama, to Miss Elizabeth Julia Victoria Bibb, third daughter of the late Mr. James Bibb, of Sydney.

On Thursday, 11th September, at St. Philip's Church, Clydesdale, by the Rev. H. J. Stiles, Mr. John Bonnington, of the Castlereagh River, to Miss Emma Blowes, of South Creek.

By special license, on Friday, 12th, by the Rev. Mr. W. Saunders, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Church-hill, Mr. Joseph Ross, the youngest son of Mr. Edward Ross, late of Melbourne, to Frances Mary Stokes, wife of the late Mr. Charles Stokes, who was drowned in Sydney harbour.

DEATHS.

At Greenwich, near London, on Monday, 16th June, William Weston Piddington, Esq., aged 70, father of William R. Piddington, Esq., one of the members of Parliament for the United Counties of Northumberland and Hunter, New South Wales.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATER FOR SHIPPING.—The Steam Water-boat AQUARIUS is now supplying water at 2s. 6d. per ton. Apply to MITCHELL and CO.

BALMAIN NEW STEAM FERRY, from the foot of Erskine-street, every half-hour. S. CROOK.

STEAM TO BALMAIN, from the Gas Company's Wharf, every ten minutes.

CREMORNE GARDENS.—The Steamer will run from 2 till 6-30, from Circular Wharf, on SUNDAY.

PARRAMATTA STEAM PACKETS.—The EMU and PELICAN steamers, ply throughout the day between Sydney and Parramatta, at the following hours:—
From Parramatta at 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.
Sydney at 9, 1, and 4 o'clock.
On Sunday.
From Sydney at 9 a.m.; from Parramatta at 4 p.m.
FARES—2s. 6d. cabin, and 1s. 6d. steerage, with no extra charge for omnibus conveyance.
Refreshments may be had on board.
Monthly Contracts:—
First class, £3; Second class, £2.
Phœnix Wharf, 6th September.

STEAM TO BRISBANE WATER.—The BLACK SWAN, on MONDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock, returning the same day; and every MONDAY and FRIDAY. Return tickets available ten days.
Phœnix Wharf, 12th September, 1856.

STEAM to MANLY BEACH.—THIS DAY (Saturday), and TO-MORROW (Sunday).
From Phœnix Wharf at 10 a.m., and 2 p.m.
From Manly Beach at 12 noon, and 5 p.m., calling at Woolloomooloo Bay.

STEAM to the HUNTER.—The PATERSON, R L PATTISON, for MORPETH, THIS EVENING, at 11 o'clock. The HUNTER on MONDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock. There will be no evening steamer from this wharf during next week.
TILMOUTH F. DYE, manager.
H. R. N. S. N. Company's Wharf, foot of Market-street, September 13th, 1856.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS.
COLLAROY to the HUNTER, THIS MORNING (SATURDAY), at 8.
WONGA WONGA, to MELBOURNE, THIS AFTERNOON, (SATURDAY), at 3.
STEAMER, to CLARENCE TOWN, MONDAY NIGHT at 11.
SHAMROCK, to MORETON BAY and IPSWICH, TUESDAY EVENING, at 8.
WARATAH, to WIDE BAY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8.
CITY OF SYDNEY, to TWOFOLD BAY, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3.
JAMES PATERSON, Manager.

STEAM to HOBART TOWN.—The steamship TASMANIA, JOHN CHURCH, master, will leave the Patent Slip Wharf on THURSDAY, 25th instant, at 3 p.m.
WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., Bott's Wharf.

FOR MORPETH.—The favourite Schooner STORM [illegible]
For Freight, &c., apply E. LOWTHER, Bathurst-street West; or to the Captain on board at Brodie and Craig's Wharf.

FOR KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER, the new schooner KEMPSEY PACKET. For freight or passage apply on board at the Union Wharf; or to GEORGE ROBERTSON, Market Wharf.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.—The regular trader WILLIAM, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.
Phœnix Wharf, 13th September, 1856.

FOR THE MANNING RIVER.—The schooner GLEANER will sail on SATURDAY EVENING. For freight or passage apply NORTHWOOD and COX, Baltic Wharf, bottom of Market-street.

FOR PORT CURTIS, via MORETON BAY.—The SABLE CHIEF, Captain LAKE, is now loading for the above ports, and will sail on SATURDAY next, the 13th instant.
Goods intended for Ipswich will be forwarded on as usual, by the river steamer Breadalbane.
For freight or passage apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

FOR WIDE BAY and PORT CURTIS.—The fine clipper brigantine COQUETTE, is now loading at the Grafton Wharf, and having arrangements nearly completed, will sail on an early day.
For freight or passage having good accommodations, apply to MOLISON and BLACK, Macquarie-place. All freights payable in Sydney.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The favourite clipper schooner BRILLIANT, Captain WILSON, now alongside the Victoria Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, is loading with the utmost expedition, as her detention here will be limited to only a few days for the receipt of cargo.
Shippers are requested to make immediate arrangements by early application. THIS DAY, to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 199, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—To follow the Tarbert Castle.—The A1 new clipper schooner OLIVER FROST, J. M'AVENY, commander, hourly expected, will meet with despatch.
For freight or passage apply to J. C. and G. DIBBS, Port Philip Packet Office, 177, George-street; or to E. M. SAYERS, Campbell's Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE Wharf.—The Baltimore clipper schooner, EMILY JANE, C. C. BEER, master, will sail positively on TUESDAY next.
For freight or passage, apply to J. C. and G. DIBBS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 177, George-street; or to E. M. SAYERS, Campbell's Wharf.

FOR GEELONG direct.—The well known first-class brigantine JENNY LIND, SHERMAN, master, is now ready to receive cargo at Russell's Wharf, and having a considerable portion engaged, will have quick despatch.
For freight or passage, having really superior accommodations for passengers, apply to MOLISON and BLACK, Macquarie-place.

FOR LAUNCESTON.—First vessel.—The fine clipper schooner ADOLPHUS YATES, clears TO-MORROW.
Has room for a few tons of freight, for which, or passage, apply on board at the Grafton Wharf; or to HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, 41, King-street.

FOR ADELAIDE.—The brig JOHN ORMEROD, Captain SIVIER.
For freight or passage, apply to EBSWORTH and CO. 8th September, 1856.

FOR BATAVIA.—The Dutch ship ZAANSTROOM, Captain STRYEN, will sail for the above port in about ten days.
For freight or passage apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

FOR NELSON and PORT COOPER.—The fine fast-sailing A1 schooner TARANAKI, HENRY CLOUSTON, commander, will have quick despatch for the above ports. Has superior accommodation for cabin passengers.
For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board at Macnamara's Wharf, or to JOHN A. BUTTREY and CO., Wynyard-lane.

FOR NELSON and WELLINGTON.—The A1 fast-sailing clipper brig LOUIS AND MIRIAM. LEE, master, now loading at Moore's Wharf, Miller's Point, has more than half her cargo already engaged, and will be despatched in a few days. To passengers this vessel offers superior advantages.
Apply on board; to A. MOSES and SONS, Bridge-street; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO, 199, George-street. September 9th, 1856.

FOR AUCKLAND.—First and only vessel.—The regular trader SPORTING LASS, Captain CELLUM, having all her dead weight shipped, is receiving light freight at the Maitland Wharf, foot of Market-street, and offers a most favourable opportunity to shippers and passengers, her time of sailing being fixed for the middle of next week.
Apply on board; to RUNDLE, DANGAR, and CO., Clarence-street; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 199, George-street.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE CHATHAM ISLANDS, calling at WELLINGTON if sufficient inducement offers, the well-known clipper schooner MARMORA. This vessel is under engagement to sail on or before 17th instant.
For freight or passage apply to MOLISON and BLACK, Macquarie-place.

FOR WELLINGTON Direct.—A regular trader. The fine fast-sailing schooner CHEETAH, 160 tons register, D. JOYCE, commander, has room for a few tons light freight, and will clear at the Customs on SATURDAY MORNING. Passengers are requested to inspect her superior cabin, intermediate, and steerage accommodations.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain JOYCE, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to BUYERS and LEARMONTH, Charlotte-place.

THE Packet Brig EMMA, for HOBART TOWN, is detained until TUESDAY next, but will positively sail on that day. Shippers are urged to send down their goods at once, as the vessel has room for only 20 tons.
For freight or passage apply to MACNAMARA, SON, and CO., Macnamara's Wharf.

FOR HONGKONG.—The A1 full clipper ship ALEXANDER, 900 tons, ALEXANDER HOLWAY, commander, will leave for the above port in a few days, and has first-class accommodation for passengers.
Apply to Captain HOLWAY, on board, at Macnamara's Wharf, or to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

FOR VAVA and APPIA, Navigators' Islands.—The first-class brigantine EUDORUS, N. SEAMAN, master, will sail as above on the 16th instant.
For freight or passage apply to Captain SEAMAN on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to JAMES MALCOLM and CO.

FOR TONGA, LEFUKA, and NAVIGATORS' ISLANDS.—The first-class schooner ARIEL, Captain M'LEOD, will sail on the 16th instant.
For cabin passage or freight apply to the Captain, on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to JAMES MALCOLM and CO.

FOR CALLAO.—The fine A1 fast sailing ship SEA KING, 896 tons register, Captain DAVID FORMAN, will be shortly despatched, and having superior cabin accommodation, affords a most excellent opportunity to passengers for any part of the West Coast of America, and for those proceeding to Europe or the United States, via Panama.
Apply to Captain FORMAN, on board, Circular Quay; or to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

TO SAIL 27TH SEPTEMBER.—For CALCUTTA direct.—The fine A1 ship LLOYDS, 1069 tons register, S. M'BEATH, commander, will proceed direct as above, and offers a desirable opportunity for passengers by the Overland route.
Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.—The following splendid Passenger Ships will be despatched for London in succession:—

	Tons.	Master.
MARCHIONESS OF LONDONDERRY	809	Davidson (late Bank of England.
WOOLLOOMOOLOO	645	Ross
LIGHT OF THE AGE	1297	Williams.
WAVE OF LIFE	1100	Stuart (late of Woolloomooloo.)
CATHERINE ADAMSON ...	886	George Stuart.

For date of sailing, and all particulars, apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

TO PASSENGERS for ENGLAND.—The favourite ship, and regular trader, MAID OF JUDAH, Captain ISAAC MERCHANT, is expected shortly to arrive, and will be despatched for London about the end of NOVEMBER next. Apply to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

FOR LONDON.—The undermentioned splendid A1 13 years ships, belonging to Messrs. Duncan Dunbar and Sons, will be despatched as follows:—
DUNBAR, 1200 tons, J. Green, commander, December 1st, 1856.
VIMEIRA, 1100 tons, J. B. Swanson, commander, January 1st, 1857.
LA HOGUE, 1500 tons, H. Neatby, commander, February 1st, 1857.
WATERLOO, 900 tons, J. B. Struthers, commander, March 1st, 1857.
These ships are fitted expressly for passengers, and carry experienced surgeons.
SMITH, CAMPBELL, and CO., agents.

FOR WOOL and PASSENGERS only.—For LONDON.—The fine first-class frigate built ship SCOTIA, 778 tons register, J. R. BROWN, commander, now only requires wool to fill up, which will be received at Marsden and Company's wool shed, or at the Circular Quay, as may suit the convenience of shippers. To passengers this vessel offers great inducement, having been fitted up for the East India passenger trade, in which she is well known. Has a full poop and roomy state rooms superior to any ship on the berth. Will take a few intermediate and steerage passengers, for whom there is good accommodation, and a liberal dietary scale.
Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

FOR LONDON.—The first-class Aberdeen Clipper Ship CENTURION, 639 tons register, WILLIAM EDWARD, commander, is receiving cargo at the Circular Quay, opposite the Steam Press, and will have quick dispatch.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain EDWARD, on board; to BUYERS and LEARMONTH; or S. D. GORDON.

FOR LONDON.—The well known A1 clipper-barque HELEN BAIRD, 440 tons register, HENRY WYETH, commander; has nearly the whole of her cargo stowed, and will be promptly despatched. Only room for a small quantity of wool, and two cabin passengers, at moderate rates.
Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The new United States barque J. GODFREY, A 1 at Lloyds, 486 tons register, N. B. GRANT, commander, will be ready for sea in a few days, and is open for charter to any part of the world.
For further particulars apply to Captain GRANT, on board at the Circular Quay; or to FLOWER, SALTING, and CO., agents, 39, Hunter-street. 10th September, 1856.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.—The fine A1 clipper ship VELOCITY, 682 tons register. Apply to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

FOR SALE, the fine Brig ALICE BROWN, 170 tons. F. and G. KORFF, Church-hill.

FOR SALE.—The fine clipper brig CITY OF SYDNEY, 106 tons register, built by Russell, of Pyrmont, copper and copper-fastened, well found in boats, anchors, chains, sails, standing and running gear, and stores of all description; carries a large cargo and sails well.
For further particulars apply to Captain HENDERSON, on board, in Darling Harbour; or to HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, 41, King-street.

WANTED, to Charter an A1 vessel of 250 to 350 tons. R. TOWNS and CO.

WANTED, a First-class Vessel, to load for a port in the colonies. MOLISON and BLACK.

WANTED, a Vessel to load sawn hard wood at KIAMA for Sydney. For particulars of freight, which is liberal, apply to GEORGE CARTER, Victoria Wharf.

SHIP MORAYSHIRE.—All accounts against the above vessel must be sent in to the Counting-house of the undersigned on or before MONDAY next, 15th instant. SMITH, CAMPBELL, and CO., agents, Macquarie-place.

A. S. N. CO.'S PATENT SLIP DOCK and Ship repairing Yard Pyrmont, Sydney.—Vessels of any tonnage can be repaired at the above establishment, which is now in full operation, and where a large assortment of timber, masts, spars, and other material is kept on hand. The works are under the immediate superintendence of Mr. James Scott, patentee of the Slip and a practical shipwright. First-class carpenters and other tradesmen are employed for the expeditious execution of repairs in a tradesmanlike manner.
The scale of charges, which are moderate, may be obtained on application to Mr. Scott, at the Slip, or to the undersigned.
A. S. N. Co., JAMES PATERSON, manager.

PATENT SLIP, HEAVING-DOWN WHARF, and SHIP BUILDING YARD.—To shipowners, Captains, and agents.—The undersigned, having made arrangements with the A.S.N. Company for the use of their magnificent patent slip, is now in a position to undertake every description of work connected with shipping having a large staff of first-rate workmen, together with an extensive assortment of spars, timber, planking, &c., he is enabled to guarantee despatch with reasonable terms. Orders left with Mr. T. Dawson, chronometer maker George-street, or at the Building-yard, will meet with immediate attention. JOHN CUTHBERT, ship-builder Cuthbert's Wharf, Darling Harbour.

PILE-DRIVING BY STEAM, Economy and Expedition.—Plans and estimates furnished; wharves, jetties, &c., contracted for. Parties requiring the same enquire at No. 8, Barrack-street, or Russell's Wharf. DIVING.—WILLIAM TYLER, late T. B. Storey and Co., No. 8, Barrack-street, or at Russell's Wharf.—The late firm have appointed William Tyler to manage this department of their business.

HATS.—E. PORCHERON, Hatter, King-street West, desires that all parties having left hats at his warehouse, will remove them before the 1st October next.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

IF THIS should meet the eye of RICHARD JENKINS, native of Old Market-street, Bristol, he will find his son CHARLES, No. 328, Kent-street South.

JOHN RANDALL.—Information wanted respecting JOHN RANDALL, of Ditchland, Sussex, who came to the colony in the year 1836, per ship Moffitt; lived with John Chisholm, Esq., of Goulburn, in the year 1848. Address to JAMES MITCHEL, Ipswich, Moreton Bay, at Cribb and Foote's.

JAMES HAMEY.—Send me your address, as I wish to write to you. M. A. H, Post Office, Bathurst.

JOHN WILLIAMS, (late Steward of the ship Palmyra), is requested to call at Perrier's Club, Pitt-street.

JANE SCIFLEET.—Send your address to FREDERICK PEPPER, West Maitland, care of Mr. WADE.

MISS HOLMES, who left England in the beginning of the present year, to join her brother in Sydney, entrusted with a tin case by Mrs. J. W. L. Ashe, of Exeter, is requested to communicate immediately with Mr. GILL, 55, Spring-street, Melbourne.

NOTICE.—If this should meet the eye of Mr. PETER M. GARVINE, carpenter, from Scotland, who has been about three years in the colony, he will obtain a letter of importance from friends at Melbourne, by applying at the Post Office, Penrith, and giving his address.

WILLIAM MACKENZIE, Esq., formerly of Batavia, the undersigned have a letter for. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

ENGLISH OPERA HOUSE.—SATURDAY EVENING, September 13th, 1856. Will be produced Wallace's grand Opera, in three Acts, entitled MARITANA. Charles II, King of Spain, Mr. Walcot; Don Cesar de Bazan, Mr. J. Howson; Don Jose de Santarem, Mr. Stewart; Marquis de Montefiore, Mr. Fisher; Alcade, Mr. Jones; Lazarillo, Miss Warde; Captain of Guards, Mr. Griffiths; Maritana, a Gitana, Mrs. Guerin; Marchioness de Montefiore, Mrs. Gibbs. Scene, Madrid. Conductor, Mr. C. Packer; Leader of the Orchestra, Mr. John Gibbs. Doors open at half-past Seven, to commence at Eight. Dress Boxes, 5s.; Upper Boxes, 3s.; Pit, 2s.; Gallery, 1s.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—THIS EVENING, Mdlle. M. DURET will appear in ten different characters.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—THIS EVENING will be presented the thrilling Drama of the GREEN BUSHES.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—THIS EVENING Mdlle. M. DURET will appear as "Miami" in the Green Bushes; and afterwards in (8) eight different characters in the beautiful personation comedietta of WINNING A HUSBAND.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—On MONDAY EVENING will be produced the great drama of PAUL CLIFFORD.

OUR LYCEUM THEATRE.—Under the management of Messrs. Stephens and Craven. Benefit of Mr. J. H. VINSON, and positively the last appearance of Miss A. M. QUINN. Miss A. M. Quinn in the famous Spider Dance. In consequence of the extreme length of the performance, the doors will open at half-past 6, the curtain rise at 7. THIS EVENING, Saturday, September 13th, the performances will commence with the first, third, and fourth acts of "EVA," or LEAVES FROM UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. Eva, Miss A. M. Quinn. On this occasion only the celebrated Spider Dance, by Miss Quinn, precisely as danced by Lola Montes. To conclude with (positively for the last time) the celebrated Drama, in 3 acts, from Dickens's Novel, of OLIVER TWIST; or, THE PARISH BOY'S PROGRESS. Oliver Twist, a Parish Boy, Miss A. M. Quinn. Mr. C. Kemble Mason will, on MONDAY, appear in the celebrated Musical Drama of THE SLAVE, which will be produced with the original music.
Musical Conductor, M. Winterbottom; Leader, M. Charles Eigenschenck. Half-price at 9 o'clock. Seats and boxes can be secured on application at the Theatre between 11 and 4 o'clock.

THIS EVENING, C. K. MASON'S Readings from Shakspeare and Robert Burns, at Sydney School of Arts. HAMLET, THIS EVENING, at Sydney School of Arts. Burns and Shakspeare at Sydney School of Arts, by C. KEMBLE MASON. Tickets, 2s.; Members, 1s. A SATURDAY EVENING with Shakspeare and Burns by C. KEMBLE MASON, TO-NIGHT, at Sydney School of Arts. Tickets, 2s.; Members, 1s.

HAMLET, TO-NIGHT, at 8 p.m. Sydney School of Arts.

BURNS'S TAM O'SHANTER TO-NIGHT, at Sydney School of Arts.

NOVEL and Pleasing Entertainment by C. K. MASON, THIS EVENING, at Sydney School of Arts, at 8 p.m.

PARRAMATTA.—MISKA HAUSER has the honour to announce to the public of Parramatta, that he will give a Grand Concert on WEDNESDAY, September 17th, at the King's School, by the kind permission of the Rev. the Head Master, F. Armitage, Esq.

GRAND FETE IN THE DOMAIN, MONDAY, September 15th.—The Greatest attraction ever offered in Sydney. Three Bands.

SYDNEY CHORAL SOCIETY.—The Singing Members are respectfully informed that in future the practices of the Society will be held regularly on MONDAY EVENINGS at half-past seven punctually. THOMAS DRUITT, Hon. Secretary.

MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS' LECTURES.—On TUESDAY evening next, a Lecture will be delivered in the Hall of the Institution, by N. D. STENHOUSE, Esq., M.A., "On the nature and some of the functions of Imagination." Members will be admitted on the production of their cards of membership, and are entitled to introduce two ladies. Doors will be opened at 7 o'clock, and the lecture will commence at half-past 7 precisely. JOSEPH DYER, secretary.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Piano Classes, for Ladies, from 3 to 5; for Gentlemen, from 5 to 7, on TUESDAY and SATURDAY. A Violin Class, from 7 to 8, on the same evening. Persons desirous of joining any of the above classes are requested to leave their names with the Secretary. Teacher, Mr. W. H. PALING.

ZETLAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER, under the Constitution of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of England.—The regular convocation of this Chapter, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING next, 16th instant, at 7 o'clock, at the Freemason's Hall, York-street. By order of the M.E.Z., JOHN A. MATHEWS.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Reading Rooms, George-street, next to the Bank of New South Wales. The Committee of this Institution urgently appeal to those interested in the improvement of young men for donations of Books for the Library. They have much pleasure in acknowledging parcels received from John Fairfax, Esq, Rev. John Dougall, George Rees, Esq., and Mrs. Balbirnie. SHARP H. LEWIS, hon. sec.

FITZROY IRON and COAL MINING COMPANY.—The Shareholders in the above Company are reminded that an adjourned special general meeting of shareholders will take place on MONDAY next, the 15th instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the Company's Office, 212, George-street, Sydney. C. J. HODGSON, secretary.

FREEMASONRY.—A Special Meeting of the Provincial Grand Lodge of New South Wales will be held at the Hall, York-street, on WEDNESDAY, 17th instant, at half-past 6 p.m. precisely, on very important business, at which the officers and members of this Lodge as well as the masters, past masters, and wardens of all Lodges under the English Constitution in the province, are hereby requested to attend punctually. H. P. COLES, Provincial Grand Secretary.

FIG-TREE, WOOLLOOMOOLOO BAY.—A preliminary meeting will be held at Mr. Palmer's, the Liverpool Arms, corner of Pitt and King streets, on TUESDAY next, the 16th instant, at half-past 7 p.m., at which the attendance of parties interested in the erection of a fence for the protection of bathers at the abovenamed locality is respectfully solicited. ROBERT PHENNA, honorary secretary.

LONDON COMPOSITORS' EMIGRATION AID SOCIETY.—Compositors assisted to the colonies by this society are hereby informed that all agencies are, for the present, set aside, (as per advertisement in the colonial papers of June, 1855), and that no person has, or has had, any authority from this society to sue for money due on its account. All remittances must be made by bill of exchange on a London Bank, made payable to JOHN CHARLES CRABB, Esq., and addressed to WILLIAM COX, Secretary, 3, Raquet Court, Fleet-street, London.
By order of the Committee,
June 17th, 1856. W. COX, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the ingress and egress to and from the several and respective tenements and premises on my estate, at Balmain, as laid out by me for the uses of the said estate, declared and known as "Wallscourt Avenue," which intersects with Darling-street and Blake-street, which intersects with the said Wallscourt Avenue, and thence extends easterly towards the Steam Ferry Bay, and terminates within twenty-three feet of, and above the high water mark of the said bay, is not dedicated to the public, but is reserved as private thoroughfare: for the uses solely and only as hereinbefore mentioned and declared, of which all persons are hereby required to take notice. ROBERT BLAKE.

LIVERPOOL TURF CLUB RACES.—SYDNEY RAILWAY—SPECIAL TRAIN ARRANGEMENTS.—The public are informed that on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, the 16th, 17th, and 18th September, the days of the above meeting, Passenger Trains will run as under, viz.:—
Trains will leave

SYDNEY,—at	6.0 a.m.	Ordinary
	9.30 a.m.	Ditto
	11.0 a.m.	SPECIAL
	1.30 p.m.	Ordinary
	4.25 p.m.	Ditto
	5.45 p.m.	Ditto.
LIVERPOOL,—at	6.0 a.m.	Ordinary
	7.40 a.m.	Ditto
	11.0 a.m.	Ditto
	3.0 p.m.	Ditto
	4.30 p.m.	SPECIAL
	5.45 p.m.	Ordinary.

The Special Train will stop to take up passengers at Parramatta only.
RETURN TICKETS, available for each day, can be obtained on application to the Station-master, at the Sydney Terminus, on and after MONDAY, the 15th instant, at the following rates, viz.:—
To Liverpool and back,
First Class, 15s. (fifteen shillings)
Second Class, 11s. (eleven shillings)
Third Class, 8s. (eight shillings).
FREDERICK TERRY, Manager.

SYDNEY RAILWAY.—LIVERPOOL RACES, 16th, 17th, and 18th September. Return Tickets for the above days can be obtained on application to the Station Master, Sydney Terminus, on and after MONDAY, the 15th instant. FREDERICK TERRY, Manager.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTE.—
Patron,—
His Grace the Archbishop of Sydney.
President,—
P. Faucett, Esq., M.P.
Vice-Presidents,—
Revs. Dean O'Connell, O.S.B.; and J. J. McClellar, O.S.B.
Treasurer,—
D. Kearney, Esq.
This Institution will be formally opened by his Grace the Archbishop, on MONDAY EVENING.
All persons interested in the propagation of Catholic literature and Catholic principles, are requested to attend.
J. E. ROBINSON, Secretary.
Catholic Institute, 581, George-street South.

LORD'S DAY OBSERVANCE SOCIETY.—The Committee will meet (D.V.), at the Bible Society Depot, on MONDAY, 15th instant, at Two o'clock.

LECTURE.—Unitarian Congregational Church, Macquarie-street. A second lecture will be delivered in the above place, on SUNDAY EVENING, September 14th, by the Rev. G. H. STANLEY, B.A. Subject: "The Christian Sabbath, and how it should be observed." Service to commence at 7 o'clock.

NOTICE.—Mrs. FRANCIS will preach in the Tent, corner of Liverpool and Sussex streets, on SUNDAY EVENING, 14th instant (God willing). Sermon to commence at 7 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S PAROCHIAL ASSOCIATION.—The subscribers to the above are earnestly requested to meet the Rev. President and the Committee, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7, at the School, Old Burial Ground, to confer on matters of importance with regard to carrying out the objects for which it was formed. RICHARD GARRET, Hon. Sec. 12th September, 1856.

THE CHURCH SOCIETY.—On SUNDAY next, the 14th instant, a SERMON will be preached, D.V., in St. Stephen's Church, Camperdown, by the Right Rev. the LORD BISHOP OF SYDNEY, after which a collection will be made in aid of the Church Society. Divine Service will commence at eleven o'clock.
On MONDAY EVENING, the 15th instant, a Meeting will take place, D.V., in the St. Stephen's Church, Camperdown, for the purpose of forming an Association Auxiliary to the Church Society. The chair will be taken by the President of the Society at seven o'clock. The LORD BISHOP, the Rev. C. C. KEMP, and others, are expected to address the meeting.
On TUESDAY EVENING, the 16th instant, a MEETING will be held, D.V., in the School House of St. Peter's, Cook's River, when an Auxiliary Branch of the Church Society will be formed. The LORD BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE, the Rev. Dr. STEELE, and other friends of the Society will take part in the proceedings. The chair will be taken at seven o'clock by the Right Reverend the PRESIDENT OF THE SOCIETY.
On THURSDAY EVENING, 18th instant, a MEETING will take place, D V., in the School-house, Darlinghurst, for the purpose of forming an Association in connection with the Church Society. The chair will be taken by the LORD BISHOP OF SYDNEY, at seven o'clock.

THE LORD'S DAY OBSERVANCE SOCIETY.—Subscriptions to this Society will be thankfully received by any Member of the Committee; or by Mr. Samuel Goold, Bible Depôt, King-street; Mr. John Caldwell, grocer, Pitt-street; or by Mr. Henry John Porter, 286, George-street, collector of the Society.
Subscribers of ten shillings annually are members.
Donors of five pounds are life members.
(Signed) ROBERT L. KING, M. MACKAY, Secretaries.

THE LORD'S DAY OBSERVANCE SOCIETY.—The Rev. R. L. KING thankfully acknowledges the receipt of the following subscriptions:—

Mr. R. Iredale ...	£0 10 0
Mr. J. Caldwell ...	0 10 0
Rev. H. H. Gaud ...	0 10 0
Mr. R. Dunlop ...	0 10 0
Mr. W. Beehag ...	0 10 0
Mr. B. Popplewell ...	0 10 0
Mr. G. Mackintosh ...	0 10 0
Mr. P. Stewart ...	0 10 0
Mr. Stanley Mitchell ...	0 10 0
Rev. B. Chapman ...	0 10 0
Rev. S. Rabone ...	0 10 0
Rev. T. Adams ...	0 10 0
Captain Lethbridge, M.L.C. ...	0 10 0
Mrs. Admiral King ...	0 10 0
Rev. R. L. King ...	0 10 0
G. Allen, M.L.C. ...	0 5 0
Sergeant-major Barton ...	0 5 0
Rev. Dr. Mackay ...	0 10 0
Mrs. Mackay ...	0 10 0
Rev. Joseph Beazley ...	0 10 0
Rev. John Eggleston ...	0 10 0
Rev. William Lumsdaine ...	0 10 0
Mr. T. Kemmis ...	0 10 0
Rev. A. D. Soares ...	0 10 0
Ditto, donation ...	0 10 0
Rev. Thomas Hassall ...	0 10 0

The following subscriptions have been received for the same Society, by Mr. Henry John Porter:—

Rev. John Elder ...	£1 0 0
Rev. G. W. Richardson ...	0 10 0
Mr. Watts ...	0 10 0
Mrs. Watts ...	0 10 0
Mr. Wilson ...	0 10 0
M. H. Stephen, Esq. ...	1 1 0

Further contributions are solicited to enable the Committee to circulate information calculated to promote a better observance of the Lord's Day. Ten shillings constitutes an annual member, and five pounds a member for life.
Subscriptions received by Mr. PORTER, at his office, 286, George-street.

BOMBALA, Maneroo.—The Treasurer to the Fund for the Support of a Clergyman in the above district thankfully acknowledges the receipt of the following subscriptions, for the half-year ending the 31st December, 1856:—

Andrew Kyle ...	£3 0 0	William Duguid ...	£2 10 0
Thomas Fox ...	2 10 0	H. A. Colley ...	2 10 0
Henry Ingram ...	1 0 0	W. Coulter ...	2 10 0
John Donch ...	1 0 0	Thomas Simpson ...	2 10 0
J. Stacpoole ...	2 10 0	Richard Sullivan ...	5 0 0
William Badgery ...	1 0 0	John Nicholson ...	10 0 0
Henry Millington ...	2 10 0	Henry Nicholson ...	5 0 0
Charles Lawson ...	2 10 0	Alfred Witts ...	2 10 0
Mrs. Newsam ...	2 10 0	W. H. Dalleigh ...	1 0 0
J. Edw. Bennett ...	2 10 0	Mrs. Murray ...	0 10 0
Edmund Hyde ...	2 10 0	Henry Kesterton ...	2 10 0
Henry Hogarth ...	2 10 0	Edward Headland ...	0 10 0
Wm. Fetherstone ...	1 0 0	Mrs. Thomas, senior ...	1 0 0
Charles Phillips ...	1 0 0	William Thomas ...	2 0 0
Donald Gunn ...	10 0 0	John Boucher ...	15 0 0
Alexander M'Clung ...	1 0 0	Charles Campbell ...	15 0 0
Joseph Groves ...	1 0 0	John Groves ...	1 0 0
Mrs. Murphy ...	2 10 0	Charles Stewart ...	1 0 0
George Garnock ...	2 10 0	Benjamin Allen ...	2 10 0
Thomas Moeran ...	2 10 0	Thomas Jackson ...	2 10 0
William Waterson ...	2 10 0	William Whittaker (for year) ...	5 0 0
C. W. Bell ...	7 10 0	William Bradley ...	10 0 0
Andrew Stewart ...	2 10 0	Malcolm M'Phee ...	1 0 0
James Winner ...	1 0 0		
George Hobden ...	15 0 0		
J. B. Campbell ...	2 10 0		
A. J. Windeyer ...	2 10 0		£174 0 0

Handed over to the Sydney Church Society for half year's stipend for clergyman ... £150 0 0
Allocated for purchase of a horse for ditto ... 24 0 0
£174 0 0
JOHN BOUCHER, treasurer.

FINE ARTS.—Oil Paintings properly Restored.—A. MURRAY respectfully informs gentlemen of taste that he has engaged Mr. Waters, who has had great experience in several of the most valuable picture galleries in England, and was formerly foreman gilder at Windsor Castle, to conduct those branches of his business. Articles of vertu carefully repaired. ARCHIBALD MURRAY, carver in wood, cabinetmaker, 52, Hunter-street.

FULTON'S HOTEL, corner of George and Church streets, Parramatta, is replete with every convenience for families.

FULTON'S HOTEL. Wines, Spirits, Beers, of first-rate quality.

FULTON'S HOTEL.—Excellent Stabling, with every care and attention.

FULTON'S HOTEL.—Refreshments at any hour, at the most moderate terms.

D. BUIST and SON, Pianoforte Makers. Pianofortes tuned, repaired, or removed. Bridge-street.

OLIVER STAINES, Labour, Market House, Land, Advertising, and Agency Office, King-street.

SYDNEY OPHTHALMIC INSTITUTION, for the cure of diseases of the eye.—Patron, Sir W. Denison. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. BERNCASTLE, 10, Wynyard-square, from 9 to 11, or at the Institution at 11.

REMOVAL, Monday next to 22, Market-street, near Pitt-street, KAIBEL and MILLER'S Registry Office for German, French, Italian, and English Servants, Labourers, &c.

ENGRAVING.—J. F. NASH, Designer and Engraver on Wood, 24, Market-street West.

MRS. SANDY'S Millinery Warehouse, 130, George-street, nearly opposite the Exchange Hotel.

BRIDSON and KINLOCH, Organ Builders, 29, Palmer-street, opposite Jubilee-terrace.

MAISON FRANCAISE, 43, Pitt-street North—Millinery for ladies and children, head dresses, flowers and feathers, dressmaking, mantles and stays, baby linen, embroideries, and real laces, parasols (Pompadour.)
Madame de LOLLE has the honor to inform the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, that her Show rooms will be publicly open next week for the inspection of the Spring fashions, just received from Paris, consisting of:
Modes des Maisons Claradeise, Laure, Baudrand, and Bayenne Savoir; chapeaux à l'Empereur Napoléon IV, fleurs, plumes, lingeries, braderies, dentelles, Valenciennes, corsets, and ombrelles.
N.B.—The intimate connection of Madame DE LOLLE with the best houses in Paris, and the long experience with the most qualified milliners and dressmakers, affords to her a great facility to meet the wishes of ladies who may please to honor her with their commands for concerts, balls, weddings, and mourning.

NEW CHURCH, DARLINGHURST.—To Masons. Tenders for the erection of the first portion of the walls of the above Church, will be received by Mr. RAE, at the office of the City Commissioners, on or before TUESDAY, 23rd instant. Drawings and Specifications may be seen after Monday, 15th instant, at the office of GOOLD and HILLING, architects.
The Committee will not be bound to accept the lowest Tender, and security will be required for the due performance of the contract. Lloyd's Chambers, September 12th, 1856.

COOK'S RIVER ROAD TRUST.—Tenders are invited for the purchase of the Fencing lately standing round the paddock on the Newtown Road known as Sydney South. The fencing is lying in the paddock, where it can be seen. Tenders to be sent in, before noon, on MONDAY next, the 15th instant, addressed to WILLIAM TEALE, Secretary to the Trustees. 1, King-street, Sydney, 12th September, 1856.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders will be received at the offices of the undersigned till WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, for the various works required in the erection and completion of a first-class stone Store and Offices in O'Connell-street. BILLY, LAMBETH, and MANSFIELD, architects, 27, Pitt-street.—September 13th, 1856.

TO CONTRACTORS, &c.—Persons willing to contract for the erection of a Cottage at the Surry Hills, can see the plans and specifications, on application to Mr. BIRD, Architect, 8, Hunter-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered, on or before the 17th instant.

ENGLISH LOAN OFFICE, 48, Pitt-street.—Loans from £5 upwards, upon the personal security of one householder. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

MONEY.—£20,000 to be Advanced on good Freehold security. Apply to Sir G. B. ROGERS, conveyancer, &c., &c., 115, Parramatta-street, Sydney.

£400 (POUNDS) to LEND. Apply FRANCIS MOONEY, North Shore; or JOHN KEAREY, Pitt-street.

A GENTLEMAN of respectability and experience, is desirous of engaging as manager, or partner in a store at the diggings, or in the interior. He has a thorough knowledge of book-keeping by double entry, hard and soft goods, markets, &c., and can give references of the highest class. He would engage either on salary or accept a share in lieu of same. Address, with full particulars, to WICKHAM and BELL, 4, Jamison-street.

A YOUNG MAN, who has been accustomed to a retail general store, requires a Situation in the same line. Salary not so much an object as a comfortable situation. Address A. M., 34, York-street.

A LADY and GENTLEMAN desirous of undertaking the management of a school in the country, can hear of a desirable opportunity by applying to Mr. KERN, in Hunter-street; or to Mr. MADER, George-street, Sydney.

A LADY, recently from England, whose time is partly engaged, wishes to increase the number of her pupils in music, singing, and French. Address to E. F., Mader, stationer, George-street.

A RESPECTABLE young Person wishes a Situation, to attend and instruct two or three young children, or as needlewoman in a family. Address C. C., HERALD Office.

A VIOLINIST.—Master of the Instrument, attends parties—wants employment. A., Post-office, Parramatta-street.

BRICKMAKERS wanted. Apply at J. REDGATE'S, Surry Hills.

BILLIARD Table Wanted, second-hand, complete. Apply, stating terms, &c, to JAMES MALCOLM and CO., 152, George-street.

COTTAGE Wanted, to rent, at Balmain or North Shore, brick or stone, 5 or 6 rooms. H. B., HERALD Office.

EMPLOYERS of Labour supplied with men of every description, suitable for all kinds of employment. Gentlemen from country districts can get suited on the shortest notice at this Office. Men are constantly applying for situations, offers every facility for contractors, builders, squatters, settlers, storekeepers, and others. J. C. GLUE, Labour Office, 48, Pitt-street North, opposite Dr. Bland's.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED, by a Married Man, (age 29), who has been engaged in the Stock Exchange, London, for 11 years—in the Pawnbroking, 4 years—and Auctioneering 1 year; a situation where sobriety and integrity would be appreciated. Salary not so much an object as speedy employment. Address G. H., Mr. Bown, Fire Engine Station, Brickfield-hill, George-street.

HOUSE WANTED, containing 14 rooms, near the Park. WICKHAM and BELL, 4, Jamison-street.

HOUSE WANTED, out of Sydney, 7 rooms. WICKHAM and BELL, 4 Jamison-street.

HOUSE wanted, in good condition—six rooms, kitchen, yard or garden, and water—at easy rent, to induce permanent occupation; central situation—near Hyde Park preferred. Particulars to Mr. J. MARTIN, 45, Bourke-street.

LADIES' Underclothing.—Good Needlewomen required for the above. BUTLER'S Manufactory, 23, Market-st.

LOADING.—Wanted Teams for the Meroo. Apply at ED. ROTTMANN and CO., Circular Quay.

LEGAL ACCOUNTANT, open to an engagement. Lex, HERALD Office.

MEDICAL.—A qualified Dispenser is open to engagement in town or country. J. L. C., 66, Lower George-street.

PARTNER.—Wanted a Gentleman of business habits who has at command £500, to join the advertiser in an auctioneering and general produce business. Extensive and convenient premises, centrally situated are engaged. For particulars apply to Mr. OGLEY, commission agent, &c., King and Elizabeth streets; or Messrs. BERKELMAN and BATE, millers, George-street. Principals only dealt with.

SHIRT-MAKERS required, first-class. Apply, with specimen, before 12 o'clock. BUTLER'S Manufactory, 23, Market-street.

STORE SHEEP.—Wanted, by the undersigned, Store Sheep, either before or after shearing. WILLIAM ALLISON, 228, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

SHEEP WANTED.—5000 Store Sheep wanted. Apply to MURIEL and MILLER, auctioneers and commission agents, No. 232, George-street.

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted Three first-rate Hands. Apply to WETHERILL and HANCOCK, 409, George-street, opposite the Cathedral.

TO ARCHITECTS and SURVEYORS.—Required, in a Government Department, Clerks of Works, with a thorough knowledge of details and experience in office duties, and the superintendence and measurement of works. To gentlemen of superior qualifications and respectability liberal salaries will be offered. Applications, with testimonials, may be forwarded, by letter, to ALEXANDER DAWSON, Esq., Colonial Architect, Hyde Park.

TO COOPERS.—Wanted, Two Men to make Oil Butts. Apply at CHAPMAN and CO.'S, City Cooperage, George-street.

TO COMPOSITORS.—Wanted, a steady and efficient Hand, at the MERCURY Office. Wages, £3 6s. per week, and 1s. 4d. per hour overtime. Apply to TUCKER, CRACKNELL, and FALLS. MERCURY Office, September 8th, 1756.

TO CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS.—A fully qualified and experienced Assistant is open to an engagement upon liberal terms. Apply X. Y. Z., HERALD Office, Sydney.

TO CLASSICAL TEACHERS.—Wanted, a Master, for St. Lawrence Presbyterian Grammar School. Apply to the Rev. Dr. FULLERTON, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, two Young Men. Apply PARRY and HALBERT, 96, Pitt st.

TO MILLINERS.—Wanted, three First Hands. FARMER, WILLIAMS, and GILES.

WANTED—Two (2) Splitters and Fencers to proceed to Port Curtis. Apply to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and Co., Spring-street. Sydney, September 10th, 1856.

WANTED, by a young gentleman, Board and Residence in a private family. Address, stating terms, to G. J. H., HERALD OFFICE.

WANTED, (2) two Stone Cottages erected at Balmain. For particulars, masons will apply to J. GARLAND, New Hunter River Company's Wharf.

WANTED, 1000 Maiden Ewes after shearing, at Two-fold Bay, Newcastle, or Sydney. Give particulars and cash-price to MERINO, Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, a gentleman of energetic business habits, thoroughly competent to keep books, make sales, and attend to the routine of country business. References as to ability and integrity will be required. Applications, stating qualifications, age, &c., to be addressed to N. B., care of Messrs. Reading and Wellbank, stationers, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a Coach Painter. Apply to JOHN ROBERTSON, 306, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, A Young Man as Clerk and Salesman in a wholesale grocery establishment. Address A. Z., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a respectable Person who understands her occupation, as Nurse. Apply to Mrs BOULTON, Darling Point.

WATCHMAKERS.—Wanted, Two Good Workmen. Apply to THOMAS FELTON, 84, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable and experienced person as Nurse. Apply to Mrs. BOULTON, Darling Point.

WANTED, to dispose of, a Patent Mangle. Apply to 121, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED TO BORROW £200, on good security. Apply by letter addressed A. A., General Post Office.

WANTED, to Purchase, Books, Clothing, Linen, good Guns, Plate, Instruments, and Miscellaneous Property of every description. R. M. LINDSAY, 17, Elizabeth-street North. N.B.—A note addressed, parties attended at their own residences.

WANTED, a good English or Scotch General Servant. 192, Liverpool-street, near Lyons-terrace.

WANTED, by a Young Man of respectability, a Situation in a store, to make himself useful, or to act as Clerk. He is strictly sober and industrious. Address to D., Concord post-office.

WANTED, Saddle Hands, or General Saddle Hands; liberal wages to good workmen. W. L. BOWEN, York-street, next Oriental Bank.

WANTED, a Female General Servant, who can wash. Apply to Mrs. WILLIAMS, 37, Elizabeth-st. North.

WANTED, a Public-house, doing a good business, in Sydney. Apply, by letter, to T. L., HERALD Office.

WANTED, Employment as Collector. Address, P. G., HERALD Office. Wanted, an engagement in wholesale wine and spirit store to collect orders on commission. Address Y. Z., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Boy, to make himself generally useful. At D. MITCHELL'S, Pitt-street, next the Theatre.

WANTED, a Man or Boy that can write a good plain hand; also, a Female that understands dressmaking. Apply Mr. G. SMITH'S, pawnbroker, Kent-street, near Druitt-street.

WANTED, a Man or Lad who understands sausage-making. Apply 25, Woolloomooloo-street, next door to the Shamrock Hotel.

WANTED, a Woman as Housemaid, and to do Needlework. Mrs. O'REILLY, 5, Bridge street.

WANTED, by a Young Man (not afraid of work) a situation to work in a store. R. T., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a respectable Young Woman, as Housemaid, and to assist in the Nursery. Mrs. SAMUELL, 35, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a Person to do Plain Needlework. Apply 16, Essex street, near Gloucester-street.

WANTED, a Nurse Girl. Apply at the Currier's Arms, 244, Pitt-street South.

WANTED to PURCHASE the lease and goodwill of a Public-house, centrally situated. Parties having the same to dispose of (reasonably) will hear of a purchaser by addressing F. W., 232, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a Youth, who has some knowledge of the Grocery business. J. J. SHERBIN, George-street South.

WANTED, a thorough Groom, one who can drive and make himself useful. Apply to Mr. LAMBERT, 252, George-street.

WANTED, in or near Sydney, a Small Cottage (two rooms and kitchen). Address stating rent, (which must be moderate), RICHMOND, HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Junior Servant to do plain needlework, and make herself generally useful. Apply, before 1 o'clock, to Mrs. WILLS, Upper Fort-street.

WANTED, a Married Couple—the Man to look after and travel with horses and carts, and make himself otherwise useful; the Woman to work in the house, and make herself generally useful. None but sober and honest need apply. Substantial references required. 31, Parramatta-street, opposite Mr. Pinhey's, druggist. P.S.—Wanted, an active Jew Boy as Salesman, and make himself generally useful. Wanted, a practical Dairyman or Woman. Wanted, practical German Sausage and Tripe Maker; also a Journeyman Baker and Whip-thong Plaiter. 31, Parramatta-street. Notice—Removed from 29 A 1 to 31, opposite.

WANTED, a Fitter used to wrought iron and tubing. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sussex-street, Engine Works.

WANTED a House Servant. Apply at Maison Française, 43, Pitt-street, near King-street.

WANTED, by a Young Man, aged 26, has six years colonial experience, a Situation as Bookkeeper (by double or single entry); shipping clerk or salesman, requiring good address. Unexceptionable references given for probity and ability. Address G.D., 51, York-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Man, a Situation as Light Porter or Messenger. Good references will be given, and security if required. Apply to J.F., Mrs. PAWSEY'S Registry Office, 22, King-street.

WANTED, 100 Head of Store Cattle and 300 Sheep, for immediate shipment. R. TOWNS and CO.

WANTED, a respectable Female as Cook and Laundress in a family of three—to a thoroughly competent person liberal wages will be given. Apply to Mr. EDWIN T. BEILBY, near the Darling Point Post Office, New South Head Road.

WANTED, Employment in a wholesale store or office in Sydney, or the country. The advertiser is a correct accountant, writes a plain hand, and has some knowledge of the ironmongery business. References will be found satisfactory. For address apply to Mr. J. S. NORRIE, chemist, No. 180, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a Single Gentleman, a furnished sitting room and bedroom, with partial board, Redfern or Chippendale preferred. Address, stating terms, &c., &c., to A. O., HERALD Office.

WANTED a Boat, well built, and of light draught; not more than 18 feet overall. Address, with price and particulars, to BOAT, HERALD Office.

WANTED, THIS DAY, Bushmen for Port Curtis. Apply to OLIVER STAINES, Labour Offices, King-street.

WANTED a respectable Person to take home an infant to nurse. Address R., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Situation to conduct a Sawmill, by a competent person. Apply on board the Lloyds, TO-MORROW.

WANTED, a Pair of Sawyers, to proceed to New Caledonia. R. TOWNS and CO.

WANTED, a Man as Farm Servant. F. STENNETT, Post-office, Rushcutter's Bay.

WANTED, a Girl, 14 or 16 years of age, to mind a Child. Apply 168, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a Gentleman, a Furnished Bedroom, with partial board in a private family; a French family preferred. Address letters to R. J., HERALD Office.

WANTED, well furnished front Bedroom, near the Domain. X. P., HERALD Office.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—CHIEF OFFICES, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Chairman—THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—M. E. MURNIN, Esq.
BUSINESS OF THE SOCIETY.
ASSURANCE of every contingency of human life.
ISSUE of Present, Deferred, and Reversionary Annuities.
GRANTING Endowments for children and for old age.
ADVANTAGES OF THE SOCIETY.
All the profits of each branch belong to the members of such branch. It is a colonial institution, on the model of the most successful British Offices; whilst from the much higher rate of interest it obtains on its investments, more profitable returns are secured to its members than the best European offices can afford. Thus, at the investigation of March, 1854, all policies then entitled to participate were increased by Bonus Additions averaging considerably more than three per cent. per annum on the sum assured, or about THREE TIMES those secured by the most liberal British joint stock companies.
BONUSES may be applied to the extinction of future annual premiums, or their value in cash may be handed to the member.
SURRENDERS accepted on equitable terms.
ALL WAR RISK incurred in the colony during the present Russian war borne by the society.
GENERAL FACILITIES with regard to voyaging, residence abroad, &c.
PREMIUMS payable yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.
LOANS on policies on favourable terms.
CLAIMS payable three months after proof of death.
PROSPECTUSES, forms of proposal, and every information may be obtained from any of its agents in New South Wales, and in the other colonies; from the medical officers throughout this colony; or at the Head Office, from
ROBERT THOMSON, Actuary and Secretary.
Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

DERWENT AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
SYDNEY BRANCH.
Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.
Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.
Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London, if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.
Office, Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.
TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid up Capital, £1,250,000. | Reserved Fund, £251,265.
Rules of Business.—Sydney Branch.
Interest on Deposits.—The Corporation allows interest on money deposited for fixed periods of three, six, or twelve months.
The Corporation grants cash credits, and discounts approved bills.
The Corporation grants drafts on London payable on demand, or at thirty days' sight; and drafts on Scotland or Ireland on demand. Also, circular notes, negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, India, and the Cape of Good Hope.
Drafts are also granted on the branches of the Corporation at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, and Melbourne, at the exchange of the day.
The Corporation purchases or collects bills payable in Europe, or in Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, and Melbourne.
GEORGE K. INGELOW, manager.

PROFESSIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, 76, Cheapside, London.
Established in 1847. Incorporated.
Capital, Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Pounds; subscribed by upwards of fourteen hundred shareholders.
Chairman—Major Henry Stones, L.L.B.
Deputy Chairman—James Andrew Durham, Esq.
Rates of premium less than any other company. Policies hen once issued indisputable.
No extra charge for going to, or residing in, any British colony (except India).
Medical men paid by the company.
Assurances granted against paralysis, blindness, accidents, insanity, and every other affliction at moderate rates, besides sixteen other forms of assurance. See books of rules, which may be had, gratis, at the office.
Arrangements are being made for issuing policies and paying claims at Melbourne, the Head Office for the Australian colonies.
Rates of Premium:—

Without Bonus. Age.	Per Cent.	With Bonus. Age.	Per Cent.
20 years	£1 13 0	20 years	£1 18 3
30 "	2 2 0	30 "	2 7 9
40 "	2 16 6	40 "	3 3 2
50 "	4 2 1	50 "	4 10 2

Agent for Sydney—SAMUEL H. SMYTH, 152, George-street, Sydney. Where prospectuses and other information may be obtained.

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Further reduction of 25 per cent. on the former premiums.
The undersigned are prepared to issue Fire Policies at the reduced rates of premium, namely:—
On First-class risks, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum.
On Second-class ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 8s. per cent. per ditto.
Third-class ditto (subject to arrangement).
Non-hazardous goods insured at the same rates of premium as the buildings in which they are deposited.
An extra charge for hazardous goods. Special risks taken by agreement.
THACKER and CO., agents.
George-street, 22nd December.

MONARCH FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of LONDON, Established 1835.—The undersigned are issuing policies of Insurance against FIRE at a reduction of 25 per cent. on the old premiums.
BEIT and SONS, Agents, No. 8, Macquarie-place.

SYDNEY BRANCH.—ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.—The undersigned issue Policies at the reduced rates of premium.
THACKER and CO., 541, George-street.

THE PEOPLE'S PROVIDENT (INDUSTRIAL and GENERAL) LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
Offices—London: 2, Waterloo-place, Pall Mall, and 36, Old Jewry, Cheapside.
In the chief Towns of the United Kingdom, India, and the British Colonies.
New South Wales Branch—Sydney: Temporary Offices, 1, Jamison-street.
President—The Right Honorable THOMAS MILNER GIBSON, M.P.
Vice-President—THOMAS BAZLEY, Esq, President Chamber of Commerce, Manchester.
DIRECTORS.
George A. Hamilton, Esq., M.P. for Dublin University—Chairman
George Barber, Esq., Mark-lane
Thomas Barnes, Esq., M.P., Chairman Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway
Josiah Bates, Esq., Throgmorton-street
J. Cheetham, Esq., M.P. for South Lancashire
Frederick Chinnock, Regent-street
James Davidson, Esq., London
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Charles Forster, Esq., M P., Banker, Walsall
Richard Francis George, Esq., London
Thomas Carlyle Hayward, Esq., Minories
J. Hedgins, Esq., Thayer-street, Manchester-square
Charles Hindley, Esq., M.P. for Ashton-under-Lyne
T. Y. M'Christie, Esq., Revising Barrister for the City of London
James E. M'Connell, Esq., London and North Western Railway
John Moss, Esq., Reform Club and Derby
George Frederick Muntz, M.P. for Birmingham
Charles Podmore, Esq., North-place, Regent's-park
Charles William Reynolds, Esq., London
Major J. W. Reynolds, London
Richard Spooner, Banker, M.P. for North Warwickshire
Richard Swift, Esq., M.P., Wandsworth, Surrey
John Watts, Esq., London
H. Wickham Wickham, Esq., M.P. for Low Moor Iron Works, Bradford
Thomas Winkworth, Esq., Canonbury
The business of this Society is divided into two departments:—
THE GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT, for insuring the fidelity of persons of approved character in situations of trust.
Several thousand officials and their employers, the principal Banking, Railway, Municipal, and other public institutions enjoy the advantage of the benefits bestowed by the society.
In Australia its security is accepted by
The Colonial Government
The Railway Commissioners
The principal Banking Establishments, &c.
The payment for guarantee will be considerably reduced, or entirely appropriated to the purpose of life assurance, when a Life Policy is effected in connection with the guarantee.
THE LIFE DEPARTMENT, embracing every description of Life Assurance. Persons desirous of making provision for themselves in old age, or for their friends or families in the event of death, will find that this society offers facilities and advantages of the most liberal, comprehensive, and secure character.
Prospectuses, giving detailed particulars, and every required information, may be had on application to the Secretary, People's Provident Society, 1, Jamison-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY.—NOTICE.—With a view to the advantage of the increasing steam communication between Sydney and the northern ports, the A. A. Company have established a coal depot at Port Stephens.
Steam vessels requiring to be coaled there should anchor in the North Arm, directly opposite to, and within about half a cable's length of the depot.
The present price of coal is 25s. per ton, cash.
MARCUS F. BROWNRIGG, General Superintendent.
A. A. Company's Office, Stroud, March 12.

TO SELLERS of WOOL, HIDES, and SHEEPSKINS—BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street, Sydney, are purchasers.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Empowered by Acts of Parliament.
Established in 1836.
Having a Colonial Proprietary, and the following
BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN SYDNEY:
Edward Knox, Esq., M L.C., Chairman.
John Gilchrist, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. K. Holden, Esq., M.L.C. | Joseph S. Willis, Esq.
Daniel Cooper, Esq., M.L.A. |
Swinton Boult, Esq., Secretary to the Company.
MEDICAL REFEREES.
John Macfarlane, Esq., M.D.
Arthur M. A'Beckett, Esq.
BANKERS—The Bank of Australasia.
SOLICITORS—Messrs. Norton, Son, and Barker.
SURVEYOR—Francis H. Grundy, Esq., C.E.
RESIDENT SECRETARY—A Stanger Leathes.
Offices, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square.
Capital subscribed exceeding £1,700,000
Accumulated Funds and Capital paid up, exceeding 700,000
of which £100,000 is invested in the Colony, in Government and other securities.
Reserve Surplus Fund, £169,000—with unlimited liability of the shareholders.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
RATES OF PREMIUM.
Class 1.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied as dwelling or counting houses only, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum.
Class 2.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied for storing merchandise, or for purposes of trade, from 3s. 9d. to 8s. per cent. per annum.
Buildings not included in either of the preceding classes, or if occupied for purposes of any hazardous or specially hazardous trade or calling, may be insured by special arrangement.
Goods and Stocks-in-Trade of a non-hazardous description, deposited in any building, will be insured at the same rate as the building itself; but General Merchandise, including all goods not specially hazardous, coming within the usually accepted application of the term, deposited in first-class stores, will be treated as non-hazardous, and insured as such.
FLOATING POLICIES.
Covering merchandise in all or any of the stores in Sydney, as above described, subject to the average clause, will be charged not less than 12s. per cent. per annum.
The Average Clause applies to "Floating Policies" only, and is introduced in no other cases except by special agreement.
The Fire Insurance Engines are stationed at Mr. BOWN'S, Brickfield-hill, where a night-watch is kept, and where all alarms of fire should be reported as soon as possible. The Company will reward any persons exerting themselves to give early information, and in cases where damage is prevented by their services. Losses by bush fires made good.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
The Directors continue to receive proposals for the sale and purchase of Annuities, Endowments, and Reversions, and for Insurances on Lives. No entrance or admission fees are required, nor is any additional premium charged to officers in the army or navy, unless called into actual service. The following are amongst the advantages held out by the Company:—
Two Scales of Premiums, one lower than those of most other companies; the other carrying Guaranteed Additions, or entitling to Guaranteed Reductions in the Future Premiums, on a plan entirely new and peculiar to this Institution. The scale of reductions which are guaranteed, ranges from 32½ to 52 per cent. on the Amount of Premium, and the Bonus contingent only on the continuance of the life doubles the amount of the policy.
No Liability of Partnership, these reductions and additions not being contingent upon profits.
Policies are issued upon the half-premium system.
Surrenders of Policies are accepted on very liberal terms; and Claims paid within three months after proof of death.
No extra charge to members of the Volunteer Corps.
PREMIUM TO INSURE £100, PAYABLE AT DEATH.

Age	Without Bonus.	With Bonus.	1st Bonus after 10 payments.	Reduced Premium in lieu of Bonus.	Within 1 year.	Within 7 years
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
20	1 13 7	1 19 0	8 10 0	1 6 1	1 0 3	1 2 0
30	2 2 6	2 9 5	9 0 10	1 12 9	1 6 6	1 7 0
40	2 16 8	3 5 5	10 3 4	2 2 9	1 11 5	1 14 9
50	3 19 8	4 12 4	11 13 4	2 19 1	2 3 8	2 10 2
60	6 1 6	7 1 8	15 18 4	4 4 1	3 15 9	4 9 1

The rates for other ages and other scales, and every information may be obtained on application at the office of the Company.
Agents for both departments: For Moreton Bay, at Brisbane, R. Towns and Co.; Ipswich, A. Macalister. Maitland — Wolfe and Garrick. Newcastle — Bingle and Son. Goulburn—William Chatfield. Windsor—William Walker. Bathurst—James Stirling Home. Campbelltown—James Turner. Albury, J. C. Pierce. Kiama, William Marks. Yass—Rees Jones. For the Fire Department: At Gundagai—Joseph Chalder and Co. Pambula—Medical Referee, Richard Bligh, Esq.
A. STANGER LEATHES Resident Secretary.
Margaret-street, Wynyard-square.

IN THE ESTATE of JOHN COCKERELL, late of Park-street, Sydney, Pawnbroker, a convicted felon.—Notice is hereby given that unless all pledges which are now at the pawnbroker's shop in Park-street, lately kept by the said John Cockerell, be redeemed by the end of this present month, the same will be sold by public auction. For the convenience of depositors the pawn office will be kept open three on nights of the week, viz., Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, until 9 o'clock.
WM. W. BILLYARD, Civil Crown Solicitor.
Civil Crown Solicitor's Office, Sydney, 6th September, 1856.

ESTATE OF KELLERMANN, BROTHERS, and FALCK.—Creditors in the above Estate are informed that a second dividend of 3s. in the pound will be payable on SATURDAY next and following days, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock, at the office of Messrs. HAEGE and PRELL.
(Signed) HERMANN HAEGE, JOSEPH THOMPSON, M. ESKELES } Trustees.

£2 REWARD.—Strayed from the Swamp Road, Petersham, a Bay Mare, branded RC over 1C on off shoulder, star on forehead, white spot on off forefoot. The above reward will be paid to any person returning said animal to WILLIAM BRADLEY, Petersham Swamp Road. N.B.—Any person found detaining said animal after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.

£50 REWARD.—It having come to the knowledge of the undersigned, duly appointed agent and attorney for Australia, for A. Clouzeau, of St. Jean d'Angely-Cognac, that various persons are again using the name of A. Clouzeau, by labelling a spurious article called brandy (particularly for the Victoria, late Port Phillip, market), to the injury of A. Clouzeau, and the sale of his genuine article. This is to give notice, that any person giving such information that will lead to the detection of any person or persons using the name of A. Clouzeau upon label or otherwise, shall receive a reward of Ten Pounds, or any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties, shall receive the above reward, by applying to my attorneys, Messrs. NICHOLS and WILLIAMS, Pitt-street, or to ALFRED TOOGOOD, Pitt and King streets.
N.B.—The above facts of fraudulent labels have been worn to at the Mansion House, before the Lord Mayor of he City of London, on the 19th day of November, 1853.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all parties from purchasing a Farm, of fifty acres, more or less, situated on the Richmond and Seven Hills Roads, with cottage, outbuildings, and orchard, complete, and advertised for sale by Mr. Peter Winter; as the said Peter Winter, nor any other person whomsoever, except the undersigned, has any authority to dispose of the said farm. JOHN PIKE, sen., Quaker Hill.

NOTICE.—My wife, ELICIA MOORE, having deserted her home without any just cause, and also taken my children away, viz., Matilda Moore, aged 16 years, and William Charles Moore, 13 ditto, I will not pay any debt they may contract. Any person who harbours or employs either of them after this notice, I will prosecute as the law directs. WILLIAM MOORE. Sydney, September 12th, 1856.

DEBENTURES, carrying Interest at 7 per cent. per annum for 3 years, for sale by W. BARTON, 221, George-street.

TENDERS.—Tenders are invited for the building of a Presbytery, in connection with the Catholic Church, Penrith. The plans and specifications may be seen until the 15th instant, at the School-house, Penrith. Mr. TREANOR will afford any information desired.

TENDERS are required for completing the Roman Catholic Church of St. Charles at Ryde. Plans and specifications to be seen until the 15th instant by application to the Foreman at St. Mary's Cathedral, Sydney.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to make advances upon approved sheep station securities, and upon colonial produce consigned for sale to their friends in England. HOW, WALKER, and CO., Sydney.

INVESTMENTS in Government Debentures, and the Shares of the several Banking and other Companies, may always be obtained or disposed of, on application to W. J. LENNON, stock and share broker, No. 25, late 356, Pitt-street.

WOOL, Sheepskins, Hides, Tallow, and Bark.—The undersigned is a purchaser of the above on account of Messrs. Hall and Alderson. ISAAC DUNSHEA.

SYDNEY AGENCY.—HENRY FERRIS having resumed business on his own account as a Broker and Commission Agent for the sale of every description of farm and dairy produce, wool, tallow, and hides, begs to solicit a continuance of that support he has had the last fourteen years. Address HENRY FERRIS, Broker and Commission Agent, Pitt-street, near the Theatre, Sydney.

NAVIGATION OF THE MURRAY.—The undersigned are prepared to take charge of wool or other produce forwarded to Port Adelaide, either for sale or shipment, and to make liberal advancement on such produce shipped to their agents in London, Messrs. E. J. Wheeler and Co. F. CLARK and SONS, Adelaide.

LIVERPOOL TURF CLUB RACES.—16th, 17th, and 18th September.
STEWARDS—
William Randle, Esq. | C. L. Baly, Esq.
J. H. Atkinson, Esq. | John Lackey, Esq.
G. T. Rowe, Esq. | W. J. Cordeaux, Esq.
JUDGE—J. F. Downes, Esq.
TREASURER—J. H. Atkinson, Esq.
HONORARY SECRETARY—H. B. Beresford, Esq.
CLERK OF THE COURSE—Samuel Jenner, Esq.
FIRST DAY.
FIRST RACE.—The MAIDEN PLATE of 150 sovereigns, for all horses that have never won an advertised prize exceeding 30 sovereigns; 1½ miles; the second horse to receive 40 sovereigns from the prize; third, his entrance. Entrance fee, 10 sovereigns.
SECOND RACE.—The LIVERPOOL TOWN PLATE, of 100 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 5 sovereigns each added, for all horses; one event; twice round and a distance; second horse to receive 25 sovereigns from the prize. Entrance, 5 sovereigns.
THIRD RACE.—The CUMBERLAND MEMBERS' PURSE of 50 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all horses that have never won an advertised prize exceeding £50; 1½ miles; second horse to receive 10 sovereigns from the prize. Entrance 4 sovereigns.
FOURTH RACE.—The ALL AGED STAKES of 75 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 5 sovereigns each added, for all horses; heats, twice round the course; the second horse to receive 20 sovereigns from the stakes. Entrance, 5 sovereigns.
SECOND DAY.
FIRST RACE.—The LIVERPOOL CLUB WELTER of 100 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all horses carrying Welter weights; one mile and a half; to be ridden for by members of the Club; no maiden allowance; the winner to be sold by auction for £200, and any surplus to go to the fund; the second horse to receive 25 sovereigns from the prize. Entrance, 10 sovereigns.
SECOND RACE.—The GALLOWAY STAKES of 20 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 2 sovereigns each added, for all ponies under 14 hands high, heats, once round; carrying 8 stone each. Entrance, 2 sovereigns; the second pony to receive 5 sovereigns from the prize. Post entrance.
THIRD RACE.—The HACK STAKES of 25 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 2 sovereigns each added, for all horses; heats, once round and a distance; weight, 9 stone; post entrance. The winner to be sold by auction after the race for 35 sovereigns, any surplus to go to the funds. Entrance, £2.
FOURTH RACE.—A FREE HANDICAP of 50 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 5 sovereigns each added. £1 forfeit for non-acceptance; twice round and a distance. The weights to be declared in BELL'S LIFE on the 13th September.
THIRD DAY.
FIRST RACE.—The RAILWAY CUP, value 100 sovereigns, the gift of William Randle, Esq., to commemorate the opening of the Liverpool Railway, with 100 sovereigns of New South Wales coinage added by the Club, for all horses; three times round the course; the second horse to receive 25 sovereigns from the prize. Entrance, 10 sovereigns.
SECOND RACE.—The NEW CONSTITUTION STAKES of 50 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all horses; 1½ miles; the winner to be sold by auction for £70, but if entered for sale at £60 allowed 7lbs; £50, 12lbs.; £40, 16lbs.; £30, 20lbs.; any surplus to go to the fund; second horse to receive 10 sovereigns from the prize. Entrance, 4 sovereigns.
THIRD RACE.—The LADIES' PURSE of 50 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all horses; heats, once round and a distance; the winner of the Town Plate, Railway Cup, and All Aged Stakes to carry extra weight at the discretion of the stewards, not to exceed 7lbs. Entrance, 4 sovereigns; the second horse to receive 10 sovereigns from the prize.
FOURTH RACE.—The CONSOLATION STAKES of 25 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all beaten horses; to be handicapped by the stewards; 1½ miles. Entrance, 1 sovereign; the second horse to receive 5 sovereigns from the prize.
FIFTH RACE.—The FORCED HANDICAP of 30 sovereigns, with a sweepstake of 5 sovereigns each added, for all winners—Hack Pony and Beaten Stakes excepted, at the option of the owners; 1½ miles. Entrance 2 sovereigns; the second horse to receive 10 sovereigns from the prize.
RULES.
The rules and regulations of the Australian Jockey Club will be strictly adhered to.
No person allowed to enter a horse unless a subscriber to the amount of 2 sovereigns, with the exception of the Hack and Pony Stakes.
All entrances for the above races to be addressed (under cover), to the Hon. Secretary, on or before Monday, 8th September, enclosing entrance, entrance fees, sweepstakes, and qualification.
Owners are requested to see that their riders appear in clean and full jockey costume. A fine of 3 sovereigns will be imposed for the non-observance of this order.
All applications for booths and stalls to be made to the Secretary.
H. B. BERESFORD, Hon. Secretary.

BRAGG'S Writing Institution, 39, Goulburn-street. Terms for course of lessons, one guinea.

EDUCATION.—Seminary for Young Ladies, Kemble-street, Wollongong. Conducted by Mrs. and Miss HOBART. Vacancies for Boarders. Terms, 40 guineas per annum. August 16th, 1856.

GENERAL DRAPERY and Family Linen Establishment, 212, George-street. J. TAIT and CO.

HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, 76, Castlereagh-street, near King-street. Tuning, &c., as usual.

HAIGH, W. B., General Labour Agent, Registry Offices, 2, Pitt-street, opposite Union Bank.

MR. J. EMANUEL, Dentist (Established in Sydney 1842), 181, George-street, near the EMPIRE Office.

MR. A. BENSUSAN, Surgeon-Dentist (late to the Metropolitan Free Hospital, London), 7, Jamison-st.

MORETON BAY.—HENRY MAURICE and CO. Auctioneers, Commission Agents, and Produce Brokers, Queen-street, North Brisbane, Moreton Bay.

MR. J. E. SMYTH, Practical Dentist, 19, O'Connell-street, supplies artificial (mineral) teeth of every natural shape and variety, from one to a complete set, on the most approved English and American systems. Teeth extracted with the latest improved instruments. Decayed teeth stopped with gold leaf and the best cement. Children's teeth regulated. N.B.—Teeth extracted gratis for the poor, from 9 to 10 a.m.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—A. M'ARTHUR and CO. have removed from 84 and 86, Pitt-street, to 46 and 48, York-street, a few doors south of King-street.

PARRAMATTA.—Dr. STORER (late with Dr. Gwynne) has resumed practice in this district. Consultations, address Dr. STORER, Elder House, near Post Office.

REMOVAL.—BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO. have removed to 178, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.

REMOVAL.—Herr GOLDSCHMIDT, Chiropodist, from Paris. Corns and bunions perfectly cured. 2, College-buildings, Jamison-street.

REMOVAL.—J. E. BLAKE has removed from Union Wharf to 14, Macquarie-place.

VACCINATION twice a-week at J. C. HORNER'S, Woolloomooloo Dispensary.

PORTRAITS (non-inverted) in cases, 10s. GREEN, 385, George-street, opposite Cathedral, late of King-street.

SPRING VANS for REMOVALS.—Cash charge for pianofortes, furniture, &c., 5s. per hour, or by contract. H. R. HURFORD, pianoforte maker, tuner, selector, &c., 76, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

GERMAN EMIGRANTS.—The undersigned are prepared to enter into contracts for bringing out emigrants from Germany to Sydney and Moreton Bay, or any of the other ports of New South Wales, if sufficient inducement should offer. Rates of passage money reduced. For particulars apply to HAEGE and PRELL, Circular Quay.

BRIGHTON HOTEL, WOLLONGONG.—Visitors to Wollongong will find that this Hotel is the only one having a frontage to the sea. Persons in delicate health can at this establishment have the advantage of Private Apartments, opening to a lawn, thus avoiding the fatigue of ascending a flight of stairs. A general table, on the continental system, has been introduced with a view to accommodate those not requiring private apartments, and to whom economy is a consideration. A person is always in attendance on the arrival of the steamers; and passengers arriving by the night boats will find coffee ready prepared. The Brighton Hotel is the first nearest the Wharf. E. JOHNSON, late of Barrack-street, Sydney, proprietor. N.B.—Good stabling, saddle horses, and carriage for hire.

SEA-VIEW BOARDING HOUSE, Market-square, Wollongong.—Mrs. DEREPAS returns her sincere thanks to all those ladies and gentlemen who have so kindly patronised her house during the past season, and who have expressed themselves so pleased with the attention that has been uniformly paid to their comfort, and trusts by the same exertion this season to merit an extended share of their support and kind recommendation. Carriages, gigs, and saddle horses on hire. Good stabling.

NOTICE.—M'MULLEN'S COACH MANUFACTORY. No. 35, Parramatta street.—MICHAEL M'MULLEN takes this opportunity of again thanking his patrons and the public for the numerous kindnesses received from them, and begs to remind them that he has removed to the above premises, where every branch in the coachmaking business is carried on. Painting and trimming being the "finishing" to every proper turn-out, he flatters himself that he is pretty well known in that particular branch of the trade to make it necessary for him to say anything on that subject. Suffice it to say, that articles going out of his manufactory shall be unrivalled for elegance and style, and promises that despatch, good work, and civility shall be his motto.

PORT WINE.—On SALE, ex Rodney and Primula Page's port wine, bottled in Oporto, in one dozen cases. E. C. WEEKES and CO., George-street.

JUST PUBLISHED, and now on SALE at Messrs. PAISEY and FRYER'S, 322, George-street, Price One Shilling, "The Land Question Familiarly and Practically Considered," by A Practical Man.
"Fortunately for the colony there are many other practical men who view with distrust the crude and rash theories of those who seek to tamper with the great interests of the country.
* * * * * * *
We recommend this pamphlet to careful perusal. The writer professes to offer his opinions with much diffidence, and merely from the desire of a man of some experience to throw as much light as possible upon a subject which appears greatly in need of it. Of the latter assertion there can be but little doubt, and any person who aids in the desired elucidation deserves the approbation of the public, whatever may be the opposition to his opinions."—SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, September 11th.

NAVIGATION.—Practical Navigation taught by Mr. W. WATT. For terms apply to No. 86, Gloucester-street.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—GENERAL DEBILITY—EXTRAORDINARY CURE!
Copy of a letter from Mr. J. Collins, of Brisbane, Moreton Bay, dated November 1, 1854.
"To Professor Holloway.—Sir,—I am happy to bear testimony to the wonderful properties of your pills, having derived immense benefit from using them, after every other medicine failed to do me any good. For a long time I was afflicted with great nervous debility, loss of appetite, and the numerous other attendant evils of a thoroughly bad state of the liver and stomach; my complexion became sallow, and so emaciated, that my friends scarcely knew me. About nine weeks ago I commenced taking your pills, and after persevering with them in accordance with the printed directions, I was radically cured, and feel that I am indebted to your medicines for now enjoying perfect health.
I remain, Sir, yours faithfully, JOHN COLLINS."
WONDERFUL CURE OF DIZZINESS and SHORTNESS OF BREATH!
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Stephens, of Brechin, dated March 6th, 1854.
"To Professor Holloway,—Sir,—For three years my wife suffered with want of appetite, dizziness, and shortness of breath. About six weeks ago she became very much worse, so bad that I was compelled to take her in a cart (as she was entirely unable to walk) to the shop of Mr. William Blackhall, to endeavour to obtain something to relieve her, although I almost despaired of doing any good, as she had had medical advice, and tried every remedy I ever heard of without success. After consulting Mr. Blackhall, as to the best course to be adopted, he advised a trial of your pills; I procured a small quantity immediately, and in five weeks, wonderful to relate, by continuously using them they perfectly cured her, and she has since resumed work as a weaver.
"I remain, Sir, yours gratefully, (Signed) J. STEPHENS."
DROPSY CURED!!
Copy of a letter from Mr. Jeremiah Hough, of Hereford, dated 7th April, 1854.
"To Professor Holloway.—Sir,—I have the pleasure to apprise you of a most miraculous cure effected through your pills. My son, a boy fourteen years of age, was attacked with pains in the chest, accompanied with high fever, for which I bled and blistered him myself, but to no effect. Under the treatment of medical men the malady turned to dropsy, and his stomach and feet swelled to an immense and almost inconceivable extent; in fact, the faculty gave no hopes of his ever being restored to health. Your medicines were ultimately applied, and wonderful to relate, by their aid he was cured in the short space of seven weeks. Scores of my neighbours can vouch for the truth of this statement; and, if you wish it, I will go before any magistrate and prove the above facts on my solemn oath.
"I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
"JEREMIAH HOUGH.
Time should not be lost in taking this remedy for any of the following diseases—

Ague	Fevers of all kinds	Stone and Gravel
Asthma	Fits	Secondary Symptoms
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Tic-Douloureux
Blotches on the Skin	Headaches	Tumours
Bowel Complaints	Indigestion	Ulcers
Colics	Inflammation	Venereal Affections
Constipation of Bowels	Jaundice	Worms of all kinds
Consumption	Liver Complaints	Weakness, from whatever cause &c., &c.
Debility	Lumbago	
Dropsy	Piles	
Dysentery	Rheumatism	
Erysipelas	Retention of Urine	
Female Irregularities	Sore Throats	
	Scrofula, or King's Evil	

Sold at the establishments of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilised world.
☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.
Sold wholesale by the Agent,
J. BIRRELL, 47, King-street, Sydney.

ESSENCE OF GINGER and Chamomile Flowers, for indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, and nervous affections.—The peculiar aromatic properties of the Jamaica ginger, in combination with the bitter and essential principles of the chamomile, unquestionably afford the most efficacious remedy that can be employed for the cure of the above distressing complaints. Being combined with an alkali, this essence has the power of neutralising the acidity in the stomach, and thus of removing the cause of flatulence, spasm, and heartburn. Prepared by GEORGE HEATH, family and dispensing chemist, 187, George-street, Sydney, from Savory and Moore's, chemists to the Queen, London.

ESSENCE OF GINGER and Chamomile Flowers for indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, and nervous affections. Prepared by GEORGE HEATH, family and dispensing chemist, 187, George-street, Sydney.
The above preparation is kept on sale by T. B. CARSON, chemist, &c., 55, South Head Road.

GENERAL DEBILITY and LOWNESS of SPIRITS—Thousands of individuals of both sexes suffer a martyrdom with these complaints, and are at an utter loss to know what to do to alleviate their sufferings, having recourse in many instances to the very last thing in the world likely to benefit them. Holloway's Pills are the most celebrated medicine for general debility and lowness of spirits, as well as for all diseases to which the human frame is liable, and they will most certainly effect a cure of bowel and liver complaints, indigestion, and all other derangements of the intestines in a remarkably short space of time, after every other remedy has failed. Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable druggists and dealers in Medicine throughout the civilised world, and in all parts of Australia, at the following prices: 1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each pot. ☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each pot.

BERLIN HOUSE, 254, George-street.—Mrs. READING begs to thank the ladies of Sydney for the kind patronage she has hitherto received, and begs to inform them she has opened a new Showroom for the exhibition of Spring Millinery and begs their inspection of some elegant novelties in hats, bonnets, and general millinery.

DRAB, BEAVER, and SHELL HATS, for the SUMMER.—Now landing, from the Clyde and Sea King, 28 cases of drab beaver, shell, French, and ladies' riding hats of the best quality and latest fashions; also, a large supply of 1 and 1½ inch gold navy lace, gold oak leaf ditto, embroidered crowns, cannons, gold shoulder cord, livery bands, cockades, &c., &c. Every description of hats and caps made to order. B. MOUNTCASTLE, 224, George-street, and 48, Market-street.

MR. BERESFORD, of Liverpool, Auctioneer, begs to inform the public that, in anticipation of an increase of business, in consequence of the Parramatta extension railway, having its terminus in the town of Liverpool, he has opened an Auction Bazaar, for the sale of every description of property, and trusts, by his business attention thereto, to merit their patronage.
Secure Paddocks for sheep, cattle, and horses.
Mr. Beresford begs to inform the sporting world that, at a considerable expense, he has prepared excellent accommodation for race horses for the approaching Spring Meeting in September next.
Horses taken in on moderate terms.

MICHAEL GUILFOYLE, Nurseryman, Florist, and Seedsman, Ornamental and Landscape Gardener Exotic Nursery, Double Bay, begs to remind parties desirous of procuring large or small quantities of PLANTS, that he has the most extensive collection of all sorts of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, and also of Flowering Plants, of every description, which was ever offered to the public to select from since gardening was known in the colony. An inspection of the Nursery is especially invited.
☞ Prices strictly moderate, with the usual allowance to the trade. N.B.—Flower and Vegetable Seeds of every description. *** Native Seeds, in great variety, always ready in collections.

TO SETTLERS and others.—H. E. CAMPBELL of Albury, on the Murray, at the request of numerous friends and settlers on the Sydney side, has established an Office in Albury as Commission Agent, for the Sale of cattle, horses, sheep, hay, and all kinds of produce, and goods of every description, for the Murray and Ovens Districts.
A Monthly List of Prices will be issued, and forwarded to all applicants on enclosing a postage stamp, which will be found a great convenience to settlers.
Commission—5 per cent. on sales under £500, and 2½ over that amount, with no other charges. No sale, no charge.

UNADULTERATED WINES, free from acidity and brandy.—Pale sherry, 20s., 25s., and 30s. dozen; port, 20s., 25s., and 30s. dozen; sparkling ginger wine, a delicious summer drink, 7s. 6d. gallon, 17s. 6d. dozen; bottled ale, quarts, 9s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. dozen; porter, 10s. 6d. and 11s. 6d. dozen; pale brandy, 40s. to 45s. dozen; dark ditto, 40s. to 45s. dozen; rum from 10s. 6d. to 16s. gallon; whisky, old tom, &c. The above supplied to ships in bond. Country orders receive instant attention. BIRD and ROBINSON, New Pitt-street, opposite Queen's-place.

COLZA OIL for SALE, at 7s. 6d. per gallon, at STUART'S Oil and Colour Depot, 55, Hunter-st.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—
Winnowing machines
Corn-shellers, various sizes
Ditto, extra size, superior; will shell 700 bushels per day
Grain mills
Two-horsepower threshing machines
One ditto ditto
One large sized grist mill
One ditto ditto smut machine
One corn and cob crusher, for grinding the cob with maize
Spring-tooth horse-rakes
One Many's imperial mowers
Sugar, corn, and coffee mills
Garden engines
Chaffcutters, in four sizes
Bullock yokes, superior quality and light
Eagle ploughs, in four sizes, with wheels and colters.
The above desirable articles, well adapted to the coming agricultural season, now landing, and for SALE in lots to suit purchasers.
WILKINSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Walker's Wharf.
Sydney, September 5th.

BRIERLY, DEAN, and CO. have constantly on SALE at their New Stores, 178, George-street, opposite Hunter-street,
Cotton goods
Silk ditto
Woollen ditto
Worsted ditto
Haberdashery
Millinery
Smallwares
Hosiery and gloves
Made-up clothing
Blankets
Flannels
Straw hats and bonnets.
Boots and shoes
Earthenware
Brushware
Saddlery
Ironmongery
Cutlery
Perfumery
Oilmen's stores
Wines
Spirits
Ale and porter
Soap
Salt
Coffee
Sugar
Bengal cigars and cheroots
Manila ditto.

NOW LANDING, ex Centurion, Sea King, Herald, and other late arrivals.
Ewbank's patent nails of all sizes
Zinc slate nails, cut lath nails
Buckets of galvanized tinned and japanned iron
Winfield's bedsteads and children's cots
Wove wire dish covers, flour sieves
Carpenters' tool baskets, sad irons
Cart and gig springs, bolts, &c.
Hemp, halters, shot belts
Snaffles, spurs, and stirrups
Common and bright jews harps
American wedge axe handles
Falling axe, helves, Dutch hoes
Potatoe forks, patent shot
Wilkinson's sheepshears, brass door knockers
Bar weights and sets, 4 lbs. down, weighing machines
Walker's and others countersunk horsenails
Wings, files, joiners' cramps
BY sickles, reaping hooks and scythes
Hay knives, fryingpans
Morewood's patent tiles, gutters, pipes, and ridge cap
Electro-plated German silver and British plate spoons and forks
Brass pillar and chamber candlesticks
Brass and steel snuffers, japanned and tinned dog chains
Best cast steel tools of every description
Single and double barrel guns
Camp ovens and three-legged pots
Rain water pipes and gutters, holloware
Table and pocket cutlery
Combs and brushes
Rim, drawback, stock, and pad locks
Saddles and saddlers' ironmongery
Invoices of bevilled, round, and square iron, Rabone lion brand.
RABONE, FEEZ, and CO., 6, Wynyard-street.

IN AND OUT OF BOND.—
Martell's brandy, dark and pale
West India rums
Geneva, various brands
Old tom, ditto
Whisky, ditto
Burton ales
London porter
Bottled beers
Wines, in great variety, and some very choice, viz., ports, sherries, champagne, claret, hock, sauterne, &c.
Marischino, curacoas, and noyeau.
On SALE by THOMAS MARTIN, 1, Church-hill.

ON SALE, by the undersigned, Martell's and Hennessey's brandy, in bond and duty paid
Rum, W.I., 30 o.p., in hogshead, ditto ditto
Gin, old tom, and pale brandy, in cases
Hunt's 3 and 4 diamond port wine, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Graham's 4 and 6 grape, ditto ditto ditto
Offley's 2, 3 and 4, ditto ditto, in bond or duty paid
Peter Domecqs and Cosen's first-class sherries in hogsheads and quarter-casks
London bottled port and sherry
Claret, champagne, hock, and sauterne
Worthington and Robinson's Burton ale
Ind and Coope's strong Romford pale ale
Byass' bottled ale and porter, as well as various other brands
Taylor's export stout porter.
TUCKER, and CO.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—
Muntz's patent metal, 18 to 24 ozs.
Lead piping, ½ inch
Sheet lead, 4 and 6 lbs
Holloware
Bagatelle boards
Patent stone filters, 1 to 4 gallons
Navy canvas, Nos. 1 to 6
Tent duck, 27-inch
Canvas tents
Manila cigars, No. 3, duty paid
Negrohead tobacco, Barrett's
American hops
Bottled fruits
Pickles, Whybrow's, pints and quarts
Starch, Orlando Jones' patent
Essence lemon
Sherry wines, Burdon's brand
Champagne, various brands
Case brandy pale cognac.
Lowndes's old tom
Bottled ale and porter, Byass's and Marzetti's
Ind and Coope's strong Romford ale
Taylor's porter
Schweppe's soda water and lemonade
INVOICES boots and shoes, velvet wine corks, moleskin trousers, doeskin and alpaca clothing, stair damask, pilot jackets and trousers, Louis Braun's hats and caps, glass lustres, door mats, &c.
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., counting-house, 213, George-street

FOR SALE by the UNDERSIGNED, ex recent arrivals,

Marzetti's ale and porter	Manila cigars, No. 2
Cosen's stout	Whybrow's bottled fruits
Hunt's port, treble diamond and quadruple diamond	Feast's pint pickles
	Rio coffee
Cosen's fine pale sherry	Congou tea, ex Dragon, in chests and half-chests.
Negrohead tobacco, lion brand	LAMB, SPRY, and CO.

TENNENT'S SINGLE AND DOUBLE STRONG ALE AND DOUBLE BROWN STOUT.—The undersigned agents for Messrs J. and R. Tennent, of Glasgow, beg to call the attention of the trade to the advantages which this beer possesses over other importations.
It is acknowledged by all who have given it an unprejudiced trial to be at least equal in quality to any imported.
It is scarcely possible to injure it by land or water carriage, or by lengthened storage. (See Muspratt's Chemistry of Arts and Manufactures.)
"It fines quickly, and as nothing but the best materials are used in its manufacture, it possesses all the wholesome qualities for which medical men have recommended its use." (Certificate from the most eminent chemists to this effect are in our possession.)
These qualities have gained for it the first position, and the highest prices in the Melbourne and San Francisco markets, and as arrangements have been made to have a constant supply on hand in Sydney, it is hoped that those here who have not hitherto given it a fair trial will now do so. HOW, WALKER, and CO.

PURE MILK, per RAILWAY.—Cabramatta Dairy Depot, corner of Castlereagh and Goulburn streets. From Wednesday next, September 10th a constant supply of pure new milk will be on hand.
Parties wishing to have milk delivered are requested to leave their address at the Depot.
Milkmen supplied on liberal terms.
EDWARD BYRNES, manager.

REAL Yorkshire Jet Ornaments, best assortment in Sydney. G. D. HARRISON, 569, George-st. South

500 COPIES Uncle Tom's Cabin, 6d. each, or 4s. 6d. per dozen. G. D. HARRISON, 569, George-street South.

PETER NICHOLSON'S New Builders' Director, half-calf extra. G. D. HARRISON, 569, George-st. South.

CHEAP READING for the Bush and Diggings.—Twelve numbers of Chambers' Journal in a packet, each complete, for ninepence, in great variety. An allowance where a quantity are taken. G. D. HARRISON, 569, George-street South.

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.—Parties from the interior and others would do well to visit the above warerooms, where an endless variety of furniture, bedsteads, and bedding, offers good choice, and at moderate prices. ☞ Mark the address.
DEAN'S Furniture and Bedding Warehouse, (WILLIAM DEAN and CO., Proprietors.) City Mart, Market-street.
Packing done with the utmost care.

TO CAPTAINS and Owners of Ships.—The undersigned is about relinquishing the ship chandlery business as soon as he can dispose of his extensive stock-in-trade, and begs to inform any one in want of ship chandlery that he will sell cheaper than any other house in the trade, with a view to clear out by the end of the year, as he intends leaving the colony for England. JOHN CARR, ship chandler, 25, Market-street West.

TO CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, and the Public.—The undersigned have on SALE, at their Timber Yard, Brodie and Craig's Wharf, every description of Timber required for building purposes; and being in constant receipt of supplies direct from the bush, they can with confidence undertake orders to any extent in hard or soft wood. JOHN ROBINSON and CO.

TALLOW OIL! TALLOW OIL!! TALLOW OIL!—In any quantity, and equal to sperm oil, at the lowest market price. At JOHN HUGHES and SONS, Victoria Soap Works, Flood's-lane, Sussex-street, Sydney.

GALVANIZED TINNED IRON RIDGE CAPPING, or Saddle Boards.—This ridge capping is prepared in six feet lengths, assorted 15 and 18 inches wide, and ready shaped for fixing. It is used for all kinds of roofs, whether of slates, shingle, or metal. E. C. WEEKES and CO. George-street, agents for the manufacturers.

YORK HAMS, prime quality. JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-place.

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND POTATOES.—Now landing ex Miami, and for SALE in lots to suit purchasers, a small parcel of the above superior potatoes. J. C. and G. DIBBS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 177, George-street.

FOR SALE.—Best Irish Prime Mess Pork, in barrels, now landed, ex Herald, from Liverpool. SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Sussex-street.

SODA ASH, in small quantities, to suit purchasers. COWAN and ISRAEL, Albion Soap Works, Elizabeth-street.

OREGON LUMBER, ex Palmetto—
14,700 feet 1 inch boards
17,300 feet scantling
All of superior quality, for SALE by MERRILL and LEAVITT, 2, Macquarie-place.

PILES.—The Curative Rose Ointment, SOLD at the French Stay Warehouse, 32, Hunter-street.

EX MARIA SOAMES.
Cast steel, octagon and square
Patent and wrought nails
Foster's arm and share moulds
Ditto hay and chaff knives
Paint, oils, and turps
Red, green, black, and blue paint
Galvanized buckets
Japanned ditto
A large assortment of general ironmongery, suitable for country storekeepers.
JOHN KEEP, Barrack-street.

FOR SALE—
One 8 horse-power portable steam engine, on wheels, by Clayton and Shuttleworth, Lincoln
One 5 horse-power ditto ditto
One 4 horse-power ditto ditto
One 10 horse-power stationary engine
One 1 horse-power ornamental steam-engine
Two 2-ton portable cranes, on wheels
Two 2-ton wall cranes
Crab winches. Pile driving machine
One 2-story iron house, 20 x 27 x 20 feet
Four casks crucibles, for melting all kinds of metal
Galvanized and corrugated iron, 20, 22, and 24 guage
Gunpowder, blasting and sporting
Patent safety fuze
Paints, white, black, red, green, and blue
Turpentine, whiting, Stockholm tar
Cordage, 1 to 7 inch; gunny bags, &c.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

COLZA OIL, 10s. per gallon, by J. GRIMM, lamp manufacturer, opposite the EMPIRE Office.

GLASSWARE.—Decanters, wines, champagnes, tumblers, and cruets. On SALE by HOW, WALKER, and CO.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, CONTRACTORS, and Builders.—For SALE, by the undersigned, in lots to suit purchasers, the cargo, now landing, ex Miami, from Hobart Town, consisting of blue gum, of the following assortments, all full cut, viz.:—
Joists, quartering, battens, lath, palings, shingles, &c.
This cargo is, without exception, the best lot of timber that has been in the market for some months, having been ordered expressly for the trade.
Parties in want of timber are requested to inspect it at Campbell's Wharf.
J. C. and G. DIBBS.
Port Phillip Packet Office, 177, George-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, Pitch Pine Boards, tongued and grooved. Apply to BOWDEN and THRELKELD, City Mart, 211, George-street.

CEDAR, cut, on SALE. A. WHEELER, Railway Bridge Timber-yard, Railway Bridge, George-street South.

PRINTING INK, in 3 dozen kegs, for SALE. Apply at the HERALD Office.

A SINGLE CYLINDER PRINTING MACHINE (Napier's) is for SALE at the HERALD Office. It is in good order, and fit for work forthwith, either by steam or flywheel.

MILK.—Wollongong Milk—as its butter—rich in flavour, of the choicest feed; 1s., delivered.

MILK.—Pure Wollongong Milk, delivered, 1s. BELL, STEEL, and CO., Depôt, King and Clarence streets.

RAW and BOILED OIL, and Turpentine, in lots to suit purchasers. HALL and ALDERSON'S, 154, Elizabeth-street.

GREAT ADVANTAGE.—To Intending Diggers for the Rocky River.—Parties are in course of formation at HAIGH'S Labour Mart, Pitt-street, opposite the Union Bank; under the direction of an experienced person, to proceed to these diggings. Dray, tools, tents, provisions for four months provided. Persons will thus be secured a comfortable home for a sufficient period to give these rich diggings a fair trial, under an experienced head, at a limited cost. Apply at HAIGH'S Mart, No. 2, Pitt-street.

MATCHES.—Wax Matches, in japan, brass, and plaid boxes, on SALE at S. M. LEVI'S, Wynyard-lane.

ADELAIDE FINE FLOUR.—Now landing, ex John Ormerod, a parcel of the finest sample of Adelaide flour, below mill prices, by the single bag or ton. Apply to J. C. and G. DIBBS, 177, George-street; or to E. M. SAYERS, Campbell's Wharf.

MORDAN'S Gold and Silver Patent Pencil Cases. A beautiful assortment. LORKING and CO., 165, George-street.

TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA, by the case, 55s. per dozen. JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-place.

PATENT Hoisting Apparatus, saving 50 per ct. of labor, occupying little room. JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-pl.

FLOUR, &c.—For SALE, Chilian and colonial superfine; ditto ditto, second quality and household; wheat, oats, maize, bran, beans, mess beef and pork, &c. JACKSON and CO., Produce Stores, New Pitt-street, near Circular Wharf.

AUSTRALIAN WINES for SALE. J. E. BLAKE, 14, Macquarie-place.

COALS, CHARCOAL, and CUT FIREWOOD. T. H. GREEN, Pacific Wharf, Druitt-st., late M'Kenzie's.

FOR SALE, a 14-foot Jolly Boat; also, various second-hand Boats. HOLDSWORTH, Pyrmont.

TO DIGGERS.—For SALE, a strong well-made Spring Cart. G. PREDDY, 136, Castlereagh-street.

OATS, BARLEY, MAIZE, and BRAN.—The undersigned is a purchaser of Oats, Barley, Maize, and Bran, in large quantities, at the General Produce Stores, Pitt-street, near the Theatre. HENRY FERRIS.

COALS, A. A. Co.'s, every bag weighed. Coke, Cut Firewood, Charcoal, and Lime, at P. J. ELLIOTT and CO.'S, Woolloomooloo.

LUCERNE SEED.—Farmers and Graziers that wish to lay down Lucerne paddocks should not miss this favourable season for sowing, and the moderate price of seed, only 2s. per lb.; last season it was 6s.; may be sown up to November during moist weather, 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. The seed is warranted, and samples sent by post for trial. On SALE, at the Stores of HENRY FERRIS, three doors from the Theatre, Pitt-street. N.B.—Lucerne being a perennial plant, the first is the only expense, as it remains a permanent crop for 20 years, if kept clean. May be seen growing at the Stores.

WHITE Dutch Clover and Italian Rye Grass.—Farmers wishing to lay down paddocks of the above Grasses for growing Hay can be supplied at a low rate, in quantities, at the Stores of HENRY FERRIS, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

HORSE BEANS.—A few bushels left of the English Pick Seed Beans, may be seen growing at the Stores of HENRY FERRIS, Pitt-st., Sydney, near the Theatre.

LIME.—Fresh kiln-burnt screened Lime, at E. J. BLAXLAND'S, Albion Wharf.

CRAB WINCHES, Double and Single, various sizes, ON SALE, by HOW, WALKER, and CO.

TO DEALERS and FAMILIES.—Van Diemen's Land Potatoes.—Now on SALE, in lots to suit purchasers, about thirty tons of the finest potatoes. Van Diemen's Land and Adelaide Flour. Apply to HENRY FISHER, Southern Packet Office and Warehouse, 25, Lower George-street. Sydney, 13th August.

THE OLD HOUSE in PARK-STREET. — LIVERPOOL RACES.

"A word to the wise is enough;"
Not so to the hungry, we think,
Who would take that relief rather gruff
Which brings nothing to eat or to drink.
Therefore, to avoid all the care
Of the dust, and the heat, and the sun,
Just take down your own "bill of fare"
In a basket from WILEY and SON'S.

Then stroll some half-mile in the bush,
Spread your cloth 'mid the bush flowers wild,
Then banish all cares on a push,
And taste joy as you did when a child;
Then drink to the men of the land,
Who the railway and races begun,
But what we mean (you understand)
Is, don't forget WILEY and SON.

Race baskets, picnic baskets, and all other baskets in endless variety. WILEY and SON, 11, Park-street, and 636, George-street.

BELLE VUE HOUSE, Wollongong.—Miss B. RANDALL solicits the attention of parents and guardians to the above establishment for young ladies; the situation alone would recommend it, both as regards health and comfort, and Miss B. R. feels assured that, on enquiry, it would be ascertained that every attention is also paid to the improvement and happiness of those committed to her care.

Every branch of a good English education, with the usual accomplishments.

References kindly permitted to the Rev. Dr. Ross, D. Jones, Esq., M.C., and John Fairfax, Esq. Prospectuses, with full particulars, may be obtained from P. J. Elliott, Esq., Bent-street. The coming delightful season of the year, with the constant cheap communication by steam, might also be inducements.

DEAFNESS.—The ORGANIC VIBRATOR, a small, powerful, newly-invented instrument for deafness, different from all others, to surpass anything that has yet been produced. It rests within the ears, and being of the same colour as the skin, it is not perceptible, enabling deaf persons to join in general conversation, to hear distinctly at church and at public assemblies. Also, the improved Tinted Lenses, by the use of which the most defective sight is brought to its youthful and natural state. Powerful race and opera glasses; the small waistcoat pocket glass, not larger than a walnut, to discern objects for miles. Mr. DE LISSA, optician to the Sydney Opthalmic Institution, 86, Castlereagh-street, between King and Market streets.

ACUTE RHEUMATISM, nervous headache, cramps, neuralgic affections, lumbago, sciatica, &c., cured by Niemeyer's celebrated Pansilippic Lotion. Agent for Australia, E. PORTER, 149, George-street.

MR. JOHN DRUERY, Medical Electrician, begs to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Sydney and its vicinity that during the short time he has practised here he has been very successful in curing diseases of the eye, tic doloreux, St. Vitus's dance, rheumatism, palsy, and other diseases. Consult your medical advisers; this agent often succeeds when every other fails. Invalids waited upon at their own residence. You who doubt the power of electricity to cure, read this testimonial from Captain Balls:—

Sydney, August 18th, 1856.

I bear willing testimony to the great benefit derived from Mr. Druery's electrical and galvanic machines in the removal of tic doloreux, my wife having lately suffered the severest torture from this dreadful complaint, so bad as to be entirely deprived of rest at night, and unable frequently to lie down at all, I was induced, from a notice which I accidentally fell in with in Chambers' Edinburgh Journal, to test the power of electricity in this case; my wife has undergone six applications only, and I am happy to say she is now perfectly free from pain, and able to enjoy her natural rest. Mr. Druery's apparatus appears to be of a very efficient character, and it is reasonable to suppose that the majority of complaints connected with the nervous system, or arising from a derangement of the nerves, might be rectified by the artificial means here mentioned. GEORGE HEPBURN BALLS, 9, Osborne House, Lower Fort-street.

Mr. John Druery, 41, King-street, Sydney.

LIGHT-HOUSE HOTEL, Corner of Bathurst and Sussex streets, Sydney.—MARGARET CANAVAN, (late of the Adelphi Hotel, York-street,) having taken the above handsome and commodious premises, begs to inform her numerous country friends, and the public in general, that she has at considerable expense fitted up, with every comfort and convenience, a portion thereof as a Private Hotel, and can confidently solicit the patronage of Gentlemen and Families visiting the metropolis.

ANDREW FAIRFAX, Family Grocer and Tea Dealer begs to thank his numerous friends and the public generally for the patronage he has hitherto received, and to intimate that he is in a position to supply orders to any extent from his first-class stock, at prices that defy competition, and with immediate despatch.

A. F. does not adopt the system of advertising prices, leaving it to the judgment of parties favouring him with an order to decide as to the quality and prices charged, satisfied that one order will secure continued support.

Orders sent round the neighbourhood of Woolloomooloo, Darling Point, &c., daily.

Superior teas just opened.

First-class provisions on hand, at very low prices.

Note the address—53, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

JOHN GLASSOP, Hair Cutter, Wig Maker, and Perfumer, opposite the Royal Hotel. Warm baths ready at all hours.

J. F. WILCOX and CO., Naturalists, 30, Hunter-street, Sydney.—Dealers in animals, birds, insects, shells, minerals, and all description of natural curiosities, for which the highest cash prices will be given. Cabinet collections made up on the shortest notice. N.B.—Guns, rifles, and pistols, by the best makers, bought, sold, or exchanged.

OURANG-OUTANG, or Wild Man of the Woods; Boa Constrictor, &c., exhibited daily at No. 30, Hunter-street.

NOTICE.—W. BOWEN, Saddler and Harness Maker, George-street, having retired from business, returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the support so liberally bestowed on him for the past thirty years, and begs to solicit the continuance of their favours for Mr. J. D. JONES, by whom, in future, the business will be conducted, and whom he can confidently recommend as being fully competent to conduct the business satisfactorily, in all its branches. 294, George-street.

J. D. JONES, Saddler and Harness Maker (successor to WM. BOWEN), begs to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, while in business at Brickfield-hill; and to inform them that he has taken to the business carried on by Mr. Bowen for the last thirty years, at 294, George-street, nearly opposite the Royal Hotel, and hopes by strict attention to all orders entrusted to his care, to merit the continuance of those favours hitherto bestowed upon his predecessors.

PARKER'S FAMILY HOTEL, 19, York-street.—E. PORCHESON desires to inform his friends and the public in general that he is now proprietor of the above hotel, and having made extensive alterations, is prepared to afford every accommodation. Moderation in charge, combined with civility, may always be depended upon. Table d'Hote at half-past 1 o'clock. Splendid billiard room. Wines, spirits, liqueurs, beers, &c., of first quality. N.B.—Good stabling; horses and gigs on hire.

AGENCY.—The undersigned is prepared to receive consignments of Produce, &c., and to act as agent for the disposal or shipment of the same, as well as to transact any general business required by settlers and others. WILLIAM DREWE. Montague House, 2, Church-hill, Sydney. References: Smith, Campbell, and Co.; Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; D. Jones and Co.; merchants.

ALFRED FLACK, Die Sinker, Office Seals, Bankers' and Merchants endorsing stamps, Post-office seals and stamps, steel letter cutter, at Mr. CONYBER'S bookbinder, 304, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel. Headings for newspapers.

PRICES CURRENT, THIS DAY, September 6th, 1856.

PROVISIONS.

At HANKS and LLOYD'S, finest Camden butter, 1s. 6d. per lb.
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Kiama butter, 1s. 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Wollongong butter
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Port Cooper cheese, 1s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Cheshire ditto, 1s. 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest North Wilts ditto, 1s. 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Wiltshire bacon, 1s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Cumberland bacon, 1s. 4d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest York Hams, selected
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest cream cheese, 2s. per lb.
At Hanks and Lloyd's, superior ling fish, 8d. per lb.

TEAS.

At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Lapzang souchong, 2s. per lb.
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest wiry leaf congou, 1s. 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest gunpowder, 3s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest hyson, 2s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest hysonskin, 1s. 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest orange pekoe, 3s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, the most superlative mixture, 2s. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, the most economical mixture, 1s 6d, ditto

SUGARS.

At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest English loaf, 6d. per lb.
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest crushed loaf, 6d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest snowdrop, 5½d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest crystal, 5d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest sparkling Java, 4½d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, bright Mauritius, 4d. ditto.

FRUIT.

At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Normandy pippins, 1s. per lb.
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest muscatels, 1s. 4d. ditto
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Jordan almonds
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest sultana raisins
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Patras currants
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Eleme raisins
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest Eleme figs
At Hanks and Lloyd's, finest French plums.

The Australian Tea Mart, 319, George-street, opposite the Markets.

PLACE, POWER, and PENSION!—To the Free and Independent Electors of Sydney and the Hamlets.—Gentlemen,—Now that you have given demonstration to your feelings in the choice of such candidates to represent you in an Australian Parliament as you thought best fit to serve you, you are no doubt big with hopes, and anticipating the many good things to be soon vouchsafed unto you. MORRIS JACOBS and CO. would earnestly impress on you the necessity of weighing well your interests before the office of "Master of Works" be chosen—as in it is involved the taxing of all tailors' bills, and thorough examination of the soundness of their work—a situation under Government which is fraught with more responsibility than any other, however important. MORRIS JACOBS and CO., of 60, King-street, call upon the inhabitants of Sydney and the Hamlets to elect him at once for this most important office, and to meet him at the hustings, 60, King-street, and there record their plumpers in his favour. He fears no opposition whatever, and feels certain that the working classes will rally round him to a man. His principles are already known to be different from, and superior to, all others in the field; he comes forward on this trying occasion without egotism and with every hope of success. None know your wants better in his department; none has a greater claim for your suffrages; and none in a position to pay more attention to your interests. Be early then at the poll. Open every day from 8 till 9; and on Saturdays till 11. Hurrah for MORRIS JACOBS and CO., 60, King-street, tailors and general outfitters.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

		s. d.		£ s. d.
Cloth coats	from	12 6	to	1 10 0
Surtout coats		25 0		2 12 0
Dress coats		21 0		2 5 0
Doeskin coats		10 6		1 5 0
Black cloth		5 6		0 10 6
Black satin vests		6 6		0 14 6
Black silk vests		8 6		0 12 6
Black cloth embroidered ...		8 6		0 13 6
Tweed button-up		5 6		0 10 6
Black cloth trousers		10 6		1 1 0
Doeskin trousers		8 6		0 16 6
Tweed trousers		4 6		0 10 6
Moleskin trousers		3 9		0 6 6
Cord trousers		4 3		0 7 6
Pilot trousers		3 6		0 8 6

BOY'S CLOTHING.

Fancy coats	from	4 6	to	7 6
Cloth coats		10 6		17 6
Cloth jackets		7 6		14 6
Doeskin coats		7 6		10 6
Mohair coats		12 6		18 6
Black cloth vests		2 6		6 6
Black satin vests		3 6		8 6
Black cloth embroidered ...		5 6		10 6
Tweed button-up		3 6		6 6
Black cloth trousers		7 6		15 6
Doeskin trousers		5 6		10 6
Tweed trousers		2 6		7 6
Moleskin trousers		2 6		4 6
Cord trousers from		2 6		4 6
Pilot trousers		2 6		6 6

MORRIS JACOBS and CO., 60, King-street, clothiers, woollen drapers, outfitters, hatters, hosiers, and general outfitters.

THE CONFIDENCE OF ALL!!!—A celebrated writer has observed that "Those who promise much perform but little;" and but a slight knowledge of the world is required to prove the accuracy of the observation, for how frequently does it occur that promises of the most seeming truthful character are set forth, but which upon their due performance being required, are found to have existed only in words; and while this holds good in many of our dealings, it is still more frequently met with in business transactions—for, to gull the public seems to be the only aim of many who would reap a rapid fortune from their credulity. No wonder, therefore, that a "material guarantee" should be demanded by the public before giving their confidence. To gain such confidence has been the earnest desire of Messrs. H. COHEN and CO. That their efforts have been crowned with success their present extensive connection bears ample testimony to, for doubtless many who read this will bear testimony to their statement, when they assert that they have ever looked upon their customers as so many friends whose patronage and recommendations were only to be obtained by the strictest adherence to honest principles of trading. The material guarantee they now offer in proof of their assertions, is, "that every article is marked in plain figures" from which no abatement can be made; but any goods purchased at their establishment after dark, and not giving satisfaction to the purchaser, the money shall be returned without the slightest hesitation, or, if preferred, exchanged for others. It must be borne in mind that Messrs. COHEN and CO. are the first and only men who have introduced this equitable system of trading in Australia; and they do so to prove to all that an extensive business conducted with truth and honesty of purpose must ultimately meet its reward, which is the "confidence of all."

In annexing their list of prices all may depend upon obtaining the articles as quoted.

COATS.	COATS. 1st quality.	COATS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality.
Coats, black shooting ...	£1 10 0	£1 1 0	£0 15 0
Coats, black oxonian ...	1 15 0	1 0 0	0 16 6
Coats, black frock ...	2 10 0	2 0 0	1 12 0
Coats, blue frock ...	2 0 0	1 17 0	1 8 0
Coats, black dress ...	2 5 0	1 19 0	1 10 0
Coats, Oxford mixture ...	1 10 0	1 4 0	0 16 6
Coats, fancy does ...	1 12 0	1 3 0	0 13 6
Coats, strong tweed ...	0 15 0	0 12 6	0 8 6
Coats, for riding ...	1 1 0	0 18 6	0 0 0
Coats, for shooting ...	1 15 0	1 8 0	0 19 6
Coats, for fishing ...	1 10 0	1 1 0	0 17 6
Coats, for sporting ...	1 5 0	1 0 0	0 15 6

TROUSERS.	TROUSERS. 1st quality.	TROUSERS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality
Trousers, black cloth ...	£1 1 0	£0 17 6	£0 10 0
Trousers, fancy doe ...	0 19 6	0 15 6	0 10 9
Trousers, buckskin ...	1 2 0	0 16 6	0 12 6
Trousers, worsted cords	0 16 0	0 14 6	0 11 6
Trousers, tweed ...	0 15 0	0 10 6	0 8 6
Trousers, pilot cloth ...	0 13 0	0 10 6	0 7 6
Trousers, moleskin ...	0 6 6	0 5 6	0 4 6
Trousers, steel mixture...	1 0 0	0 15 0	0 10 0

VESTS.	VESTS. 1st quality.	VESTS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality.
Vests, black cloth ...	£0 12 0	£0 10 6	£0 8 6
Vests, fancy doe ...	0 10 6	0 8 6	0 5 0
Vests, black satin ...	0 12 6	0 10 6	0 8 6
Vests, fancy satins ...	0 13 6	0 11 0	0 7 6
Vests, fancy silk ...	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 6 6
Vests, tweed ...	0 10 0	0 8 6	0 4 0
Vests, for balls ...	1 1 0	0 17 6	0 12 0
Vests, quilting ...	0 9 6	0 7 6	0 4 6

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

COATS.	COATS. 1st quality.	COATS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality.
Boys' black cloth ...	£1 0 0	£0 15 6	£0 10 6
Youths' ditto ditto ...	1 2 0	0 17 0	0 12 6
Boys' fancy doe ...	0 19 0	0 15 0	0 10 0
Youths' ditto ditto ...	1 1 0	0 16 0	0 12 0
Boys' tweed ...	0 10 0	0 7 6	0 5 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 11 0	0 8 6	0 6 6

TROUSERS.	TROUSERS. 1st quality.	TROUSERS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality.
Boys' black cloth ...	£0 12 6	£0 10 6	£0 7 6
Youths' ditto ditto ...	0 14 0	0 12 0	0 9 6
Boys' fancy ...	0 11 6	0 10 0	0 8 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 12 6	0 11 0	0 9 6

VESTS.	VESTS. 1st quality.	VESTS. 2nd quality.	3rd quality.
Boys' black cloth ...	£0 9 0	£0 6 6	£0 5 0
Youths' ditto ...	0 9 6	0 7 0	0 5 0
Boys' silk ...	0 10 0	0 8 0	0 6 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 11 6	0 9 0	0 7 0
Boys' satin ...	0 9 0	0 8 6	0 4 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 8 0

☞ The above prices can be relied on, from which NO ABATEMENT can be made.

MONSTER CLOTHING HALL, 245, George-street, next door to Messrs. Chatto and Hughes, auctioneers.

SYDNEY BABY LINEN and FAMILY OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE, 34, Hunter-street, opposite the HERALD Office.—Mrs. MAY begs to inform her customers and the public generally, that she has now on SALE a splendid assortment of New Goods suitable for the approaching season, consisting of
Baby linen of every description
Ladies' and children's underclothing, plain and trimmed
Sewed muslin habitshirts, chemisettes and collars
Insertions, flouncings, and scollopings
Sewed muslin sleeves and collars, in sets to match
Moire and brocaded parasols, lined
Children's dresses, frocks, and pelisses
Infants' long cloaks and hoods
Artificial flowers and feathers, best qualities
Braided holland pinafores and overalls
Ladies' and children's coutille and corded stays
Ladies' gauze and silk undervests and drawers
Ladies' Lisle thread, silk, and cotton hosiery
Velvet head dresses and crochet hair nets
Christening robes and caps
Plain and trimmed baskets and bassinets
Perfumery, &c., for the toilet.
N.B.—Underclothing of every description made to order if preferred.

LADIES in the country may rely upon the strictest attention being paid to their orders sent through the post. Address Mrs. MAY, Sydney baby linen and family outfit warehouse, 34, Hunter-street.

FAMILY OUTFITS! LADIES' OUTFITS!! CHILDREN'S OUTFITS!!!—Mrs. MAY respectfully calls the attention of families to her extensive assortment of goods, where every article required on a voyage of any length can be obtained—thus saving the trouble of going from shop to shop. Charges for a complete outfit will be strictly moderate. As the busy season is now coming on ladies are requested to give their orders early. Letters, addressed to Mrs. MAY, outfit warehouse, 34, Hunter-street, will be promptly attended to.

TO THE Ladies of Sydney and Country.—S. CLARK begs to inform the above that he has opened five cases of new and choice goods, consisting of
Silk and lace mantles, new shapes
Rice bonnets, children's hats
Cashmere hoods, and cloaks
Ribbons, feathers, flowers
Fancy dresses, in a great variety
Boys' coats, children's embroidered dresses, &c., &c.
New London House, 99, Pitt-street, opposite Morgan's, Druggist.

NUTS TO CRACK, NUTS TO CRACK.—82, Pitt-street. 82, Pitt-street.

Shall Envy, whose envenomed tooth
Would mangle still the just? Perverting truth
Shall Envy cause M. Marks to stand afraid,
When thousands look to him for aid?

It having come to the knowledge of M. Marks that certain people, clothiers (save the mark), have malignantly and industriously circulated a report that the extreme quietness of their business is alone attributable to the very low prices at which M. M. for the last week or two has been selling off.

Now M. M. begs to inform these would-be puffers that he is not to be led out of the strict path of duty by any of their worthless remarks, and as he feels he has touched them on a sore place, he is determined to make the place sorer still, by continuing to sell a first-class article at the lowest price.

M. M. will not stoop to the degrading practice of advertising at one price and selling at another. Neither will he delude people into his shop by pretending to give a list of prices and then offering an inferior article to that advertised. Such practices may accord with small minds, but M. M., having a soul above such things, is determined to continue that unrivalled system of business which has procured for him the title of the Poor Man's Friend, in proof of which he will quote a few of his prices.

COATS.

Black dress coats	1 0 6
Ditto frock ditto	1 10 0
Ditto shooting ditto	0 15 0
Ditto oxonian	1 0 0
Ditto superfine paletot	1 7 6
Ditto ditto cambridge	1 10 0

COATS.

All wool doeskin	0 8 6
Ditto ditto ditto	0 12 6
Ditto ditto ditto	0 16 6
Ditto ditto ditto	1 1 0

TROUSERS.

Super black doeskin trousers ...	1 0 0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ...	0 16 6
Ditto fancy ditto ditto ...	0 10 6
Ditto ditto	0 12 6
Ditto ditto	0 15 0
Ditto ditto	0 18 6

WAISTCOATS.

Fancy satin	0 4 6
Black ditto	0 5 6
Ditto cloth	0 4 6
Ditto ditto	0 8 6
Delever vests, from ...	0 7 6
Black silk velvet ...	0 13 6
Fancy ditto ditto ...	0 10 6

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Strong trousers	0 3 6
Doeskin ditto	0 7 6
Superfine black cloth ditto ...	0 10 6
The cheapest of all, a strong doeskin suit, jacket, vest, and trousers ...	0 15 6
Black satin vest	0 5 6
The best Paris hats, from ...	0 7 6
Good regatta shirts, dressed ...	0 2 6
Scotch twill ditto	0 2 0
White shirts, dressed ...	0 3 0
Ditto ditto ditto	0 4 6
Boys' shirts, dressed	0 1 6

Storekeepers and others will do well to give a call. A liberal allowance to the trade. Well observe the address—M. MARKS, 82, Pitt-street, next to Mr. Moffit's, stationer.

FRENCH STAY WAREHOUSE, 32, Hunter-street late Victor Protois'.—Just received, a large assortment of Childrens and Ladies' boots, in a great variety of colours.
Grey summer boots, with and without heels
Brown, grey, and lavender ditto, ditto ditto
Morocco shoes, ditto ditto; also, black and bronze kid
Lasting ditto, in black, grey, and brown colors
A large variety of stays, fastening in front and others with and without elastics, from 19 to 32 inches
Always on hand, the best kid gloves, embroidered, and ladies improvers, &c.

FRENCH DOLLS.—French Dolls, 2 Cases just opened, all ready dressed, at HOBSON and WHITING'S.

A BEAUTIFUL Assortment of Dressed Dolls in all sizes, at HOBSON and WHITING'S, 69, Hunter-st.

KID GLOVES.—The very best quality, in all colours, at HOBSON and WHITING'S, 69, Hunter-street.

228. E. J. SCRIVENER, Hosier, Glover, &c., 228, New Buildings, George-street.

5 CASES of WHITE FELT, just opened, at E. J. SCRIVENER'S, 228, George-street.

JUST OPENED, 2 cases of Gent's Summer Ties, at E. J. SCRIVENER'S, 228, George-street.

GENT'S White Silk, Muslin, and Cambric Ties, just opened, at E. J. SCRIVENER'S, 228, George-street.

THE best selected STOCK of Gent's Clothing in the colony, at E. J. SCRIVENER'S, 228, George-street.

WARWICK HOUSE, Haymarket.—The whole of the stock of General Drapery, Hosiery, Haberdashery, ready-made Clothing, &c., &c., must be cleared out by the 25th instant, at half the usual prices.
Double coutille stays, 1s. 11d.; cost 2s. 10d.
3000 yards bonnet ribbons, 7½d.; ditto 1s.
Fine coburg cloths, 4½d.; ditto 7½d.
Fine linen towels, 7s. 6d.; ditto 8s. 10d.

WARWICK HOUSE, Haymarket.—£3500 worth of General Drapery must be cleared out this month, regardless of cost.
Stout white sheeting, two yards wide, 8½d.
Fine linen diaper, 5½d.
Bonnets, all sizes, 6d.
Fine white cotton hose, 6d.

WARWICK HOUSE, Haymarket.—The clearing-out Sale of General Drapery at Warwick House is the only place to secure bargains.
Finest French twills, 7½d.; cost 11½d.
Hoyle' prints, 3½d.; ditto 5½d.
Embroidered muslin mantles, 2s. 11d.; ditto 7s 6d
Ladies' nursing stays, 8s. 6d.; ditto 12s. 9d.

HATS, HATS, HATS.—S. COLLINS begs to inform the public that he has just opened ten cases of Christy's and Townend's Hats, which he intends to sell at a price that will astonish other shops in Sydney. A first-rate hat for 5s. 6d.; French velvet hats 7s. 6d.; the best that can be made for 10s. 6d. At S. COLLINS', opposite Christ Church, Brickfield-hill.

FOR SALE—
Black broadcloth, a great assortment
Black summer doeskins
Cotton and woollen fancy doeskins.
LENDER, MULLER, and CO., King-street, corner of Commercial Wharf.

TO GENTLEMEN!—Gentlemen's Shirts and Under-Clothing of every description, Neck-ties, Braces, and Hosiery.—C. H. MAY begs to inform his old customers that he has still a good assortment of the above, of the best qualities, and they may always, as hitherto, depend on getting a good article at a fair price. Orders by post promptly executed. Address C. H. MAY, Family Outfit Warehouse, 24, Hunter-street.

NEW SPRING SILKS.—PARRY and HALBERT respectfully inform their numerous patrons that their new stock of silks for the present season is now ready for inspection, consisting of all that is elegant and useful, both British and foreign, from 25s. the full dress to the most costly produced. 96, Pitt-street, next the Theatre.

MILLE RAYE Striped and Checked Silks, 27s. 6d. the full dress
Rich glace silks, in every colour, 29s. 6d. the full dress
Good black gros de Naples, 22s. 6d. the full dress
Very rich black glace, 2 guineas the full dress.
96, Pitt-street, next the Theatre.

NEW SPRING and SUMMER MANTLES.—The most elegant and recherche designs ever produced, very cheap. 96, Pitt-street, next the Theatre.

RICH GLACE MANTLES, 8s. 9d, 11s. 9d., 15s. 9d.
Extra rich ditto ditto, 21s., 25s., 30s.
Moire antique ditto, 12s. 6d. 17s. 6d., 25s.
Black and white lace jackets and mantles, mourning mantles, richly trimmed with crape, from one guinea.
96, Pitt-street.

JUST OPENED, two cases of Parasols, rich Moire Antique, lined Parasols, the best quality. 96, Pitt-street, next the Theatre.

LA VILLE DE PARIS, 195, George-street. WILLIAM PRICE, importer of French and British goods.

FRENCH Barege Robes!!! broche flounces!!! One case just opened, at "La Ville De Paris."

FRENCH Barege!!! plain and fancy checks, all colours, just opened, at "La Ville de Paris."

FRENCH de Laines!!! plain and fancy, all colours, best qualities, at "La Ville de Paris."

MOIRE Antique Parasols!!! lined and unlined, best qualities, all colours, at "La Ville de Paris."

RICE Straw Bonnets!!! sewn chip bonnets, the new shape, just opened, at "La Ville de Paris."

WHITE Feathers!!! panache, marabout, and French flowers, just opened, at "La Ville de Paris," 195, George-street.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned.—A very superior and powerful Patent Hydraulic Press, specially imported to order for dumping wool.
An 8-horse-power beam Steam Engine with boiler, &c., complete. R. TOWNS and CO.

THE undersigned beg to inform Merchants, Storekeepers, Publicans, and others, that they have commenced manufacturing Cordials and Liqueurs of all descriptions of a superior quality at current prices. Purchasers favoring them with orders, can rely upon having the goods packed fit for shipment or inland carriage. A. CAPORN and COMPANY, 77, Lower George-street and Queen's-place, Sydney.

N.B.—Premises lately occupied by the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

COALS.—The undersigned are prepared to deliver Morpeth Coals by the Cargo to the extent of 2000 tons per month. SAWKINS and GRENFELL, Maitland Wharf.

SLATES, 20 x 10, very best Bangor, on SALE, cheap. R. WYNNE, New Pitt-street.

PORTRAIT OF STUART A. DONALDSON, ESQ., —M.P. Just published, a highly finished engraving on steel, by G. B. Shaw, from the picture by Dalton, in possession of the family. Price to subscribers 10s. 6d. each copy. All communications addressed to the publisher, G. B. SHAW, 1, Young's-buildings, Cumberland-street, of whom only copies be obtained, will meet with prompt attention. N.B. A few choice impressions of portrait of the Rev. Dr. Ross still on hand, 10s. 6d. each.

356 BRICKFIELD HILL.—G. LECKY, News Agent, opposite Bown's Fire Engine Station.

356 BRICKFIELD HILL.—At LECKY'S, Wesleyan Hymn Books, Watts' ditto, Bibles, &c.

356 BRICKFIELD HILL.—At LECKY'S, a few dozen felt hats, in one lot, 16s. per dozen.

356 BRICKFIELD HILL.—At LECKY'S Fancy Bazaar, Hair brushes, violet powder and puff box, for 1s. 9d.

356 BRICKFIELD HILL.—Violins, ditto strings, flutes, flutinas, &c., at LECKY'S Toy Warehouse.

WICKHAM and BELL, Accountants, Collectors, and Valuers, 4, Jamison-street.

WICKHAM and BELL effect arrangements between debtors and creditors. 4, Jamison-street.

WICKHAM and BELL will let, sell, or dispose of land or houses, &c. Apply 4, Jamison-street.

WICKHAM and BELL have a 9-roomed House to LET, near their office, 4, Jamison-street.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS HOTELS for disposal. Apply WICKHAM and BELL, 4, Jamison-street.

TO THE RETAIL BUTCHERS of Sydney and the Suburbs.—The undersigned are purchasers of bones and shop fat, at a considerable advance in price. Contracts taken from one to twelve months, or by the week. Cash on delivery if preferred. N.B.—Wanted to Purchase, two good strong carts. HENRY BELL and CO., Newtown.

142 LOWER GEORGE-STREET.—7 lbs. good Rice for one shilling.

142 LOWER GEORGE-STREET. — Prime American sugar-cured Hams.

142 LOWER GEORGE-STREET.—Prime Dutch Cheese, in cases, 2 dozen in each.

142 LOWER GEORGE-STREET. — The best English flake Cocoa, 7d. per lb. Try it.

142 LOWER GEORGE-STREET.—"The best" Mould Candles in Sydney, 6d. per lb. Try them.

CONFECTIONARY!— Merchants, Shopkeepers, and Country Dealers requiring the same, are respectfully informed that they can be supplied with very superior articles at the lowest possible prices, in any quantities, on the shortest notice, by W. J. CATES, wholesale and export confectioner, George-street, Market D.

TO PHOTOGRAPHISTS.—Polished Plate Glass, for the Collodion process, all sizes, at CROUCH'S Bazaar.

LEECHES.—Fine healthy Leeches, just received. W. LARMER, chemist, 367, George-street, opposite Police Court.

ARROWROOT.—The undersigned has on hand a very fine article (real Bermuda), which he can strongly recommend for invalids and children. F. E. SLOPER, chemist, William-street. From Savory and Moore's, London.

MILK! Wollongong Milk for purposes domestic and manufacturing, not equalled in Europe.

MILK.—Pure Wollongong Milk on hand, from 5 a.m., till 8 p.m. daily.

MILK! Pure Wollongong Milk. BELL, STEEL, and CO., Dairymen, Illawarra Depot, King and Clarence streets.

THE ARGYLE STORE, adjoining the Union Bank Australia, Goulburn.—On and after the first of November next, the undersigned will be prepared to receive and store wool and other produce at his new and extensive premises (situated as above), free of charge.
Goulburn, August 28th, 1856. M. MARKS.

THE ARGYLE STORE, adjoining the Union Bank Australia, Goulburn.—Wool of the ensuing clip purchased in any quantity, or the undersigned will make liberal advances thereon if consigned to his friends, either in Sydney or London.
Goulburn, August 28th, 1856. M. MARKS.

TO FAMILIES residing in Woolloomooloo, Darling Point, Potts' Point, and Double Bay.—MALONY and COMPANY, Tea Dealers and Grocers, respectfully announce, that they have taken the oldest and most respectable family and grocery business, lately carried on by Messrs. WRIGHT, BROTHERS, No. 7, William-street, Woolloomooloo. Having been favoured with a continuation of that patronage and support which their predecessors so long enjoyed, they deem it necessary to assure families, that all orders entrusted to their care shall meet with prompt attention, both in point of quality and punctuality in delivery.

In soliciting a continuance of those favours, we have, to say that no house in Sydney, and we are quite convinced no house in Woolloomooloo, can undersell us in price, in support of which we quote prices of a few leading articles most in consumption, viz.:—
The finest souchong tea, 2s. per lb., much recommended
Good strong useful congou tea, 1s. 6d.
Fine hyson tea, 2s., inferior lower
Finest gunpowder tea imported, 3s.
We invite the particular attention of families to a parcel of half-boxes of "The finest Lapsang Souchong Tea" ever imported into the Sydney market, 14s. each—highly recommended. Also, some very choice gunpowder tea, unusually scarce just at present.
Best Wollongong butter, supplied fresh four times a week.
Choice English bacon, 1s. 2d. per lb.
English cheese (North Wilts), 1s. 8d. per lb.
Very fine York hams (picked quality), 1s. 6d. per lb.
Carr's and Huntley and Palmer's English wine biscuits, in small tins.
In conclusion, we invite families to give us "one trial," feeling convinced that their interests will be identical with our own; and in all cases orders will be delivered punctually, by our own cart. MALONY and CO.
P.S.—Hay, corn, and bran, of the best quality, at Sydney prices, delivered daily.

NOTICE! TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL.—Mr. A. CONWAY begs to return many thanks to his numerous town and country friends, and has now the pleasure to intimate to them that his new establishment, 365, George-street, opposite the Central Police Court, will be opened THIS DAY. The extensive stock has been selected from the most celebrated makers, and consists of a magnificent assortment of—
Gold and silver watches
Gold and silver guards and alberts
Colonial and English gold rings and brooches
Plated ware of the very newest designs, &c., &c.
In soliciting the further patronage of his friends and the public, A. CONWAY assures them that nothing on his part shall be wanting to merit a continuance of the favours he has already received at their hands.
☞ Country orders attended to with accuracy and despatch. Watches and jewellery of every description repaired upon the shortest notice.
☞ Note the address,—A. CONWAY, 363, George-street, opposite the Central Police Court.

EASTERN PREMIUM STOVES.—The true American Baking Stoves, for any sort of fuel. Also, Chairs in packages, Tubs in nests, Buckets, and other American goods. Country storekeepers and others will find their orders promptly executed. SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, 100, York-street.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the UNDERSIGNED.—500 boxes Sydney-made mould candles, 5½d. by the box; 50 tons prime Soap, £34 per ton; a few tons good potatoes, £4 per ton, delivered. J. WOOD, 3, Campbell-street.

HANDSOME PLATE-GLASS SHOP-FRONTS.—The undersigned are the holders of all the large sizes of plate-glass in the market; the following, for instance:—10 feet x 4 feet, 10 feet x 3 feet, 10 feet x 2½ feet, 9 feet x 3 feet, 8 feet x 2½ feet, as well as an extensive assortment of smaller sizes, which enables them confidently to defy all competition in this branch of their business. BEAUMONT and WALLER, builders, Castlereagh-street.

TIMBER, TIMBER, TIMBER.—Hardwood, Pine, Deal, Cedar, cement, laths, shingles, and every description of building material always on hand, at low prices, at THOMAS MATTHEWS and CO.'S, Travers' Wharf, Barker-street, Bathurst-street, near to Brodie and Craig's.

TO WHEELWRIGHTS.—Ironbark Timber of every description. J. SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-street.

TO SHIP and BOAT BUILDERS.—Gum planking, up to 40 feet lengths. J. SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-st.

IRONBARK SHINGLES, plain or wedge, can be supplied in any quantity. J. SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-st.

IRONBARK PALINGS, 5, 6, and 7 feet, on SALE, by JOHN SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-st.

25,000 FEET Pine Weather-boards on SALE. JOHN SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-st.

30,000 FEET Half Lining Boards, on SALE by J. SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-street.

20,000 FEET Pine Battens, on SALE by JOHN SCOTT and CO., Bathurst-street.

GALVANIZED IRON TILES, Ridge Cap, Guttering, Down Pipe; brackets, screws, and nails for ditto. C. F. EDWARDS, 427, George-street, 8 doors past Bathurst-street.

IRON.—A large assortment, now landing, ex Zaanstroom, flat, round, and square; hoop iron, sheet iron. C. F. EDWARDS, George-street, 8 doors from Bathurst-street.

AVERY'S PATENT PLATFORM WEIGHING MACHINES, counter scales, bar weights, &c. C. F. EDWARDS, George-street, 8 doors from Bathurst-street.

EARTHENWARE.—A large assortment just opened. C. F. EDWARDS, 427, George-street, 8 doors past Bathurst-street.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURES, VERSUS FOREIGN.
COLONIAL BOOTS AND SHOES, of all descriptions, unsurpassed for quality and cheapness
COLONIAL SADDLES, all descriptions, of very best material and workmanship, superior to any ever imported
COLONIAL HARNESS, for all purposes, unequalled for style and durability
COLONIAL LEATHER, of all descriptions, universally acknowledged to be the best and most durable.
The above articles always on hand in any quantity, and all orders executed with the utmost punctuality and attention, at most moderate prices, by
HALL and ALDERSON, 154, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, a few doors from Park-street.

CONFECTIONERY. — J. HAWLEY, in returning thanks for past favours conferred on him by his numerous friends and customers, begs to remind them, that he has on hand a choice assortment of English and Colonial Confectionery, comprising,
Sugared almonds
Crystallized jujubes
Refined juice
Scotch mixtures
Sugared raspberries
Carraway comfits
Clove and corriander ditto
Bath and peppermint pipe
Ginger lozenges
Lemon ditto
Clove ditto
Peppermint ditto
Best strong peppermint
Lozenges, very fine
Best rose, ditto ditto
Also, an endless variety of boiled goods, as
Acidulated drops
Rose drops
Pine apple ditto
Orange ditto,
And others too numerous to mention.
Syrups and Cordials, as—
Peppermint
Clove
Ginger
Raspberry
Lemon, always on hand.
Prices moderate, and all orders executed with despatch.
JOHN HAWLEY, 83, and 85, Clarence-street, 6 doors north of Market-street, and Stall Letter D, George-street Market.
N.B.—Medicated lozenges of all kinds made to order.

EX MARIA SOMES, and on SALE.—
Europe rope, 2½ to 4 inches
Roping and seaming twine
Marline and houseline log and lead lines
Borrodaile's sheathing felt
White lead, red lead, and paints
Turps, in 5 gallon drums, ships' pumps
Rosin, pitch, and tar, Stockholm
Sodawater bottles, in 2 gross boxes
Bottling wire, tinfoil, essences, and corks
Tartaric and citric acid, gums
Cross-cut and pit saws
Hurdle nails
Wing's files, frying-pans, block tin
Horsenails, 7, 8, 9, and 10 lbs., grain tin
Felling axes, cart and plough traces
Candle wick, parchment, jewellery, &c.
L. and S. SPYER and CO., Wynyard-square.

L. AND S. SPYER and CO. have on SALE.—
Evans' beer, in 4 dozen casks, just landed
Prettyjohn's cider, in 3 dozen casks
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
Sherry, in 3 dozen cases.
Wynyard-square.

COACH LACE.—A case of Binding, Seaming, and Pasting for SALE. T. PALMER, 232, Liverpool-street.

POTATOES of the very best quality, ex Tasmania and Polly, from V. D. Land. For SALE, in lots to suit purchasers. F. and G. KORFF, Church Hill.

OATMEAL and FLOUR in barrels. BIRD and ROBINSON, New Pitt-street, opposite Queen's-place.

COALS.—Good house at 32s. 6d. per ton. SAWKINS and GRENFELL, Maitland Wharf.

BUTTER.—Gould and Honan's double rose Cork, for SALE, by FREDERICK GREER, 160, George-st.

COLONIAL PRODUCE and General Commission Agents.—SAWKINS and GRENFELL, Maitland Wharf.

GENUINE DUBLIN STOUT, in pints, just landed. I. O. GLANHAM, 156, George-street.

CHOICE PALE SHERRIES, in wood and bottle,—quality not to be surpassed in Sydney.

WINES, SPIRITS, Liqueurs, &c., of first brands, and warranted genuine. I. O. GLANHAM, 156, George-street.

WINES, SPIRITS, and LIQUEURS.—Bottled Porter and Ales.—WATSON and COMBES, Royal Hotel Cellars, supply the above, of first quality and best brands, delivered free to any part of the city and suburbs.

THERMOMETER CHURNS, ON SALE, by GILFILLAN and CO., 18, Macquarie-place.

SLATE CISTERNS, preferable to lead, iron, or other material, for cleanliness, cost, and durability; Iron Gates and Standards, with pinched rail, for fencing; Iron Frame Skylights, Cements, &c. HENRY SELFE, Builders' Stores, Circular Quay.

BLASTING POWDER, cheap.—IREDALE and CO.

MANILA ROPE.—Patent, 1 to 3½ inch. IREDALE and CO.

FOR SALE—
Invoices of linseed oil
Turps, white and red leads
Paints, &c.
IREDALE and CO.

FOR SALE—
Cart springs, all sizes, with scroll irons
Octagon cast steel, ½, 5-8, ¾, 7-8, and 1 inch
Oval ditto ditto, ½, 5-8, ¾, 7-8, 1, 1-8, and 1¼ inch
Square ditto ditto, 3-8, ½, 5-8, ¾, 7-8, 1, 1 1-8, 1¼, and 1½.
L in circle—Blister steel, 10 tons
Dash irons, for gigs
Gig and cart steps
Shackles, &c.
IREDALE and CO.

FOR SALE—
100 cases Collins' American axes, handled
25 cases broad hatchets
48 dozen polished cast steel hay and stable forks
168 dozen American brooms, wired
The above goods are just landed, and in beautiful condition.
IREDALE and CO.

ROMAN CEMENT, ON SALE, at LENEHAN'S Stores, Castlereagh-street.

NEWTOWN FOLKS.—Best sperm candles, 1s. 6d., by box 1s. 4d.; mould candles, best 6d. APPLETON'S.

FOR SALE.—Large Glass Casement, cheap. E. HEAD, builder, 14, South Head Road.

TO FURNITURE DEALERS.—To be SOLD cheap, a handsome four-post Bedstead, and a quantity of Bedding. Apply before ten, to H. SELBY and CO., 480, George-street South.

TO CAPTAINS, SHIP-OWNERS, and AGENTS.—Kauri Pine Spars, all sizes, at CUTHBERT'S Shipbuilding Yard, Darling Harbour.

SHEATHING COPPER and Muntz' Metal, at CUTHBERT'S Shipbuilding Yard, Darling Harbour.

SHEATHING and ROOFING FELT, at CUTHBERT'S Shipbuilding Yard, Darling Harbour.

TO INNKEEPERS, and others.—The undersigned has received a supply of Tumblers and Ale Glasses (of the particular size and pattern now required), to which he begs to draw their attention; together with a general assortment of superior Glassware, which will be offered at low rates. N.B.—An excellent lot of Brown Stoneware covered jars, bottles, gallon and half-gallon churns, &c., &c. Goods well packed for all parts. J. GOULD, 267, George-street.

POWERFUL DRAUGHT Horses, Town Dray, Market Cart, Trucks, Useful Light Horses, Bricks, Scaffold Poles, Posts, Rails, Paling and Spokes, in any quantity or quality, on SALE. Apply St. John's Tavern, Newtown.

A TANNERY for SALE, in the most flourishing district of New South Wales. This is a good opportunity for any person wishing to establish himself in the above line. The property consists of 25 pits, a number of large vats and casks, an iron boiler set in brickwork, tanner's and currier's beams, tables and tools, brass roller for sole leather, &c., with sheds, stable, pigeon-loft, fowl-house, &c.; also, an excellent well of water on the premises, and a first-rate bark mill, with cutters. There is, likewise, sufficient land for building a cottage on. The whole of the property enclosed with a high slab fence. Title first-rate. Apply A. A., Post-office, West Maitland. Terms of sale made easy.

FOR SALE, a fine new Skiff, with gear complete. Apply at the foot of King-street.

FOR SALE, Two Houses: one in South Head Road, No. 72; the other in Burton-street, No. 53: three rooms each. Apply to Mr. WILLIAM BLAKE, 247, Kent-street.

TOWN ALLOTMENTS FOR SALE in Albert-street, Parramatta North, nearly opposite Gore's three acres. —Three of ¼-acre each—one with a corner frontage to Brickfield-street, and two adjoining, in Albert-street. Title, sale direct from the Crown. Offers for the same, either in one lot or separately, addressed to Mr. S. MAURICE, Wynyard-lane, Sydney, will be attended to.

EASTWOOD.—100 Acres of Land, the property of J. H. Bettington, Esq.—FOR PRIVATE SALE, the Estate of Eastwood, mansion, orchards, and grounds, half-an-hour's drive from Bedlam Ferry and Kissing Point Wharf. Terms, very liberal. Apply to BURGIS and [illegible]

STEAM SAW MILLS.—For Private SALE.—The Twickenham Steam Saw Mills, together with the whole of the Machinery, Plant, Mill Buildings, and Dwelling-house, and 40 acres of land, situate on the right bank of the Richmond River, immediately opposite the Government Township of Lismore. The establishment has a considerable river frontage, and vessels drawing nine feet can load at the wharf, within a few yards of the mill.

The surrounding country abounds with the finest cedar, which can be brought to the mill by water. Pine and wood of other descriptions are also to be had plentifully in the immediate vicinity of the mill.

For full particulars apply to MORT and CO., the Rooms Pitt-street.

FARMS.—Some splendid Agricultural Farms, being a portion of the Arthursleigh Estate, on the Wollondilly River, to be LET or SOLD. Those persons who may wish to prove what kind of crops the Arthursleigh land can grow, may have a year's trial at a mere nominal rent. Liberal credit will be given, and possession may be had on and after the 1st April, 1856. Apply to Mr. J. A. RICHTER, of Arthursleigh, near Berrima.

SUPERIOR FARMS of from 50 to 60 Acres each.—These excellent farms are about equidistant from Campbelltown, Liverpool, and Camden, and within a short walk of proposed Railway Station. They have a fine soil, good supply of water, and extensive frontage to the Cowpasture Road. Price moderate, and terms easy. These farms being rapidly appropriated, and half of them already sold, an early application is recommended. Apply to Mr. F. H. GRUNDY, 30, Hunter-street, where a plan of the property may be seen.

ANNANDALE ESTATE NORTH, CAMPERDOWN—99 YEARS' LEASES.

Upwards of 80 acres of the best portion of this splendid Estate have been subdivided into convenient allotments, which are now offered to the public on 99 years' Leases. This property, always considered one of the most valuable suburbs of the City, might long since have been advantageously disposed of, had not the proprietor refused to open it until the increase of population and business rendered such a step necessary for public convenience. Almost every intending occupant will find some portion of this Estate singularly adapted to his requirements.

The allotments facing the Parramatta Road (forming a continuation of Camperdown) have each 40 feet frontage, are on the level of the road, and, therefore, perfectly easy of access, command from their situation the whole passing traffic of the interior, and for business purposes cannot be surpassed. The allotments facing Johnston's Creek are admirably adapted for trades requiring a constant supply of water, while the rest of the estate, from its picturesque situation, is unsurpassed for the erection of suburban residences, and from the attention paid to its subdivision (by which every allotment has a frontage of 40 feet to a road 66 feet wide) is equally eligible for general business purposes. A quarry of excellent stone is reserved for buildings on the estate. The Petersham Station being near, renders access to the interior by railway easy; omnibus communication with Sydney is constant; and, no doubt, ere long a steam boat will ply between Johnston's Bay and Sydney, placing this property on an equality with Balmain and the North Shore, as regards access by water, whilst infinitely superior to them in land communication.

Lithographs, and every information, may be obtained on application to Mr. F. H. GRUNDY, 30, Hunter-street, where a large plan is on view.

MONAROO CATTLE FOR SALE.—600 head of mixed cattle, two years and upwards, deliverable any time before 1st of December. Apply to J. W. SILK, Boco Creek, Cooma.

VERY CHOICE FREEHOLD PROPERTIES FOR SALE, near Wollongong—
1. A handsome brick Cottage, and numerous out-buildings, gardens, 28¾ acres of land, cleared and well-watered.
2. A newly-erected brick Cottage, with slated roof, and 27½ acres rich land, cleared and stumped, watered by a running creek.
3. 62½ Acres of new brush Land, part of which is let on clearing leases, and the remainder fit for immediate cultivation; beautifully watered.

The above properties are about one mile from Wollongong, and are approached by good roads. Immediate possession may be had, as the proprietor is making arrangements to return to England about the end of the year.

Apply to Mr. GEARD, auctioneer, Wollongong.

CAPITALISTS, LOOK OUT IN TIME!!—☞ The cheapest Freehold Property in the market for SALE undeniably is Mr. Blake's House Property at Balmain. Substantial and satisfactory value for your money—no higgling or huxtering about price, each premises is labelled, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, considerably below its real value—no more will be asked, no less will be taken.

There are very many considerations which makes this an attractive locality, both for gentlemen's private residences or as a speculation,—its proximity to the city, its acknowledged salubrity over all the other out-lying hamlets—each residence having from one to two and a half acres of improved land, with immense frontages to the waterside; the principal thoroughfares and private streets; gardens, orchards, lawns, pleasure grounds, and groves of forest trees (abundance of the finest fruit in season), pure water; elevated position, and delightful views of urban, sylvan, mountain, glen, and water scenery.

☞ Immediate possession can be had of Kenvarra House and grounds, now in most beautiful order, thoroughly decorated—is quite a gem of a residence for a gentleman's family.

Go to Messrs. W. DEAN and CO., Australian Auction Mart. See the large plan of the estate, and the copious book of reference as to the extent and history of each premises, compare the copy with the original by inspecting the premises—they are the honest product of twenty-six years' stern industry and frugality; not got by chance, nor run up for sale, and may be depended upon as substantial fructifying value for your money.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Mr. Blake having sold the premises of Blake Vale to Mr. E. W. Cameron, has removed thence to his old head quarters, Morent Shamrock. Correspondents advised accordingly.

FOR SALE, near the top of William-street, Woolloomooloo, a Corner Allotment of land, 100 feet x 140 feet, admirably adapted as a site for a hotel or public-house. For further particulars apply to W. J. LENNON, 25, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, the Lease of a most desirable Family Residence, lately in the occupation of Thomas Taylor, Esq., Henbury Cottage, near the Railway Terminus, Newtown. The premises comprise seven spacious rooms, with all that can be desired in a suburban residence, together with eleven acres ground, excellent garden, orchard, and paddock, fowl yard, coach house and stable, dairy and laundry, together with outhouses, detached kitchen, and other conveniences. The situation is delightful, being close to the residence of Thomas Holt, Esq., on the Newtown Road. For particulars apply to COHEN and HARBOTTLE, Bank Auction Rooms.

SOUTH SYDNEY, GROSE FARM.—Printed plans showing the subdivision of this valuable property are now ready for delivery, at the Rooms of MORT and CO., Pitt-street. Day of Sale, MONDAY, 15th September, on the ground.

FOR SALE, Allotment of Land, near Woolloomooloo Inn, William-street. Apply W. TAYLOR, Market-street West.

THE GRAFTON ESTATE, which forms a portion of the Point Piper Estate, has at length been surveyed, and subdivided into allotments suitable for every kind of buildings, which will at once be LET on lease, for a term of 99 years, in such portions and quantities as may be desired. It comprises a frontage of fully three-quarters of a mile to the Old South Head Road, reaching from Paddington to Waverley, and the same extent along the new road, now being fenced in from Waverley to Double Bay. Here the mechanic or the man of small means may obtain sufficient ground for a house and garden for a payment of from five to ten pounds a-year, which to purchase would cost him a hundred or a hundred and fifty pounds, and thus be able to retain his money for the erection of his house at half the interest he would otherwise have to pay, whilst the length of the term of lease secures to him nearly all the advantages of a freehold. Suitable sites have been reserved for shops, where they are now greatly wanted, in the vicinity of the village of Waverley, which is fast rising into importance. And allotments have been marked out for villa residences, having lovely views of the Harbour and Double Bay gardens, with Sydney and the Flagstaff prominently in view. Wide streets running through different portions of the estate have been laid out, and are now being cleared and levelled. For full particulars and plans apply to Mr. R. NOTT, 2, Woodstock-terrace, Paddington; or address by letter to Box 146, Post Office.

GLEBE.—For SALE, by private contract, upwards of Three Acres of Land adjoining Mr. Allen's property, and near the residence of Mr. J. P. Harrison; the land is securely fenced—watered by Johnson's Creek—two acres suitable for garden purposes, and the remainder a quarry of superior stone. Also, for SALE, at Waverley, by private contract, several blocks of Land, comprising upwards of 30 Acres, and commanding unrivalled sites for the erection of first-class Villas, abundant supply of water, building stone, and good soil; the distance from the Toll-bar being 2½ miles. For plan and particulars apply to MORT and CO.

TO BE SOLD or LET, one of the most valuable freehold estates in the colony, containing 2640 acres; also, pre-emptive and leased lands, about 1100 acres, situated on the Great Southern Road, and within two miles of a thriving post town. Erected thereon are a fine roomy mansion, &c., coach-house, stables, and other outbuildings. Wine cellar and study seventy feet long; also, large vineyard, and orchard, comprising an exuberance of choice fruit trees, &c., Lucerne paddocks, and other improvements. If leased, the enclosed portion of the estate only will be let, containing about 1100 acres. For particulars, apply to R. L. W. HATTON; or to Mr. JOHN WATKINS, Margaret-street.

TO FARMERS and GARDENERS.—100 Farms for Sale—from five to twenty acres each, eight miles from Sydney. Price, £6 to £15 per acre. Terms, 25 per cent. cash, the remainder by Promissory Notes, 12 months, 18 months, 24 months, bank interest added. For further particulars, apply to the Proprietor, JOHN GARSED Post Office, Box 85.

P.S.—For SALE, Building Allotments close to the city, or LET, on lease for 90 years ground rent £5 per annum

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

September 12.—Capella, Dutch barque, 377 tons, Captain Landweir, from Manila 3rd May. Gerbaulet, Rubens, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.

September 12.—Harp, for Hobart Town.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Black Dog, for the South Sea Islands; Rob Roy, for Callao; Valentine Helliear, for Adelaide; Eucalyptus, for Hobart Town; Wonga Wonga, for Melbourne.

CLEARANCE.

September 12.—Eucalyptus, barque, 196 tons, Captain Blackburn, for Hobart Town. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. West and child, Mr. and Mrs. Harley and child, Mr. J. Porter.

COASTERS INWARDS.

September 12.—Collaroy (s.), from the Hunter, with 27 bales hay, 200 bags grain, 10 bundles sheepskins, 2 horses, and sundries; Hunter (s.), from the Hunter, with 44 bales hay, 60 bags maize, 80 sheep, 65 hides, 10 coops fowls, 8 pigs, 20 boxes eggs, and sundries; Industry, Elizabeth, and Victory, from the Hawkesbury, with 2700 bushels maize, 500 bushels corn, 3 coops poultry, 250 dozen eggs, 200 dozen oranges, 75 bushels wheat; Agnes, from Brisbane Water, with 592 bushels shells; Kempsey Packet, from the M'Leay River, 2160 bushels maize, 408 feet rosewood.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

September 12.—Numba, for Merimbula; Industry, for the Hawkesbury; Agnes, for Brisbane Water; Marion, and Champion, for Newcastle; Titania, and Sarah, for Shoalhaven.

IMPORTS.

September 12.—Capella, from Manila: 13,630 bags sugar, 40 packages empty bags, Colonial Sugar Company; 38 cases cigars, Gerbaulet, Rubens, and Co; 234 packages cordage, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co; 4 cases cigars, E. Rottmann and Co.; 76 packages cordage, Haego and Prell; 3 cases cigars, Order.

EXPORTS.

September 12.—Eucalyptus, for Hobart Town: 2728 bags flour, part of original cargo.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For New Caledonia and Isle of Pines.—By the Black Dog, this day, at noon, if not underweigh.

For Hobart Town.—By the Eucalyptus, this day, at noon, if not underweigh.

For Callao.—By the Rob Roy, this day, at noon, if not underweigh.

For Wellington.—By the Cheetah, this day, at noon.

For Melbourne.—By the Wonga Wonga, this day, at 2 p.m.

For Feejees.—By the M. A. Jones, this day, at 6 p.m.

For H. M. S. Herald.—By the M. A. Jones, this day, at 6 p.m.

The Wonga Wonga left Port Phillip Heads at 7 p.m., 9th instant, and has experienced light head winds and fine weather the whole passage. The Wonga Wonga was detained several hours on account of the arrival of the Golden Era, with 20th June mails, just before starting time. Captain Gilmore reports a large ship off Port Phillip entrance, but could not ascertain her name. The Telegraph was sighted on Thursday, 15 miles south of the Dromedary.

The Capella arrived yesterday from Manila, after a very long and stormy passage. For nine weeks she encountered a continuance of heavy weather, the deck being never dry the whole time. There is no report of vessels by her. The Capella has brought on two seamen belonging to the Dutch ship Johanna Maria, wrecked some months since in the China seas, and who were rescued by a Spanish man-of-war and landed at Manila.

Ships for London.—The Scotia, Captain Brown, is fast filling up, and will leave on the 20th instant. This will afford the earliest opportunity for the despatch of letters. The John Bunyan will follow; she is advertised for the 15th instant, but will not have completed her loading. Some time will elapse between the departure of the two above named and the other ships on the berth.

Cuthbert's Wharf.—The following vessels are in the hands of Mr. Cuthbert, securing repairs: Jane Catherine, barque; Palmetto, barque; Gudorus, and Ariel. The fine brig Lalla Rookh, lately purchased by Mr. Macnamara, has been completely recoppered and refitted, and is now as stanch a vessel as any in the harbour. Her destination is not known.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

September 11.—Raby, brig, 154 tons, Captain Simmons, from Melbourne.

September 11.—Swan, brig, 149 tons, Captain Anderson, from Melbourne.

September 11.—Albion, schooner, 138 tons, Captain Suter, from Melbourne.

DEPARTURES.

September 12.—Halcyon, brig, Captain Smart, for Melbourne, with 226 tons coal.

September 12.—Little Pet, schooner, Captain Finlayson, for Melbourne, with 110 tons coal.

September 12.—Motion, schooner, Captain Shannon, for Melbourne, with 170 tons coal.

September 12.—Maria Theresa, schooner, Captain Bright, for Sydney, with 196 tons coal.

September 12.—River Chief, brig, Captain James, for Sydney, with 225 tons coal.

September 12.—Margaret, schooner, Captain Simmonds, for Geelong, with 120 tons coal, 2 tons biscuit, 1090 spokes, 1 dray, 1000 bushels maize, 10 tons bran.

COASTER INWARDS.

September 11.—Black Diamond.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

September 7.—Fayaway and Faith, from Newcastle; Fortune, from Sydney; Queen of the Seas, from New York, 5th June; Flora, from Bordeaux, 20th May; Victory, from London, 27th May; Rienzi, from London, 17th May.

September 8.—Gratia, from Newcastle.

September 9.—Golden Era, ship, 1556 tons, Captain W. H. Watts, from Liverpool, 20th June.

DEPARTURES.

September 7.—Charlotte, and Scotia, for Mauritius; Anna Maria, for Newcastle.

September 8.—Firefly, for Mauritius; Emily Jane, for Sydney.

The following extracts are from the Melbourne papers:—

The American ship Napoleon has put back, in consequence of the illness of the captain. She was boarded by Pilot Bowers on Friday last, off the Barwon Reef, just as the vessel was struck by a hurricane, the wind shifting suddenly from S.W. to S.S.E., and was brought to anchorage in Hobson's Bay in a style which speaks highly of Mr. Bowers as a pilot. It affords us pleasure, also, in referring to the skill displayed by Pilot Jones in beating the royal mail ship Lightning down the South Channel,—a piece of seamanship which has certainly never been surpassed in these waters, and it is the more gratifying to be enabled to pass these compliments, as unfortunately of late we have been called upon to record facts anything but creditable to the pilot staff generally.

The steamer Champion was compelled to put back to port, having encountered the terrible night of Friday last. The opportune arrival of the Lady Bird, from Launceston, will enable the Champion to be placed in the floating dock this morning, as the former will supply her place this trip to Portland.

At the Williamstown Police Court, on Saturday, William Shannon, master of the schooner Kossuth, appeared before Lieutenant Pasco, R.N., to answer the information of Mr. Charles Broad, Immigration Officer. From the evidence it appeared that on Friday last there was a flag hoisted for the clearance of the Kossuth. Mr. Broad went on board, and on mustering the Chinese passengers and crew, found eleven in excess of the number the vessel was allowed to carry. These the captain undertook to put on shore, and on Saturday morning the signal for the clearance was again flying, and upon the Immigration Officer going on board and mustering the passengers, the number was found to agree with the number legally permitted to be carried. The officer (Mr. Broad), was about signing the passenger lists, when a door in the cabin flew open, disclosing to view the Chinese who were supposed to have been sent on shore, lying "perdu," and snugly ensconced. The proceedings were taken under the 14th section of the Passengers Act, 1855, which inflicts a penalty of not less than five, nor more than twenty pounds for each person in excess at the time of clearance. The case was fully proved, and the magistrate taking into consideration the difficulty of getting the Chinese out of the vessel, and the small amount of passage money (£4 10s. for each) hardly making it worth while to stow them away, gave the defendant a suitable admonition, and mulcted him in the costs.

Captain S[illegible], of the Storm Bird, reports that on Saturday morning he was boarded in Sealer's Cove by the mate of the brig Vigilant, bound for Geelong, from Newcastle, who desired to be reported. The Vigilant had sprung a leak on Tuesday night, when off Cape Schank, which obliged her to bear up for Waterloo Bay, where she anchored on Wednesday, but the chain parting in the hawse the vessel was driven out to sea, and again put in for shelter in Sealer's Cove. She was making a great deal of water, and it was expected that it would be necessary to throw a portion of the cargo overboard.

The dredge commenced operations on the new ship-channel through the Bar about a fortnight since, but owing to the breakage of some part of the machinery, little has been at present accomplished. The damaged part was promptly forwarded to Melbourne, and the necessary repairs having been effected, the engine is again in working trim, and the work will be recommenced with the coming week. In our previous notice it was mentioned that the dredge could raise sixty-five tons per diem; this was, however, somewhat below the mark, as on trial it was found capable of raising at least eighty tons in a day.—*Geelong Advertiser.*

Despatch.—The Ballarat Pilot Montgomery, which was taken alongside the Railway Pier early on Friday morning last, will complete her discharge in the course of the day.

Royal Mail Ships.—The Morning Light, with the English mails of the 5th July, is now almost due. The Morning Light is a new clipper ship of the Black Ball line, and one of whose sailing qualities much has been said in the way of promise, and high opinions have been expressed by competent authorities. We may, therefore, consider the Morning Light due in Hobson's Bay any day during the current or the ensuing week. The Saldanha, with the mails of the 5th June, has now been out fifty-six days. Of the homeward-bound mails, the True Briton, of the Blackwall line, is nearly ready for sea, and will sail punctually on the morning of the 12th instant. The famous Red Jacket, of the White Star line, will be the mail-ship of the 25th instant, when she will take her departure with one of the most valuable cargoes of the season. The present is a dull time of year as regards passenger traffic, but the Red Jacket has already entered into engagements for a fair complement of cabin passengers.

The violence of the northerly winds has precluded the possibility of any of the sailing vessels which are reported as having arrived at the Heads from coming up the Bay.

The paddle steamer North Star has been taken to the Williamstown side of the Bay, for the purpose of having a mizen placed into her. She will then leave for China, under canvas, for sale.

The late Water Police ship, Emily, is to be sold.

The body of a man was found floating in the Salt Water River on Saturday morning. An inquest was held on the same day by Dr. Wilkins, coroner, and the jury returned a verdict of found drowned. The deceased was not identified. He appears to have been a man about thirty-five years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, with sandy hair and whiskers, the latter having been allowed to grow round the chin. He was dressed in a plaid shooting-coat, black satin vest, drab colored trousers, and blucher boots. The shirt was white, and bore the mark, in ink, "F. Hale, No. 2." Three one pound notes, two sovereigns, and seventeen shillings were found in his pockets. The body presented no appearance of having, at any time, been subjected to violence.

The schooner Elizabeth arrived in Port Fairy on Friday.

LAUNCESTON.

ARRIVAL.

August 29.—Gazelle, from Newcastle.

CLEARED OUT.

August 29.—Eliza Hart, for Mauritius; Tamar, and Adolphus Yates, for Sydney.

ADELAIDE.

ARRIVALS.

September 1.—Lemuella, from London; Kate Kearney, from Sydney.

Steamers in India.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's screw steamer Alma, left Southampton on Saturday, the 7th June, for India via the Cape of Good Hope. She is almost a new steamer, 2200 tons burden, and 450 horse-power, and is one of the fastest screw steamers in the world. When the Alma reaches India, the Peninsular and Oriental Company will have in the India and China seas 12 steamers, the aggregate tonnage of which is 28,289, and the aggregate horse power 7890.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 4.—Kate, from Sydney; H. M. S. Fantome, from Melbourne.

June 5.—Nancy, from Adelaide.

June 9.—Windsor, from Hobart Town.

June 10.—Mermaid, from Melbourne.

June 12.—Morning Star, from Melbourne.

June 17.—Medway, from Melbourne; Seringapatam, from New Zealand.

DEPARTURES.

May 31.—Regent, for Sydney (from Shields).

June 4.—Aliquis, for Adelaide (from Plymouth); Carril Mulzie, for Melbourne (from Dundee).

June 5.—George Ashell, for Adelaide (from Liverpool); Postilion, for Hobart Town (from London); Saldanha, for Melbourne (from Liverpool); Shanghai, for Swan River (from Plymouth).

June 6.—Tornado, for Melbourne (from Liverpool).

June 9.—Admiral, for Melbourne (from London); Czar, for Melbourne (from the Clyde).

June 10.—Banca, for Cadiz and Melbourne (from Havre); Ultonia, for Melbourne (from London).

June 12.—Olivia, for Melbourne (from London); Volante, for Melbourne (from the Clyde).

June 14.—Blundell, for Adelaide (from Southampton); Runnymede, for Swan River (from Plymouth).

June 15.—Maid of Judah, for Sydney (from Deal).

June 16.—Acastus, for Launceston (from London); Athletæ, for Melbourne (from London).

June 17.—Martaban, for Auckland (from Deal).

June 19.—Beemah, for Melbourne (from Liverpool); Marchioness of Londonderry, and Helen Douglass, for Sydney (from Gravesend; Victoria (s.), for Adelaide (from London)).

Vessels Loading for Australia, June 20.

AT LONDON.

For Sydney.—The Dunbar, Coleroon, Sultana, Vimeira, Waterloo, John Fielding, Winifred, Statesman, Woolloomooloo, Ellenborough, Nimroud, Hannah Fownes, Light of the Age, Invincible, Redgauntlet, Lady MacDonald (for Moreton Bay), Wave of Life.

For Melbourne.—Orwell, Jacob Badger Constitution, Adelaide, Blackwall, Anglesey, Time and Truth, Echo, Startled Fawn, Maria Hay, Austral, Stebonheath, Telegraph, Lady Valiant, Copenhagen.

For Geelong.—Circassia, Thames, Hero.

For Adelaide.—Irene, Sorata, Peony, Orient, Switzerland, Edward Thornhill, Albion, Francis Ridley.

For Portland Bay.—General Hewitt, Day Spring.

For Port Fairy.—Euphrates.

For Swan River.—Tijarety Misr.

For Warrnambool.—Maid of Judah.

For Hobart Town.—St. Vincent, Derwent Water, Wellington, Harbinger, Antipodes.

For Launceston.—Arnon, Star of Tasmania.

For Auckland.—Gipsey, Joseph Fletcher.

For Otago.—Simlah, Strathmore.

For Wellington.—Mariner.

AT LIVERPOOL.

For Sydney.—Armin, Dundonald, Berwick Walls, Vocalist, Edmond.

For Melbourne.—Almora, Defence, Merlin, Eagle, British Lion, Miles Barton, James Cheston, Fulwood, Black Swan, Zobeah, Morning Light, Cairngorm, Lady Westmoreland, Tiptree, Mermaid.

For Adelaide.—Johanna Boag.

For Auckland.—Conference.

IN THE CLYDE.

For Sydney, Ormelie.

For Melbourne, Berthia, Jewitt, Charles.

For Adelaide, Trafalgar.

Vessels Spoken at Sea.—Admiral (ship), for Port Phillip, 14th June, lat. 49 N, lon. 6 W. Lady M'Naughten, Cardiff to Adelaide, 3rd June, lat. 46 N, lon. 11 W. Saldanha, Liverpool to Melbourne, 7th June, off Cork.

The Kate, Grieves, arrived from Sydney, N.S.W., off the Start, reports that on the 9th April, in lat. 39 S., lon. 29 W., she experienced a very heavy gale, when she lost boats, bulwarks, &c., and was thrown on her beam-ends for nearly half an hour.

The succeeding mail ship of the White Star line will be the celebrated ship Mermaid, Captain Devey, which will sail on the 20th of July for Melbourne. Owing to the number of passengers and cargo at present coming forward for Australia, Messrs. Pilkington and Wilson have placed on the berth for Melbourne the Miles Barton, Captain Kelly, already well known in the trade, which is engaged to take her departure at the same time as the Mermaid.

The Royal Mail Ship Morning Light, Captain Gillies, belonging to the "Black Ball" line, will be the carrier of the English mails to Melbourne on the 5th of July.

The fine ship Beemah, Captain Pickernell, belonging to Messrs. H. Willis and Co., of Liverpool, and sailing under the "Eagle" flag, left the Mersey, at noon, on 19th June, for Melbourne, with 26 passengers and a full cargo.

The following extracts are from the English papers to 20th June:—

The Capture of the ship Hymen by Riff Pirates.—The Sultan, s.s., arrived at Southampton from Gibraltar, which place she left on the 3rd of June, reports that her Majesty's steamer Ariel had arrived there from the Riff coast, with four of the crew of the Hymen, of Liverpool, recently captured and plundered by the Arabs; also that her Majesty's steamer Retribution had arrived off Cape Tres Forcas with some Moorish authorities on board, and it was hoped that the remaining eleven men of the Hymen's crew would be recovered.

Vessels and Tonnage.—In 1855, 24,008 vessels (tonnage 6,372,301) entered inwards at the twelve principal ports of the kingdom; while 22,863 ships (tonnage 6,426,566) cleared outwards. The number of vessels that entered each port was as follows:—London, 9770; Liverpool, 4197; Hull, 2058; Bristol, 567, only; Newcastle, 3836; Southampton, 839; Leith, 1200; Glasgow, 412; Greenock, 266; Dublin, 297; Cork, 560; Belfast, 201.

Captain Sir Robert M'Clure and the North-west Passage.—A testimonial has just been presented to Captain Sir Robert M'Clure, late of her Majesty's discovery ship Investigator, by a number of officers of the royal navy, several among them the most distinguished in their profession, in admiration of his intrepidity and perseverance in penetrating through the Polar Ocean in search of Sir John Franklin. The testimonial consists of a winged figure of Fame standing on tiptoe on the part of a globe representing the Polar Seas, and in the act of blowing a trumpet. It is carved in frosted silver, and stands on an ebony pedestal, which bears an appropriate inscription commemorating the services of this gallant Arctic navigator, and the motives in which the testimonial originated.

Margate, June 15.—The barque Acastus, Hogarth, from London for Launceston, missed stays yesterday in the Gulls; after bringing up the anchor drove, and the barque struck heavily on the Goodwin. Captain Hogarth immediately employed assistance to get her off, which was effected after slipping from an anchor and 45 fathoms chain; she has since put back for the river, and is now lying in the Victoria Dock, where it is expected she will be discharged, in order to ascertain what extent of damage she received, having, it is said, struck heavily on the sand. She, however, makes no water.

The mail forwarded by the Marion from Melbourne on 28th March, via Ceylon, was delivered in London on the 14th June.

The Government Emigration Commissioners have chartered the Switzerland to convey out emigrants to Adelaide on the 7th July.

Maid of Judah, for Sydney. Passengers—Mr. William Richardson, Mr. Josiah Hinton, Miss Anne Eliza Hinton, Mr. Isaac Simmonds, and two intermediate passengers.

Marchioness of Londonderry, for Sydney. Passengers—Mrs. Mary L. Labat and three children, Mrs. Mary Ann Stevens, Mr. Alfred John Pechey, and 17 intermediate passengers.

The departures from the port of London for the Australian colonies during the past fortnight have comprised nine vessels—four for Port Phillip, one for Adelaide, one for Sydney, one for New Zealand, one for Launceston, and one for Hobart Town—with an aggregate capacity of 6928 tons. The rates of freight exhibit a tendency to improvement.

The owners of the Red Jacket have recently been cast in heavy damages for a collision between their vessel and the Emerald Isle, an American emigrant ship, in the Irish Channel, on the night of July 24, 1855.

The Seringapatam, Captain Gregory, from New Zealand, arrived on June 17th at Bristol. Her advices are to the 8th of March.

Her Majesty's Emigration Commissioners have advertised for tenders for a ship to proceed to Adelaide, to be ready for passengers on such day, between the 28th of July and the 4th of August next, as may be fixed on by the Commissioners.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

	September.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water Morn.	High Water Even.
13	Saturday.	6 2	5 50	6 56	7 21
14	Sunday.	6 1	5 50	6 43	7 5

Moon: Full, 6h. 13m. a.m., September 15.

To Country Agents.—The Agents for the Sydney Morning Herald are requested to furnish their Quarterly Statements of Accounts previous to the 20th instant. September, 1856.

SYDNEY RAILWAY.

SYDNEY STATION.—Down Trains.

Dist. Miles.	Stations. Leave—	Mixed Train. a.m.	Mixed Train. a.m.	Goods a.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m. (Mail)
0	Sydney	6·0	9·30	10·20	1·30	4·25	5·45
2	Newtown	6·7	9·37	10·33	1·37	4·32	5·52
5	Ashfield	6·17	9·47	10·50	1·47	4·42	6·2
6½	Burwood	6·22	9·52	11·1	1·52	4·47	6·7
7¾	Homebush	6·27	9·57	11·11	1·57	4·52	6·12
13½	Parramatta	6·48	10·13	11·44	2·18	5·13	6·33
17¾	Fairfield	7·1	10·31	12·6	2·31	5·26	6·46
22	Liverpool	7·12	10·42	12·23	2·42	5·37	6·57

LIVERPOOL STATION.—Up Trains.

Dist. Miles.	Stations. Leave—	Mixed Trains. a.m. (Mail)	Mixed Trains. a.m.	Mixed Trains. a.m.	Goods p.m.	Mixed Trains p.m.	Mixed Trains p.m.
0	Liverpool	6·0	7·40	11·0	1·0	3·0	5·45
4¼	Fairfield	6·13	7·53	11·13	1·22	3·13	5·58
8½	Parramatta	6·31	8·11	11·31	1·49	3·31	6·16
14¼	Homebush	6·47	8·27	11·47	2·17	3·47	6·32
15½	Burwood	6·52	8·32	11·52	2·27	3·52	6·37
17	Ashfield	6·58	8·38	11·58	2·38	3·58	6·43
20	Newtown	7·7	8·47	12·7	2·55	4·7	6·52
22	Sydney	7·12	8·52	12·12	3·3	4·12	6·57

The Sunday Trains leave Sydney at 9 and 10·45 a.m., and 3 and 5·30 p.m. From Parramatta at 9·30 a.m., and 1·30, 3·30, and 5·30 p.m. From Liverpool at 9 a.m., and 1, 3, and 5 p.m.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1856.

Nothing could be more calculated to awaken suspicion of insincerity than the manner in which the land policy of the new Government has been brought before the public. It has been thrown out in an ambiguous form; it has been put hypothetically by Mr. Campbell, the Treasurer; it has been stated with scarcely more distinctness by the Attorney-General. Mr. Murray, to whose special care, we presume, the land department will be committed, has spoken with equal obscurity. A proposition, which thinking men contemplate with great alarm, has been cast upon the political surface, and left to shape itself in every man's imagination, according to his own interests or prepossessions.

It will be admitted by any sane person that there is land in this colony not worth, or ever likely to be worth, 5s. an acre. If, therefore, we could disengage ourselves of all sympathy for people who may be trapped into the purchase of such land, we should think that any minister who could sell it for sixpence an acre would rank with the sellers of wooden hams, and merit the thanks of his country! But the question cannot come to this simple and naked form. In establishing an upset price of 5s. an acre many consequences are foreseen, not only disastrous to the colonists individually, but to the public at large. There are gentlemen, it is true, who would make their fortunes by an adoption of this 5s. clause. There are some in the Assembly for whom it would be a good speculation to put down £10,000 to the Bank account of any minister who could ensure to them the possibility of buying at 5s. per acre. Much to their honour, those most largely interested are so convinced of its inconsistency with the general rights, and with public faith, that they will be found resisting with the honest warmth of upright men who abhor unrighteous gain.

We may explain to those who have not thought upon the subject, by what plan men may be largely benefited by such a price. They would be able to select upon the lands they rent a certain part which forms the key to immense tracts of country, and without which occupation would be impossible. By securing at a small price the key to the whole, they may remain in actual possession of all. They would probably be able to relieve themselves even from the small sum which they have now to pay for those regions, because they would be useless to any but themselves. When, therefore, it is proposed to permit the purchase of land at the upset price of 5s.—we are not, in reality, obtaining 5s., but we are spreading that price over the whole run, which it will virtually ensure for ever—it will reduce the purchase to an almost nominal price per acre. It may be said that competition will prevent any such abuses. The country is, however, too vast, and the inhabitants are few. A simultaneous effort to purchase would enrich the treasury for the moment certainly, and it would perhaps raise the interest of money for a few years, but the purchasers in remote districts must nevertheless be limited. In this general scramble for possession, there would, no doubt, in some cases, be gross collusion, and in others malicious competition. The upshot would be, as it has always proved under similar circumstances, that the actual price received by the Crown would be a mere fraction over the nominal price exacted by the Crown. If, however, the Government, to avoid this scramble, resolve to put the land into the market in such quantities, and at such places as might ensure competition, then the upset price would be a mere sham, so far as it concerns the public at large, leaving the mass to contend with a competition which would raise the actual price far above the upset price. Thus the reduction would prove illusive. No doubt it will be proposed that the Government should have the discretion to allow any party to put up lands in any part of the colony. When we see whither our politicians are drifting, there can be no doubt that the exercise of this discretion would be governed by all those party considerations which are, we fear, hereafter to determine the action of Government.—What a scope for favouritism!

In the change proposed we have a departure from the system established in all the colonies, and at which we have arrived by slow degrees. The upset price of £1 per acre followed the lower prices for which some persons are now contending. If we compare the emigration to these colonies since the upset price became £1, and means were placed at the disposal of the Government, we shall see at once how largely the whole community has been benefited. And what if this revenue be lost? We have commenced borrowing money at very considerable interest, and to a large amount. £2,000,000 of debentures are already in circulation. The safety of that class of public securities will depend upon the continued productiveness of the General Revenue and the Land Fund. It is not merely necessary to enquire whether the country would be impoverished by any new system. It is unquestionable that the confidence of capitalists will be shaken if it is found that that which is to be the guarantee of public debt is subject to an unlimited reduction. The present Ministry propose to make the price of land 5s. per acre. Their own financial difficulties will, no doubt, be relieved for the moment by the first influx of payments for such improvident sales, but when these are gone it might become a question whether to stimulate further the alienation of public land, a lower price than 5s. should not be adopted. Every argument advanced against the upset price of £1 may be advanced against 5s. or any other given sum above the smallest coin of the realm. Thus the capital which is to be provided by the future sale of land, for the redemption of our scrip, is at the mercy of any theorist, who may choose to offer adventurers "Cheap Land" as a popular cry. With what face can we again go into the London market, and talk of new debentures we may issue—a secondary charge upon the revenues of the country—when we shall have to meet the owners of the first debentures whose security is so thoughtlessly alienated.

Except a very few great squatters, whose positions are peculiar, the whole country is interested in resisting this scheme. Many of the occupiers of Crown lands would indeed be involved in great difficulties by the efforts to purchase that which they now enjoy as tenants, and for which they can have no use for a long time to come, except as flockmasters. We have a strong recollection of the mischief which was brought upon many respectable settlers of former years by the eagerness to take advantage of the low price securing, as they thought, an inheritance for ever! The money lenders and the mortgagees became the proprietors, and often land which was bought in at the upset price of 12s., or even 5s. an acre, did not during a panic realise half that sum, when thrown into the market. The power to raise money upon an estate of course depends upon the proportion of the lenders to the borrowers, and it is quite within probability that if we once had a *land mania* brought on by the Ministry—before it had reached its last phase, and the property could settle down in the hands of those capable of holding it, it would be sold by public auction at a lower rate than it had been originally purchased at from the Crown. "That which hath been done is that which shall be done."

The proceeds of the land sold forms a part of the great employing capital of the colony.

So clear is this, that even in the most democratic of our colonies there is no disposition to abate the price of land. It is seen by the labouring class that the money received by the Government from the purchasers of land affords the capital by which public works are stimulated, and the general value of labour kept steady throughout the whole population. If our land fund is retained,—it becomes greatly prolific—it increases, according as public improvements advance, we can make our railways. The thousands of persons who are employed in that great work stimulate all other branches of industry, and afford a relief from any temporary pressure the labouring classes may suffer. We need scarcely inform our carpenters and masons, and various other trades of similar character, that they are greatly benefited by the power of the Government to employ. What advantage would it be to them to see this resource broken up, in order that a few individuals, certainly not one of a hundred, might possibly obtain farms at five shillings an acre?

But the most scandalous imposition lurks under the promise to labouring agriculturists. If they dream that they can obtain land suitable to their occupation—the produce of which can find a market—where they can hope to have any of the comforts of civilization—as medical attendance, or Christian instruction—if they dream that in such places they will obtain land at 5s. an acre, they are grieviously mocked. It is not an upset price of 5s. they need, but a power to take land wherever suitable land may be found, upon payment of 5s. per acre:—If they can have no such power, to them the upset price is a mockery and a snare. The moment the land upon which they set their heart appears in the market they will have this made but too plain. They will have to buy off the competitors, or they will find it will escape them. Land suitable for agricultural purposes will be bought up by men of large capital, and re-sold to men of small means at a rate which will make the upset price to a small agriculturist of small importance indeed.

We have often seen strong recommendations that we should adopt the cheap land system of America. If the subject were new—were no engagements covered by the land of this country—and above all, had we direct taxation—we should have not the slightest objection to take the American plan. But if we have that plan, let it be understood that we must have it entirely. In the first place no land is sold except offered first by auction. Land once put up to auction may be taken at the upset price, as here—that is at about 5s. per acre. But no land is offered for auction except in blocks.

A particular county or township is surveyed, and that is the land which must be sold, and that only, and not any land which any person may choose to occupy—picking out the eyes of the country. There is also another provision. Any person desirous of taking possession of a small quantity of land is permitted to do so, and it will become his own after his occupation for a sufficient number of years to constitute a full settlement. The experience of the United States is against the sale of public lands upon credit, it has been therefore abandoned; but land is absolutely given out and out to men who prove their title to it by having so long occupied and brought it under cultivation. There is no danger of this indulgence being greatly abused. But the safeguard of the American system is the direct taxation which prevails in that country. No man will buy land unless upon the calculation that its returns will enable him to pay the taxes of the State, and the State, by the sale of land at a low price, is not a loser, because simultaneously it acquires a direct revenue from all such occupiers.

Now, when we commend the American system, it should be borne in mind that nothing could be more thoroughly opposed than that system to an upset price of five shillings giving to any man the right to purchase whenever he pleases, and in whatever quantity. It is folly to rely upon auctions as a protection to the public. Auction is not competition, when the quantity thrown into the market is in excess of the purchaser—when the sale begins before the people arrive, or when the buyers conspire against the seller!

We repeat, that it is necessary the squatters should be dealt with in the most liberal way: that their tenure for grazing should be secure against vexatious interference. As long as the country is not required for sale, the squatters should never be disturbed in their possession.

What we have specially to do is to guard the public against a supposition that an upset price of five shillings would be so in reality. It would be an advantage to a few of the rich, it would be useless to the pastoral interest at large, but it would be a pure fraud and delusion to the working agriculturists.

Let the country be surveyed; let farms be easily obtainable; let us use every means in our power to facilitate the disposal of land throughout the country, but let us also preserve the public faith with those who have already bought, and with the public creditors who have lent money on the security of our estate. Let us take due care of that large revenue which must be acquired by a judicious and faithful disposal of our public lands. In short, let the statesmen of this country remember that any disposal of the common estate which a private man would justly deem improvident in the management of his own is, in effect, to grant special advantages to one class of society to the injury of another.

The final adoption, by the British Government, of the Suez, Aden, and Ceylon route as the line of postal communication between England and Australia, has, very naturally, been received with great dissatisfaction by those companies which are interested in the development of other routes. Mr. James Laming, the Manager of the General Screw Steam Shipping Company, has published, in the form of a pamphlet, a letter to the Lord Mayor of London, advocating the superior advantages of the Cape of Good Hope route.

At the great meeting held in the city of London to agitate for the re-establishment of steam communication with Australia, and at which the Lord Mayor presided, a resolution was passed urging on the Government to adopt without delay "the most eligible route." Mr. Laming undertakes to prove that the "most eligible route" is that which he advocates, and not that which has been patronised by the Government.

His plan differs from those that have been previously put forward by the advocates of auxiliary screw steamers, in that he abandons the route by Cape Horn, for the homeward passage, proposing that the steamers should return by way of Mauritius and the Cape of Good Hope. The outward passage from Southampton to Melbourne direct, he assumes, might be performed on an average in fifty days. That the ships fit for the service are not in existence, he admits; and that to be fit they ought to possess the following capabilities:—They should be of not less than 3000 tons burden, full or clipper rigged, able under canvas to sail ten knots an hour with a moderate breeze, or fourteen knots with strong winds, with sufficient steam power to propel them ten knots, and with room for coal enough for thirty days' consumption. With such ships, reasoning from past experience, and known facts, he considers that there is no risk in supposing that Melbourne may be reached in fifty days. In illustration of what may be done, he points to the passages of the Argo, and the other steamers of the General Screw Company, and to the four consecutive voyages of the Kent, and argues that experience will furnish such additional information as to the prevailing winds and currents as will enable ships to make surer and quicker passages than hitherto, besides which there are sure to be such improvements in machinery and the economical use of fuel, as will greatly improve the value of the screw, as an auxiliary means of propulsion. In this course of reasoning, Mr. Laming trusts a good deal to expectations. The ships, and the improvements in navigation and in machinery, on which he relies, do not exist at present. They may turn up, perhaps, at some future time, but the present problem is not how Australia might be reached, if certain imaginary conditions were supplied; but which is the best way of doing it with existing appliances? At present, sixty days is the best average passage that can be looked for from screw steamers on the outward passage, by way of the Cape of Good Hope, and this is allowing credit for more than past performances have justified. The homeward voyage, by way of the Horn, is more uncertain.

Mr. Laming proposes, for the return voyage, a route which would combine the advantages of the overland and the Cape routes. His suggestion is, that the steamers, on leaving Melbourne, should make direct for the Mauritius, a distance for which he allows twenty days. Immediately on its arrival there, the mails and those passengers whose time is precious, are to be transferred to a branch steamer, which would set off at once for Aden and Suez, reaching the latter place in fifteen days. From Suez to London would take ten days more. The postal transit would therefore be reduced to forty-five days. Meanwhile the great ocean steamer having coaled at the Mauritius, would pursue her voyage to England, calling at the Cape, and thus furnishing a direct line of mail communication also between that colony and the mother country. The steamer, he expects, would reach Southampton in sixty-four days after leaving Melbourne. Its advices would, of course, have been anticipated, by the mails sent forward from the Mauritius, but it would bring all the heavy freight, and all those passengers to whom from motives of economy or other considerations the passage across the Isthmus of Suez was inconvenient.

Mr. Laming's reasoning proves rather too much for his purpose. If he is right in shewing that mails can be sent homeward from Melbourne to London by the overland route in forty-five days, it is equally certain that they can be sent outwards by the same route in the same space of time. But he does not pretend that his ships can perform the outward voyage by way of the Cape in less than fifty days, and therefore he virtually confesses that the overland route is the quickest by five days for the outward mail. If the overland route is to be adopted one way because it is the quickest, why should it not be also adopted the other way for the same reason?

Mr. Laming condemns the course from Ceylon direct to Australia, which has been patronised by the Government, and goes into details about the prevailing monsoons to show that it cannot be carried out. But so many things in the matter of steam navigation have been declared on high nautical authority to be impossible, which have been subsequently found to be quite possible, that objections of this sort have very little weight. There were witnesses before Lord Jocelyn's committee to prove that steamers could not run with regularity between Singapore and Sydney, because the winds were at times so furious at Cape Leuwin. Yet when they tried it, they did it. Tempestuous weather was occasionally encountered, but there was no difficulty that could not be conquered. If the Madras and the Norna, and, still more, if such small steamers as the Chusan and Shanghae could round the Leuwin, the large steamers of 2200 tons now required for the mail service will be able to run between Melbourne and Ceylon. Experience, however, will soon show whether there are any difficulties in the way, and of what kind and extent they are. The route is as yet certainly untried. The passage from Melbourne to Ceylon has been several times performed, that from Ceylon to Melbourne has yet to be tested. It is possible that experience may show that the passage from Aden to Australia may be more conveniently performed by way of Mauritius than by way of Point de Galle. There is no very great difference in the distance to be traversed by the two routes. Nautical men are divided in opinion as to their respective advantages. Commercially each has some recommendations.

It seems clear that the overland route is the quickest, and the most readily started, and is therefore that to which we must trust at present for our mail communication. The union of the telegraph with the steamer must also not be overlooked. Within twelve months Alexandria will be in telegraphic communication with all the capitals of Europe, and the steamers on leaving Suez will bring away the latest news, both commercial and political, which will be forwarded to that place for special transmission to India and Australia. This alone will be no small recommendation to the overland route.

At the same time, the growing trade of Australia will, in all probability, find ample employment for a fleet of auxiliary screw steamers, and if the company of which Mr. Laming is the representative has the enterprise to equip such a fleet, and can run them regularly and successfully on the route he proposes, it will be found a not unprofitable venture, even apart from Government subsidies.

Erratum.—In the leading article of yesterday, instead of "That whether Mr. Plunkett would join the Ministry or not, Mr. Martin was to have a share in forming it;" *read* "That when it should be decided in the negative whether," &c.

Solicitor-General.—The Governor-General has appointed Alfred James Peter Lutwyche, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be Solicitor-General of New South Wales.

Professional Emigrants.—We understand that Mr. J. W. Wallack, late lessee of the Marylebone Theatre, Mr. Vincent, of Drury-lane Theatre, and Miss Cleveland, of the Strand Theatre, have been engaged by Mr. Black, of the Theatre Royal, Melbourne, whither they sail at the beginning of next month.

Exploration of North Australia.—A vote of £15,000 has been granted by the House of Commons, for the purpose of carrying out the expedition for the exploration of North Australia.—*Home News, 19th June.*

Palmer.—A pamphlet, issued in the name of the Rev. Thomas Palmer, brother of the wretched man lately executed, and containing severe strictures on Lord Campbell, was extensively circulated in London. The Rev. Thomas Palmer, in a letter to the *Times*, utterly repudiates the authorship, and all knowledge of the pamphlet respecting his late brother's trial and conviction.

Potatoes.—Purkis and Lambert remind the public that they sell this day, at 11 o'clock, at the Flour Company's Wharf, 400 bags prime potatoes, ex Tamar, from Van Diemen's Land.—Adv.

THE FEEJEEANS.

LECTURE BY THE REV. J. WATSFORD.

An interesting lecture was delivered yesterday evening, in Mr. Cane's School-room, Stanley-street, on the Feejeeans, by the Rev. J. Watsford, who has for some time been engaged in the cause of missions. The room was crowded by Mr. Cane's pupils and their friends. The Rev. lecturer remarked that the Feejeean archipelago comprised about 150 islands, some 100 of which were inhabited. In size some were from one to 60 miles, and two were 300 miles in circumference. They were remarkable for their beauty and fertility. The cocoanut supplied food and drink; the leaves with materials for mat-making; the leaf-stems for combs, and the timber for building purposes. The cocoanut used by the natives was a delicious fruit, very much superior to those we obtain, which are only used by the Feejeeans for manufacturing oil, some of which is imported to this colony. The bread fruit-tree grows as high as 50 feet, and bears very fine fruit at two seasons of the year. The banana grows luxuriantly. This plant was to be found all along the valleys. The lecturer had passed through a grove of bananas a mile and a half, or two miles in length. The natives made their bread of the bread-fruit and the banana, the compound being preserved in holes in the ground, lined with leaves, for twelve months, and sometimes for two or three, and even six years. The people depend upon this stock in time of war or famine. The Feejeeans has also abundance of roots: he had seen the yam six feet in length, and 85 lbs. in weight. The natives were amused at our small "yams" (potatoes). They had also a root called "taro," and the sweet potato, beside many others. The orange grows in profusion: in the season a clothes' basket full might be purchased for a penny or twopence, or a bottle. The pineapple also grew in the Feejeean Islands. There was, too, a native ginger which he believed would some day become an article of extensive commerce. Arrowroot was indigenous—it was to be found on all the islands of Feejeeia, and quantities of it were brought to our market. The cotton plant grew as high as 15 feet in the course of two or three years, affording a fine field for industry when the natives were taught to cultivate it. Coffee grew remarkably well. The lecturer found high coffee plants at Tonga; he took 400 of them to Feejee, where he planted them, and they grew well. Scarcity of food had been assigned as a reason for the cannibalism of the natives, but it would be seen that they had food in abundance. They cook everything whole, from a pig to a cow, and were very clean in their cooking operations. He believed the inhabitants of the Feejeeian group, to number 300,000, although Commodore Wilkes estimated them at only 200,000; but the interior of the larger islands had not been explored by Englishmen. He did not think any one knew from whom the inhabitants of these islands had descended. The Tongese said some of the Gods on a fishing excursion pulled up the Friendly and Feejeeian Islands—went ashore—found the cocoanuts so good and the yams so sweet, that they remained until their canoe was decayed, and not being able to get away, again peopled the islands. In stature the Feejeeians were generally above the middle size—some of them giants. The King of Somo Somo was one of the greatest men he had ever seen. On being introduced to him as a new missionary, his Majesty placed him under his arm, and walked into his house with him in that position. The situation was not the most pleasing, when it was recollected that his majesty was a fierce cannibal. The rev. gentleman related one or two other interesting anecdotes in reference to the Feejeeans. Their colour was between the black and the copper-colour—the chiefs being of a lighter complexion, owing to the attention paid to them from their infancy. The lecturer here exhibited the various articles of Feejeean dress—very few in number, and very slight—including the native whig and headdress. The chiefs carried their combs in front of their hair: the others behind. Every chief had his hair dresser, who was a great man in Feejee. To dress the hair of a chief occupied generally about three hours a day. The topsor, like the nurse—for men were nurses—was a sacred man, who dared to touch nothing with his hands except the head of his chief. The exhibition of a Feejeean pillow caused considerable merriment. It consists of a piece of stick about two feet in length, raised a few inches from the ground at each end: its grand object was to preserve the whig. The rev. gentleman then related some amusing anecdotes of natives who had become possessed of English clothing; he had seen one with a waistcoat over a coat, and a shirt over the waistcoat; another enter the chapel with a swallow-tailed coat, collar erect, and an old angular black hat, &c., &c. The Feejeeans were now, however, making suitable dresses for themselves. They lived in towns, some of them containing as many as 2000 inhabitants. They had good houses, and not gunyahs, like the aborigines of this colony. The lecturer here exhibited a native (modern) dress, very pretty in appearance, made of cloth, and painted. The natives made the cloth by beating out pieces of the bark of the Chinese mulberry and joining them by means of arrowroot jelly. In some parts of the islands they made cloth, and in others pots, wash-trays, baskets, &c., and at certain seasons they traded with each other. The inhabitants of the Feejee Islands were exceedingly cruel: cannibals, and stranglers of their sick relatives whom they had become weary of tending. They buried their aged alive. He had shaken hands with old people on the way to their grave, and endeavoured in vain to dissuade them from proceeding farther. At the death of a chief many children had their little fingers cut off: the men inflicted injury on themselves, and the women inflicted wounds, right and left, with dangerous weapons. They strangled the women of the chief. He had stood in a room pleading for the lives of such women, until he had seen five strangled by their own children. The Feejeeans were frequently at war, but he believed they were the greatest cowards under the sun. The reverend gentleman here exhibited a variety of native weapons consisting of bows and arrows, spears, and clubs of various kinds. They had now, however, thousands of muskets, carried out by American vessels, and also ammunition. The wooden drum of the natives was then shown. They beat it with sticks, and when the wind was favourable it could be heard at a distance of eight or ten miles. The Feejeeians had an immense number of gods including almost every stone, beast, fish or fowl. The rev. lecturer then alluded to the priests and their immense influence, exhibited a model of a temple, explained the manner in which the priest conducted himself when he professed to be possessed of Deity, and also the mode in which the grog was made, of which he partook during the operation, and concluded his lecture by exhibiting models of the native canoes, expressing his joy that Christianity had made so much progress, that there were now some 20,000 or 30,000 native professors of Christianity, including the King of Feejee, and that the New Testament, portions of the Old Testament, and several religious works had been translated into the native tongue.

Mr. Cane thanked the lecturer on behalf of his pupils, and the audience supplemented the vote by acclamation.

JUDICIAL NOTICE.

Saturday, the 6th day of September, 1856.

Juries of Four.—1. The remanet causes for trial on Wednesday, the 1st October next, and following days, shall, if not disposed of on or before Saturday, the 4th, be taken on the Monday following and three succeeding days.

Juries of Twelve.—2. No Special Jury cause shall, after this day, be set down for trial on Thursday, the 23rd October; nor shall any such cause be set down for Thursday, the 27th day of November next.

Special Juries in November.—3. Special Jury causes, in that month, shall be set down for Monday, the 17th November, and two following days; and be proceeded with, in preference to causes triable by juries of four, until disposed of.

Juries of Four in November.—4. No cause, triable by a jury of four, shall be entered in the No. 1 (*Jury Court*) list, for any day earlier than Thursday, the 20th November. But such causes may be entered in the No. 2 (*Banco Court*) list, for Monday, the 17th November, and following days.

Latest Days.—5. Causes may be entered, in *both* those lists (triable by juries of four) up to Friday, the 28th November inclusively.

Lists on Saturdays.—6. On every Saturday, during the sittings for causes, the No. 1 or *Jury Court* list will be proceeded with, and not the No. 2 list—if there remain any on the former list for trial.

Alfred Stephen.
J. N. Dickinson.
R. Therry.
Saml. Fredk. Milford.

Shakesperian Readings.—By an advertisement which appears in another column, it will be seen that Mr. Kemble Mason proposes to give this evening, in the new lecture room of the School of Arts, some readings from Shakspeare's great tragedy of Hamlet, and from the writings of Robert Burns.

English Opera House.—The opera of "Maritana" is announced for this evening, with new scenery, dresses, and decorations.

Royal Victoria Theatre.—The unhealthy and noxious atmosphere that for some time past lowered over the Sydney stage has not wholly passed away. Jack Sheppard and Oliver Twist, with their "flash kens," vulgar slang, and low haunts of vice and brutality, continue to find numerous admirers; and the corps dramatique of "Our Lyceum," together with that of this establishment, have (doubtless reluctantly) descended from the higher walks of the drama and essayed their talents in a range of characters in which, at best, but a questionable fame and popularity are obtainable. The resources of this theatre are considerable. Mademoiselle Duret is an artist of much ability, as her clever impersonations of Olympia and Mathilde de Merie in "The Queen of the Abruzzi," and "French Spy," adequately testify. On the evenings of Wednesday and Thursday she was successful as Joan of Arc, sustaining the heroine throughout with spirit and intelligence, and occasionally (as for example when kneeling over the prostrate form of her father in Act 2nd,) giving evidence of an earnestness and intensity of feeling not often witnessed in this part of the world. The tableaux of this piece were skilfully arranged and highly picturesque. The getting up of the production, the attention to the matters of detail, costume and properties, evince a lavish liberality on the part of the management. The house continues to be well attended.

Our Lyceum Theatre.—Oliver Twist, a drama revealing in its scenes what Mrs. Crow would term, "the night side of nature," was produced on Monday last, and played on the two following evenings. Probably the success of Jack Sheppard suggested the production of this piece, and a crowded house would seem to imply that the play-going public occasionally relish a departure from the legitimate literature and business of the stage. Oliver Twist is open to perhaps as many moral objections as is the drama founded on Harrison Ainsworth's novel. The brutality of Sykes—the slang of Dawson (alias the Artful Dodger), and the ocular-sinister instructions of old Fagin can scarcely be received as useful or beneficial lessons; and although the play may not be incentive to actual delinquency or crime, we boldly assert that it cannot possibly produce a good result. Vice, we hold, should be too serious a matter to create laughter; and however dexterous and ingenious we find many of the scenes delineating the criminality of the unfortunate outcasts of society, the effect produced by them upon the audience is amusing, certainly not instructive, or desirable. It was pleasant and refreshing on the evening of Monday last to find in the course of the entertainments that better and more wholesome fare had been provided for the numerous auditory than that of Oliver Twist. Mr. Craven's delightfully constructed (if not original) comedy, entitled "My Daughter's Debut," was received with loud applause and warm tokens of commendation. This reception was deserved, for it would not be possible to make so admirable a cast as that of this piece. Mr. W. H. Stephens as Claptrap, the author; Mr. Craven as Pierre Enjoleur; and Mrs. Craven, with her sweet expression, singing as Blanche Enjoleur, form a trio not to be surpassed in artistic skill. Although "My Daughter's Debut" has been performed so many times, there is always a freshness about it. On Thursday night the comedy of the "Little Treasure" introduced Miss A. M. Quinn as Gertrude, a performance full of tenderness and pathos; and at a late period of the evening Mr. Lambert, as Barnaby Babicombe, made a hit as successful as that of his Sir Paul Pagoda, in the "Bengal Tiger." Mr. Kemble Mason will appear in Byron's "Werner" on Monday next; and this evening, Mr. Vinson, the instructor of Miss A. M. Quinn, has announced his benefit night.

Miska Hauser's Concert.—The grand concert given by Miska Hauser, in conjunction with Madame Cailly, took place last night in the hall of the Royal Hotel, and was both numerously and fashionably attended. The performances were divided into three parts, the first, comprising a quartette in C major, very ably executed by Miska Hauser, John Deane, Edward Deane, and an amateur. The second part consisted of two violin solos by Miska Hauser, both loudly encored; the beautiful cavatina from Rossini's "Il Barbiere" "Una voce poco fa," and the grand aria "Robert, toi que j'aime," from Meyerbeer's "Robert le Diable," executed by Madame Cailly, the latter air being peremptorily redemanded; and a piano solo by M. Boulanger. A quartette from Beethoven's No. 5, with variations, commenced the third part of the entertainment, and was followed by the very difficult variations from Auber's "Crown Diamonds," in which the cantatrice showed to full effect the power and flexibility of her voice, and brought down a most unequivocal encore; a piano solo by M. Boulanger was also redemanded; and Miska Hauser's "Bird on the tree," which concluded the performances, elicited, as it has invariably done, both loud and unanimous applause.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

London, 17th June, 1856.

NOTWITHSTANDING that the newspaper advices just brought by the Asia, steamer, from New York, do not positively announce the fact, it seems probable that Mr. Crampton has been dismissed from the United States. Indeed, he ought to be sent away, if the Pierce Government has one spark of that patriotic indignation which they arrogate to themselves. To withdraw from that demand which they made on Lord Clarendon, and plead guilty to the charge of "bunkum," would be to seal their speedy downfall. Therefore it is, why we anticipate a measure whose bare threat has been exceedingly irritating to this country. Within the last few weeks, the idea has grown up that Mr. Crampton's dismissal is connected simply and entirely with the enlistment question. For our parts, we believe no such thing. We have a suspicion that it arises from a higgledy-piggledy of personal and national considerations, and that the most unimportant ingredients in the whole mass is "offended national honour." It requires no ghost to tell us that, as the United States have grown up in wealth and importance, so has there grown up a tendency to magnify those several points, which between the two countries require a settlement. The history of the last five and twenty years abounds in illustrations of this. Public men have, on at least half-a-dozen separate occasions, professed to discern the probabilities of war; and so "ticklish" has been the relationship at times, that considerable commercial disorganisation has resulted therefrom, just as is beginning to be felt at the present time. What relative value, for instance, existed between the merits of the Maine boundary question and the portentous results that were so much dreaded? What proportion between the importance of the Oregon dispute and the surpassing interest of the Ashburton mission? And so on with the appendages of the Canadian rebellion. Doubts have always been turned into disputes, disputes into quarrels, quarrels into serious difficulties. And we have got into another of these difficulties now. It is in some sort the natural result of intimate relationship with a nation which carries the idea of her own superiority to the very pinnacle of absurdity—which principle is illustrated by the ease with which it settles public law,—the Monroe doctrine and Pierce's manifesto on *de facto* governments to wit. The expansiveness of American prosperity, then, is one cause of the quarrel. But strange as it may appear, what we have stated above is capable of demonstration, viz., that in this enlistment dispute the ostensible cause of quarrel, has, of all things, the slightest reference thereto. First of all, it was asserted by Mr. Marcy that American law had been broken by carrying on enlistments in America. The reply which Lord Clarendon made to the charge went as neatly through Mr. Marcy as a minie bullet. But Mr. Marcy was not killed, he only changed his ground. He retorted that if British agents had not broken the law, they had, at Lord Clarendon's instigation, evaded it, and consequently had infringed the States' sovereignty. And this retort, although alleging a far less tangible ground of offence than that which had so effectually been disposed of, has ever since constituted the stock-in-trade of Yankee blusterers and British malcontents. We know how thoroughly impracticable the American cabinet can be and is; and how unwilling to "arrange" matters. The dislike of England's offer of arbitration in the Central American question is the very latest instance. They must have all or none. There is no neutral ground. Remembering this, therefore, we must be careful how to allow them to occupy any position, in the hope that negotiation or apology can induce them to abandon it. England is unanimously averse to another war, and with America above all other countries. What mighty interests would be brought to a dead stop, upon the first shot being fired. In the year 1854, the value of our imports from the United States was £29,795,590. In the same year the value of our exports of produce and manufactures was £21,410,369. On the American side, half of their whole export trade is sent to England. What suicidal folly would it be to interrupt this mutual blessing! We hope the British Government will adopt a resolute attitude. Mr. Crampton has been sent home from Washington, and Mr. Dallas will perhaps receive a hint that his presence is not necessary in London, and then, probably the sulky fit will cure itself. The citizens of Manchester have issued an address to the people of the United States, which has already been very numerously signed. The address purposes to have been occasioned by the perilous condition into which the relations of these two great nations have been thrown by the mistakes or the misconceptions of the respective Governments. The address states:—"We believe that much of the dispute that now imperils the peace of the two countries has arisen in mistake, and not in design; and we further believe that a calm and quiet survey of the question will even yet lead to a satisfactory solution of every difficulty, and to the removal of every cause of contention and complaint." It concludes thus:—"We therefore, brethren, implore you to exert your utmost influence with the Government of the United States, in favour of this method of averting the calamities of war, assuring you, with all solemnity, that we do the same, to the fullest extent of our power, with the Government of her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain, and sincerely praying that our mutual efforts may be attended with complete success."

The Scotch miners's strike, the most extensive and bitterly contested which has ever taken place in Scotland, has terminated. When it was at its height, a few weeks since, at least 40,000 men were in a state of voluntary idleness. The loss is enormous, and many days must elapse before the mining districts can recover their usual prosperity. It is calculated that the sacrifice in wages alone amounts to more than £500,000; but to this must be added the master's profit, and the dislocation of business endured by all who depend upon the coal and mining trades. The men have returned to their work in a very gloomy mood, under a burning sense of what they consider to be injustice.

The parliamentary proceedings have for the most part been devoid of interest. In the Commons, on the 9th instant, on the motion that the Oath of Abjuration Bill be read a third time, Sir Frederic Thesiger moved an amendment, the object of which was to obtain the retention of the words "on the true faith of a Christian," which he contended was necessary to preserve the Christian character of the Legislature. On a division, the amendment was negatived by a majority of 150 against 78. On the 10th, Mr. Ewart moved for the appointment of a select committee to inquire into the operation of the law imposing the punishment of death. The motion was resisted by Government, and, on a division, negatived by 158 against 64. On the 13th Lord Palmerston stated that the American Government expressed itself satisfied with the explanations offered by Lord Clarendon; but, for reasons stated, it was not equally satisfied with Mr. Crampton's conduct and that of three of our consuls, and the intention was to give Mr. Crampton his passport, and to withdraw the *exequatur* from the consuls. Mr. Crampton has since arrived in London, and will, we anticipate, be sacrificed to the exigencies of the situation, after all the talk of war. M. De Lamartine is said to be a ruined man, and to be on the point of emigrating to America. Dr. James Henry Monk, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, died on the 6th instant; the deceased prelate was a distinguished classical scholar, and at the age of twenty-five succeeded Dr. Porson as Professor of Greek at the University of Cambridge. In 1822 Lord Liverpool made him Dean of Peterborough, and in 1830 the Duke of Wellington promoted him to the bishopric of Bristol, with which that of Gloucester was afterwards united. Dr. Villiers, recently appointed Bishop of Carlisle, will take his seat in the House of Lords, in consequence of the death of Dr. Monk. The new Bishop of Gloucester will not be entitled to a seat until another vacancy occurs.

On the 14th instant, William Palmer, the Rugeley poisoner, paid the penalty of his crime on the scaffold at Stafford. For some days before meetings had been held with a view of obtaining a reprieve for the condemned convict, and the papers teemed with letters intended to prove his innocence. These morbid movements of perverted minds were the more remarkable because they practically ignored the very first principle of English law—a code of jurisprudence which for the advantage it gives to a prisoner, and the latitude it affords to the influence of reasonable doubt, is perhaps unequalled in the world. The arguments advanced in favour of a reprieve was simply this:—that strychnine was not found in the body of the deceased, and that the prisoner was not seen to administer the poison. Of course, had either of these facts been demonstrated, there would have been an end of the case; but it by no means follows that they were necessary to conviction. How many convictions would take place if a witness to the deed were necessary to the verdict? The utmost that can be said of the chemical evidence is that it was contradictory. One man said that strychnine became decomposed in the system, another that it did not. Discarding such evidence altogether, and looking at the case without it, what does the medical evidence say? It shows that the death of Cook exhibited symptoms both in their character, order, and results, which are inconsistent with all known causes save strychnine. The medical evidence for the defence was disgraceful, and was completely overthrown by the skilful cross-examination of the Attorney-General. The defence, moreover, broke down, because they attempted to prove too much. Had they confined themselves to any one of the half-dozen theories that they suggested, they might have escaped disgrace; but in their efforts to prove that Cook's death was referable to one of the six diseases which are so distinct from each other as they are from death by strychnine, they proved in effect that the science of medicine was a mere farrago of empiricism, and that, necessarily, their own individual existence, at all events, was worthless. The medical evidence for the Crown was, on the other hand, consistent in itself and unimpeached by the conflicting evidence for the defence. But the case for the prosecution was strong enough to dispense with nine-tenths of its own medical testimony, and to rest entirely upon the facts proved, and the only reasonable inferences to be drawn from those facts. Our law requires, not a spectator of the deed, but such a mass of circumstantial evidence as removes all doubt. Was there any doubt in the minds of the jury or of the judges? Not a shadow. And is there any sane man—excepting of course, Palmer's family and advocate—(and their sanity, that is to say, their moral perception in a case of this kind is open to doubt) is there any man who can doubt that William Palmer was John Parson Cook's poisoner? We believe not; although we are constrained to think there are some persons who have cultivated a morbid sympathy for a man, who was a ruined gambler, who robbed his friend and dosed him with antimony—who forged the name of his mother to the extent of many thousands—who compelled his wife to be the instrument of his frauds—who attempted to pass off the vilest shams on many insurance offices, who seduced the Rugeley Postmaster to his ruin, whose particular friend was "Jerry Smith"—who tampered with the course of justice by bribes of game, if not of money—and who laboured under the suspicion of numerous still darker deeds. If ever capital punishment was a righteous retribution, it was in the case of Palmer—who died, with great firmness, declaring to the last that he had been unjustly convicted, and that Cook had not died from the effects of strychnine, and begging that the body might again be exhumed for the purposes of further examination. Twenty-five thousand persons, from all parts of the country, were present at the execution. The subject of public and private executions is exciting considerable attention at the present moment. A committee appointed at the instance of the Bishop of Oxford, is now holding its sittings. A step has been taken which has caused much remark, viz., the establishment of Prince Alfred at the "Royal Lodge," Windsor. Twelve is rather an early age at which to require a separate establishment, and the precedent is regarded with considerable apprehension. Recollections of the "necessary provisions" called for from the country on behalf of the numerous family of George III. come to mind, and make people feel uneasy. Prince Frederic of Prussia and the Princess Royal of England are now seen frequently together, and even at the theatres, so that their marriage may be regarded as settled. During the time the young Prince has been in England he has been the almost constant companion of the Duke of Cambridge. The Prince's sister, Louisa, will shortly visit this country, and as she is to marry the Regent of Baden, who is now here, there will be a re-union of lovers at Buckingham Palace. The Regent has nearly finished a grand tour of the manufacturing districts and the lions of this country that are ordinarily visited by foreigners. The question of a dowry for the Princess Royal will soon be agitated, but the country is indisposed to sanction any heavy grant, especially as the Princess will some day, probably, be Queen of Prussia.

The French papers during the week, have been occupied with the very serious disasters caused by recent inundations. The loss of property is great, and hundreds of families have been, in a measure, ruined by this calamity. Large sums will, no doubt, be contributed by the French Government, and the Emperor, who has displayed great activity and courage in visiting the scene of the inundations. A subscription has been opened in this country, the City of London taking the initiative in a meeting convened by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House, Friday.—A secret society has been discovered in Madrid, which was organised for the purpose of assassinating the Queen. It fell to the lot of a young carpenter, named Fuentes, to do the deed, and he was only prevented from discharging a pistol at the carriage of the Princess Asturias by a police agent. This would-be assassin has made a statement implicating numerous other persons, who have also been arrested, but the result has not been allowed to transpire.—Letters from Constantinople, speak of a great fermentation prevailing among the Turks on the subject of the recent concessions to the Christians by the Sultan. At Padgorizza the Turks have burnt two Roman Catholic churches, and killed two Christians; at Wiseki, near Montenegro, the Christians in order to avenge themselves for the continual outrages they meet with, have attacked and pillaged a caravan coming from Ragusa; fourteen Turks were killed.—The reports of the state of trade in the manufacturing towns show, on the whole, a tendency to dulness. At Manchester, the demand has been heavy, and there has been a gradual increase in the amount of business. At Birmingham, the demand for iron has been limited, and prices affected by the uncertainty of the American question. The Nottingham accounts describe increased purchases of lace for home consumption, and steady transactions, also, in hosiery. In the woollen districts there is an absence of activity, and sales have not kept pace with production. The Irish linen markets continue to exhibit great animation.

London, 19th June, 1856.

We have, we trust, safely tided over those sunken reefs—the American difficulties. Mr. Crampton's dismissal will not be followed by the dismissal of Mr. Dallas, the new American Minister here. The Foreign Enlistment was an unpopular measure from the very first, and the country would not willingly have gone to war in its vindication. There was, however, some danger of a warlike tendency arising out of the impression that President Pierce wished to bully the British Government. By a dexterous stroke of policy, however, exhibiting no small political skill, General Pierce and his colleagues have ceased to blame our Government, and made all their charges personal against Mr. Crampton, but professing the best feelings to the Government he represents. What is still more clever, they have invested Mr. Dallas, the new American Minister, at the Court of St. James, with special powers for the settlement of the Central American question, so that his dismissal in retaliation for that of Mr. Crampton would be tantamount to a rejection of friendly overtures with regard to the remaining matter of dispute. We must concede to this combined movement the merit of being well calculated to disarm resentment, and to induce our Government to abstain from retaliation. Fairly viewing the circumstances, perhaps our Ministers could come to no other decision than that which they announced on Monday night, and by promptly resolving upon it, they too have gained an advantage over their political opponents, who will not be able to attack them for having abandoned Mr. Crampton, since they stood honourably by him so long as doing so could be of any avail. The nomination of Mr. Buchanan for the Presidency by the democratic convention of Cincinnati, to the exclusion of Mr. Pierce, tends still further to strengthen the prospects of peace.—Dean Eliot, of Bristol; Dean Tait, of Carlisle; Dean Dawes, of Hereford; the Rev. Dr. Robinson, Master of the Temple; the Rev. Dr. Carus; the Hon. and Rev. J. T. Pelham, M.A.; and the Rev. Dr. Thompson, Provost of Queen's College, Oxford, are mentioned as likely to succeed the late Bishop of Gloucester. A subscription has been commenced to re-establish Mr. Barber, the attorney, who was tried and transported for participation in the Fletcher will forgeries, in his profession. Among the contributors are the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of St. David's, Lords Ellesmere, Fortescue, Minto, St. Germans; Serjeant Stephens, Wilkins, Parry, Sir F. Kelly; Messrs. Roundell, Palmer, Collier, M. Chambers, &c.

THE AMERICAN QUESTION.

(*From the Times, 10th June.*)

IT is impossible to foresee the ultimate effects of the Crampton quarrel. No one who is not profoundly ignorant of human nature can suppose that such an act can have no ulterior results beyond the dismissal of one ambassador and the toleration of another. Although diplomacy may smooth the asperities of the rupture, and policy may dictate acquiescence in an affront, there are consequences which, as neither of the two Governments has considered, so neither of them will be able to modify or divert. Whenever Englishmen and Americans meet—whether abroad or in British possessions—there will be for some time to come ill-disguised consciousness of a triumph on one side and ill-smothered sentiments of resentful humiliation on the other. How long feelings of this nature can predominate without leading to some awkward practical development it is not for us to say; but it is clear that their long repression during peace must add intensity to the exasperation of any future more open conflict.

That such a catastrophe would be embittered by the recollections of the recent dispute, and that these would tend to magnify calamities in themselves sufficiently great, seems to be the idea of a leading party in the United States, who have taken an early opportunity to make a demonstration against the anti-English adherents of Mr. Pierce. The Democratic Convention has nominated as its candidate for the Presidency Mr. Buchanan, in preference to the present occupant of the White-house. Although this selection is not, indeed, so indicative of a pacific and inoffensive policy as could be desired, it, at all events, proves that the whole people of the United States are not inspired by that hatred of Great Britain which animated the counsels of Mr. Pierce and his Cabinet. Of the two men proposed for their selection, they are better pleased with the cleverness of Buchanan than the open hostility of Pierce. Buchanan has "done" the Britisher; Pierce would eat him, bones and all. The former accords better with the present humour of the American people. They can chuckle over the clever address which killed two birds with one stone, and reconciled the amenities of diplomacy here with the pretensions of patriotism there. But they are not at present disposed to sympathise generally with the more truculent predilections which savour of the bowie-knife and the rifle.

For this we may be thankful, not only on our own account, but on theirs too. The unanimity which would have re-elected Mr. Pierce to the presidential chair must have involved, as a certain consequence, the assumption of a policy pregnant with violence, aggression, and insult. It would have proclaimed to the world that henceforth the Government of the United States was pledged, and the people of the United States were devoted, to a system which, while it defied or violated the usual laws of international intercourse, at the same time coined fresh laws for its own convenience or pride; and it would not be difficult to foresee that such a system, once permitted through weakness or encouraged by connivance, must sooner or later lead to a rupture with European States, and, among them, with this country.

And what a war that would be! We forbear to detail the peculiar means of mutual annoyance which each of the contending parties could bring into the field. We forbear to compute the items of injury which they might respectively inflict and suffer:—on the one hand, Boston, New York, and New Orleans dismantled, shattered, depopulated, and in flames; on the other, Liverpool, Manchester, and Birmingham subjected, not to the same indignities, but to equal misery, by the loss of their trade. We leave to the commercial imagination—an imagination which in our days is more active than any other—to reckon the losses, the bankruptcies, the ruin of private families and of associations, which must follow such a struggle. That both countries could survive the strife and in a very short time repair their losses is probable enough; but what time would suffice to heal reciprocated injuries, and cool the hot torrent of angry passions? More important far than this for it concerns not two nations only, but all civilised Europe, after England and her Transatlantic child had inflicted these deep and searching wounds on each other—when each had drunk madly of the other's blood—what would be the prospects of European liberty? At the present moment a dark thick cloud hangs over Italy, Germany, Servia, and Turkey. It is on the cast of the die that they rise free from their time-hardened bondage, or that their fetters be riveted more tightly for ever. At such a crisis is it of no slight moment that the two kindred nations who enjoy the greatest freedom of speech, thought, and institutions should be embroiled in a warfare which would bequeath the bitter legacy of enduring and rancorous hatred? It is no secret that the great sovereign Powers of Europe, who look with dread and detestation upon those institutions which give to the governed a voice in the government of their country—and this definition includes nearly all the great Powers—are meditating a project for smothering the nascent liberties of those states where thought is not yet stifled by the censor nor speech falsified by the spy. A dexterously concerted plan of operations may strangle the young liberties of Europe, and throw its people back into the darkness and degradation of the middle ages. Once done, this cannot be undone. But, to do this, one thing is especially needful as a precedent condition. It is, above all things, necessary that England should be either distracted or debilitated by some engrossing and dangerous contest. Whatever diverts her attention, drains her resources, or endangers her influence gives an accession of strength to the monarch who hates liberty and every tyrant who abuses his power. But how great does this occasion become if her energies are consumed in a parricidal quarrel with that kindred race which, with her language and blood, has inherited her traditions of law, liberty, and self-government! What would not the despotic sovereign give to see England and the United States committed to a long and desolating war! Such a strife would seal the fate of free institutions for centuries; perhaps for ever. It would crush the germ of constitutionalism in Sardinia. It would consign the fair provinces of Rome and Tuscany to the eternal sway of a priestly caste and Austrian soldiers. It would give full rein to the barbarous caprices of the Neapolitan tyrant. It would strangle Protestantism in Austria. It would destroy free speech and action everywhere; and would leave no hope, no resource, no redress, save in the wild outburst of desultory insurrection or the capricious vengeance of the cowardly stiletto! We know not if these things have been considered by the American people. If they have not been so, they are at least worthy of their meditation. Meanwhile, we venture to regard as an indication of less pronounced hostility the demonstrative preference which they have given to the civil diplomatist over the martial and bellicose President.

REPUBLICAN MORALS AND MONARCHICAL POLICY.

(*From the Economist, 14th June.*)

THE question as to the permanent and deliberate policy to be pursued by this country in its relation with the United States is far wider, graver, and more difficult than that which concerns the settlement of the present dispute between the two Governments. *That* may be arranged in several ways, or may not be arranged at all. It may be compromised; it may be suffered to drop; it may be a matter for the continued interchange of hostile diplomatic notes: it may be fanned into an actual war by angry, indiscreet, or dishonest politicians; or it may issue in speedy hostilities, without any deliberate intention on the part of either Government, in case any hot-headed naval commander or ill-meaning consul should proceed to some irrevocable action which their superiors may not choose to disavow, and which may arouse the fierce passions of our or other people. In this last possibility, undoubtedly lies the real danger. Reckless and unscrupulous as we believe President Pierce and some at least of his Cabinet to be, we acquit them of being so mad or so wicked as designedly to force on a war for their own party purposes. They go so near the critical line of demarcation, because they fancy there is no danger of stepping over it. If they had thought hostilities probable, they would have been far more shy of provoking them. But their subordinates may easily go over the precipice on the verge of which they have been content to walk. They, as well as we, have ships of war on the Central American Station: with what instructions furnished we know not. Under these circumstances it is obvious that an intemperate or blundering captain on either side may bring on a collision, and the first shot fired may place the dispute beyond the control of any Minister. Therefore though it is understood that the last despatches from the Government at Washington have been couched in a tone which gives greater hope than was expected of an amicable solution of our differences, we cannot but feel deep anxiety as to the result.

But we will suppose the matter settled for the time without blows, either by a reference of the dispute to arbitration or by an abrogation of the unlucky treaty which has given rise to such discrepant interpretations. The main question to which we drew attention last week will still, however, remain behind. Sooner or later, slowly or rapidly, decently or brutally, on one pretext or another, with or without disguise, it is certain that the United States will seek to extend their sway by process of absorption and annexation over the whole of Mexico and Central America, and to stretch their republican empire from Maine to the Isthmus of Panama. In contemplation of this prospect, what is to be the policy of Great Britain? Are we called upon to prevent this consummation? Could we prevent it? Ought we, in wisdom and in righteousness, to endeavour to prevent it?

It is no doubt painful to all just and generous minds to stand by and witness wrong and oppression inflicted by the strong upon the weak, to be spectators of high-handed iniquity, to permit, and in a manner to connive at, spoliation and injustice, by not interposing to forbid them. The best instincts of our nature would, in private life, revolt against this acquiescent inaction. But as nations we must not be guided simply by our instinctive feelings, however amiable, generous, and powerful they may be; we must take into account a wide range of considerations; we must endeavour to ascertain what course of action is likely on the whole to be most conducive to good, and what policy, therefore, an enlightened sense of duty would lead us to adopt.

Now, though nations must never perpetrate wrong, it is by no means follows that they are bound or would be wise or right in all cases to interfere to prevent its perpetration. Each case must stand upon its own merits. We are not charged with the general police of the universe. We cannot undertake knight-errantry throughout the whole world. We may interpose to protect our immediate friends, or special allies, or close connections, those to whom we are bound by affection, those to whom we are linked by interest, without entailing upon ourselves the obligation to defend also the distant and the unrelated. We may properly enough take up arms to resent one wrong or to beat back one encroachment, yet with equal propriety decline to punish analogous wrongs elsewhere, or to repel all similar encroachments. We must do what we can—what most concerns us—what lies within our special power, our close cognizance, our easy reach. It is no accurate or cogent logic that would constrain us, because we have protected the weak and baffled the robber in Europe and at home, to pursue the same course at the antipodes and in another hemisphere. To do so would be simply out of our power and beyond our scope. It is a policy, which we could not carry out, and which therefore we should not be wise and are not called upon to undertake. In many cases we should not be able to pronounce a certain and authoritative judgment, and in many more we should not be able to enforce our sentence, or to enforce it without doing more harm than good. To announce that we disclaim the vocation of righting all wrongs and punishing all crimes all over the world, may possibly be an encouragement to the wrong-doer but it is an encouragement which we cannot help affording.

Therefore, though we see clearly whither the aggressive and avaricious passions of the United States are leading them; though we hold their absorbing and annexing policy to be criminal and unchristian; though we are convinced that like all other crime it will entail its own certain and bitter penalty,—yet we do not hesitate to say that it is not for England to take upon herself either to award or to inflict that penalty. On the head of the guilty nation be the condemnation and the consequences of the guilt. We could not hinder the ultimate absorption by the Anglo-Saxon republicans of the whole of Central America if we would; and we are by no means certain that we would if we could.

For, in the first place, all experience has shown us that the weak cannot permanently be protected against the strong, unless in the most peculiar and exceptional cases. It would not be for the welfare of the world that they should be so protected. It is not for the good of humanity that a sickly existence should be artificially prolonged. But even were it desirable, it would not be possible as a continuance. In the case of races, it is especially impossible. You cannot prevent the Red Indian from being gradually crushed and effaced by the white man, and it is avowedly idle to attempt it. You cannot for ever uphold the semi-civilised, semi Spanish, degenerate Mexicans or Nicaraguans—with their incurable indolence and their eternal petty squabbles—with their effeminate habits and their enfeebled powers—against the hasting, rushing, unresting, inexhaustible energies of the Anglo-Saxon Americans. Criminal, coarse, violent as they often are, it cannot be denied that they rule and conquer by virtue of a superior manhood. And you can no more enable the Spanish Creole to make head against the Yankee adventurer than you can preserve the Australian savage side by side with the Scotch or English settler. You may prolong their unavailing struggles; you may postpone their dying day; but would you thereby be doing any real good, or conferring any real kindness on the feebler race? Is it not certain that the lot of these fine provinces will in the end be higher and happier under American than under Mexican and Spanish rule,—that their resources will be more fully and more rapidly developed,—that their future will be nobler and grander,—that the humanity they will sustain and give forth a century hence will be more advanced, and more morally and intellectually deserving of existence? Is it not always a mistake to seek to maintain the lower against the higher civilization? And though these considerations and this conviction are no justification to the United States for their aggressive and piratical policy—since fraud and violence must be always crimes—yet they are an ample justification to us for not taking up arms to oppose that policy, which—sinful as it is—we cannot regard as ultimately noxious to the world.

Again, we can have no interest in upholding the present wretched and feeble Governments of Spanish America. Our interest lies all the other way. We wish ourselves for no extension of territory on that continent. We are half inclined to regret that we hold any possessions at all there South of the Union. Desiring no territory, we desire only prosperous, industrious, civilized and wealthy customers. Central America peopled and *exploité* by Anglo-Saxons will be worth to us tenfold its present value. We have no fear that our countrymen will be excluded from the commerce of these provinces. We have no fear that our ships will be prohibited from crossing that Isthmus when the two seas shall be joined by a canal. Neither as philanthropists nor as merchants therefore—neither as friends of progress nor as lovers of lucre—can we have any wish to oppose what we yet must perceive are the designs of America, and what in the eye of morality we cannot too decidedly condemn.

But we are prepared to go still further, and to say that, looking at the matter as politicians, we see every ground for anticipating good from the dreaded and the guilty consummation, and every reason for abstaining from all active intervention to avert it. We incline to believe that (the questions of Ruatan colonisation and Mosquito protectorates once formally disposed of) this consummation may bring at once peace to England, retribution to the criminal ambition of the American Government, and ultimate and incalculable aid to the best interests of the human race. We look to the severance of the Union into two or three separate States as the event which will be the salvation of America and the security of Europe; we are satisfied that the extension of the Federal territories towards the South will bring about that severance; and there can be no doubt that the only thing which could postpone that severance and bind the Northern States to the guilty and suicidal policy of the Federal Government, would be our interference to oppose it. The New England States and the Free States generally are well aware that these seizures and annexations towards the tropics are done mainly in the interest of slavery, and on that account they are vehemently hostile to all such proceedings. If left to themselves, and unirritated by foreign intervention, they will take up the matter as one vitally affecting the great internal question of the Union; for they feel that their success or failure, their position, their preponderance are the points really and immediately at issue; the absorption of Mexico and Central America renders the indefinite augmentation of the Slave States not only possible but certain; and in the severance of the Union will the Free States then be compelled to seek emancipation from the degrading connection and the indelible blot. A federation embracing such irreconcilable and diametrically opposed elements cannot be maintained when once a solution of the dividing question has been made hopeless by being postponed for ever; and an empire reaching from Maine to Panama—from the tropics to the frozen ocean—cannot be long bound in one chain or governed from one centre. The severance of the Union has long "loomed in the distance"—usually as a fear, latterly almost as a hope; the actual condition of the slavery question evidently drawing to a crisis, indicates that the day for its realisation is probably near at hand, if we do not mar the evolution of the problem by external opposition; and when the great Republic is split up into three Europe and America will both be saved. The States, thus divided, will no longer be formidable externally—they will mutually keep each other in order, and compress, control, and civilise each other. Boundless tracts of unpeopled territory may for long years keep the West in a state of semi-barbarism—but their barbarism will no longer be formidable to others. Unfettered fields for slave labour may render slavery comparatively permanent; but the Slave Republic will at least be homogeneous, will display its own defects and bear its own burden and its own reproach. And the North, liberated at length from the millstone round its neck and the cancer at its heart, will rapidly improve in tone and character, and embody the civilization of Europe with the youth and freshness of transatlantic energy.

THE AUSTRALIAN POSTAL SERVICE AND THE "CIRCUMLOCUTION-OFFICE."

(*From the Times, 10th June.*)

THE Circumlocution-office may well be proud of the power it exercises. It has, as we all know, strong capacities for obstruction, and uses them to the astonishment of England and England's antipodes. It is not given to all men to defeat the improvements of modern science, and to check communication between the extremities of the empire. From the beginning of the late war until the present moment the postal intercourse between the Australian colonies and the mother country has been all but paralysed. We need not expatiate upon the frightful inconvenience which has resulted from this state of things. Commercial transactions of the greatest magnitude have been brought to a standstill; or if operations have been continued, certain loss and bankruptcy have been the rewards of ill-timed enterprise. At first there was no disposition on any side to murmur at that which seemed to be an inevitable consequence of an unavoidable war. We know well enough when we entered upon hostilities that many Englishmen would be killed and many ruined, and that, at any rate for a time, there must be a dislocation of our usual marine postal arrangements. All this was bad enough, but men who had cast in their lot with England were content to take the rough with the smooth. For a long time past, however, any such necessity has ceased to exist. The passage from London or Southampton to Aden, at the southern extremity of the Red Sea, has been as clear as the passage from Folkstone to Boulogne. There has not, as far as we are aware, existed any greater difficulty in finding steamships for the transmission of letter-bags between the points named than exists at this moment between the Channel ports. All that was required was a temporary arrangement between Aden and King George's Sound, by way of the Mauritius—if Diego Garcia were not at once available—or, indeed, by any other route which might present the fewest practical difficulties for immediate solution. Any ordinary commercial house engaged in foreign trade would within 48 hours have made some contrivance for sliding over the obstacle. Things are managed in a more discreet manner in the Circumlocution-office. The last advices from Australia are nearly 160 days old. It is in vain that all merchants engaged in the Australian trade have held meeting after meeting. It is in vain that they have memorialised the Government, that they have complained of the unnecessary inconvenience to which they have been subjected, and have pointed out the facility with which a remedy might have been found. Nor have the complaints been confined to this country alone. From the Australian colonies remonstrances of the most vigorous kind have been despatched home. Nor have these remonstrances been mere expressions of puling discontent. The petitioners have said, "Give us the accommodation we require, and we are willing to contribute large sums—so much, and so much—as our proportion of the cost." The very liberality and straightforwardness of their own offers have been turned against them. The circumlocution gentlemen have been of opinion that the least degree of respect that could be shown to the colonists, in order to mark our sense of their liberality, was to consult them upon the specific manner in which their money should be expended. Hence a delightful series of references between England and the antipodes; hence queries and counter-queries, notes and additional notes, representations, misrepresentations and counter-representations, memorials and marginal comments upon memorials, which seemed to "My Lords" to require further explanation and elucidation.

It must have been a great day for "My Lords" when this business of the Australian postal arrangements fell into their hands. The thing was so simple, and they have contrived to render it so wonderfully obscure. To them, indeed, personally the whole merit of this great achievement cannot be attributed. Without a thoroughly well-founded system of procrastination, carefully considered and efficiently carried out by the most ingenious agents for a century or so, this result could not have been attained. No given set of men living at the same time could arrive at such a high point of excellence. This is a question of tradition and successive generations. The science of procrastination must have been pushed to a very high point indeed ere the world could enter into the full fruition of Downing-street and its dependencies. Any ordinary man would feel uneasy if it were his duty to expedite business, and he devoted his days and nights to arresting its progress. He must be initiated into the mysteries of "the office;" the blue foolscap and red tape must have entered into his very soul before he could go home complacently to his dinner after having caused unbounded inconvenience to his fellow-creatures in return for so many thousands or hundreds a-year which they are foolish enough to bestow upon him in return for the vexation and loss he inflicts upon them. It is to this wonderful influence, which pervades every department of State and every office in which clerks are confined and cribbed for the non-"despatch" of public business, that this unfortunate delay about the Australian postal arrangements must be attributed. Mr. Wilson, for instance, used to be a man of nimble intellect and quick action enough before he was installed in this official Bœotia. He is now cunning in the science of "how not to do 'it'" and most dexterous at explanations of why nothing should be done. His ingenuity is turned into a wrong channel—and so much the worse for Australia, and for all men who are connected with it by ties of business. Nothing as yet has been done, except that, in reply to inquiries which have been addressed to him recently on two occasions in the House, Mr. Wilson has stated that tenders might yet be sent in.

Here, then, we are disputing about which is the best of all possible routes between England and the antipodes, and meanwhile it requires something like half-a-year to get an answer to a letter despatched from either side. We are like the blear-eyed old chemists who spent their lives in the midst of famine and rags, while they were in search of the secret which should convert every substance into the most precious of metals. The first point clearly is to shorten the period actually employed in the transmission of letters between London and Sydney by one-half; and this can be done by one stroke of an official pen, which, after the achievement, should be hung up in the Circumlocution-office *in sempiternum*. When this feat has been accomplished we may enter with greater propriety upon such niceties as the saving of an hour or two more or less.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

THE *European Times* of June 20th publishes the following as the latest advices by magnetic telegraph:

FRANCE.

The *Moniteur* of the 17th, in mentioning a donation of 3034 francs, from Geneva, to the fund for the benefit of the sufferers by the floods, states that the sum previously received, from various sources, amounted to 1,091,385f. 30c.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says:—"I am informed that the Corps Legislatif is to be prorogued till July 2. There is little doubt that the new tariff bill abolishing prohibitions will be passed this session, although there is a majority of protectionists in the house who would throw it out if they dared."

A *Senatus Consultum*, appointing the Empress as Regent, in case of an imperial minority, together with the nomination of a Council of Regency, has been communicated to the Senate by the Emperor.

The amount collected in Paris for the inundated amounts to nearly £100,000.

The Paris journals generally indulge in a feeling of surprise at the attitude assumed by the British Government on the American question. The comments of the *Assemblée Nationale* especially are not flattering to our national pride.

SPAIN.

On the 16th the Cortes rejected, by a majority of 136, the vote of censure on Marshal O'Donnell.

The harvest in Spain, it is now hoped, will turn out finer than was expected.

BELGIUM.

The printer of the Republican journal *The Nation* published at Brussels, has been fined 1000 francs, and sentenced to a year's imprisonment, for a libel on the Duchess of Brabant, the King's daughter-in-law.

RUSSIA.

The *Nord*, of Brussels, states that M. Tourkull, the minister directing the affairs of Poland, had died from the consequences of a malady which he contracted while travelling with the Emperor from St. Petersburg to Warsaw. A telegraphic despatch, dated Warsaw, 15th, says that Prince Golenischeff-Koutousoff, a Pole by birth, has been appointed to succeed M. Tourkull.

ITALY.

The Paris correspondent of the *Post* says that, according to information he has received from Vienna, Marshal Radetsky lately intimated that if certain symptoms of excitement continued in the Lombardo-Venetian provinces he should require an increase of 30,000 Austrian troops. A council was summoned on the receipt of this despatch at Vienna, at which the Emperor presided, when it was agreed that the increased force should be afforded if necessary.

SARDINIA.

Advices from Turin of the 15th instant contain the intelligence that the arrangement by which the departments of War and Marine were to be divided, General Della Marmora taking the War portfolio, and General Durando retaining that of Marine, has not been entirely carried out. General Durando leaves the Ministry, and retires to the country. General Serra is to be placed at the head of the Marine.

Galignani has the following from Turin, dated the 16th:—"To-day, on the occasion of the distribution of medals to the troops returned from the Crimea, the King addressed to the soldiers a speech, of which the following is a passage:—'You have worthily responded to my expectations, as well as to the hopes of the country; and you have justified the confidence of the Allied Powers, who offer to you to-day a solemn acknowledgment of their high opinion. I now receive back your victorious standards, certain that if the interest and honour of the country oblige me to restore them to you, you will ever and everywhere cover them with fresh glory.' These words were hailed with enthusiastic *vivats*. The ceremony responded on the whole to the general expectation."

GREECE.

Advices from Athens of the 11th instant state that the *Moniteur Grec* contradicts the statement that Lord Palmerston had been burned in effigy, and says that the *Morning Post* has been deceived by its correspondents.

TURKEY.

The steamer Indus has arrived from Constantinople, whence she sailed on the 5th instant. The Russians destroyed the fortifications of Bayazeed before they restored the place to the Turks. The Russians have consented to admit Mouklis Pacha (Prince Stourdza) to the Danubian Principalities conferences. The son of the French consul at Tenedos has been assassinated.

THE INUNDATIONS IN FRANCE.

(*From the Illustrated News, 14th June.*)

ON Monday morning last the French Emperor again started on a long journey to inspect the inundations. It is said that when at Tours his Majesty desired to proceed further down the Loire, but was prevented by the flooded state of the roads. At all events, whether in pursuance of a previously-formed intention, or in consequence of news received in the course of the night, his Majesty left the Palace of St. Cloud shortly after six on Monday morning for the Western Railway Station, whence, at seven, he started in a special train for Chartres and Le Mans, with the intention of going by that route to Angers. He arrived at Chartres at 8·30, at Le Mans at 11·7, and at 11·40 left the latter place in a travelling carriage with post horses for Angers. The alarming news relating to the latter town had probably a considerable effect upon his determination.

On the 6th instant at noon the Trelazé road was cut through by the waters, and the village and slate quarries surrounded. A telegraphic despatch, dated five in the afternoon, stated that the waters were already up to the first floor windows, and were rising with incredible rapidity. Part of the slate quarries were by that time under water.

It appears from later accounts that the workmen made immense efforts to save the quarries, which were the pride and glory of "Black Angers," but all without effect. Some of the principal ones are utterly destroyed. Local letters say that upwards of 10,000 men, women, and children are by this catastrophe thrown out of work, and not only so, but they are without house or home, and too probably without bread.

The Emperor reached Angers at half-past six p.m. on Monday, and proceeded immediately to inspect the slate quarries of Trelazé. His reception, both in town and faubourgs, is represented as having been most enthusiastic. It will be remembered that

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he local insurrection which led to the notorious trials at Angers emanated in a great measure from the slate quarries of Trelazé.

The *Journal du Cher* of the 8th contains afflicting accounts of the disasters which have occurred by the inundations of the Cher, Allier, Yevre, and Auron. A number of bridges have been carried away, and the railway has been intercepted at various points. The waters have, however, commenced declining, and the communications are re-established. A temporary road has been constructed on piles between Bourges and Vierzon, and it was hoped that communications would soon be free between the former town and Orleans. St. Armand suffered severely, but the victims were received with warmth by both rich and poor. Count Jaubert has given shelter to many families in his chateau. The waters of the Allier resembled a vast lake, and committed innumerable ravages, but no loss of life is mentioned in its neighbourhood, though many unfortunate persons were in great danger. At a little village named Crèvery three families were surprised by the rise of the Allier, and were only saved at the last moment by the devotedness of some boatmen; a few instants after they had been taken from the roofs of the houses on which they had sought refuge the waters swept over them. Another narrow escape took place near Vichy, where two children were surprised by the rise while fishing on a little island in the Allier. They had time only to climb into a high tree when the island was covered. They remained in that terrible position from Thursday evening to Saturday morning, and the provisions they had taken with them were exhausted. No one dared to render them assistance, as to approach the spot was to encounter almost certain death. Three sailors from the Crimea, however, placed themselves in a boat, and, with the father of the children, set off for the isle, followed by the prayers of all the inhabitants of the neighbourhood. These intrepid men succeeded in rescuing the two children, and on returning to Vichy they were welcomed with enthusiasm.

The *Courrier de Lyons* contains the following:—

Notwithstanding the torrents of rain which fell during the whole of Thursday the Rhone has not sensibly risen, and all fears of further mischief are, for the present, at an end. The utmost activity prevails in the works necessary for removing the stagnant water which lays from the Tête d'Or to the Vitriolerie. All the Grand Rue of the Guillotière is now free from the bridge of that name to the Place Saint Louis. This is the part which suffered most, and deep ravines are cut in many places by the torrent by which the houses were swept away. The house, two stories high, and built apparently with great solidity, was thrown down, and six persons who were in it at the time perished. The Saone, which during the last day or two had risen, appears now to have reached its height, and, indeed, has slightly receded. In its present state it would have covered the whole of the Quais St. Antoine and des Celestins but for the embankments which were thrown up when the waters lately receded at the lowest parts of those quays. The wind, which for the last month has been blowing from the south, has now come round to the north, which will very materially tend to cause the rivers to empty themselves.

The Lyons journals of Saturday state that since the previous evening rain has fallen heavily, but the Saone had not risen, and that the water continued to recede from the inundated parts, in consequence of the trenches which had been cut by the water company having been opened. A number of soldiers, provided with pickaxes, has also been sent into the inundated quarters, in order to cut deep channels to facilitate the escape of the water. The Rhone has completely returned to its bed, at least in that part which passes through Lyons. The journals continue to mention a number of incidents which occurred during this terrible visitation.

THE COWPER ADMINISTRATION.

As the days are growing few which separate us from the period appointed, by adjournment, for the next meeting of the Legislative Assembly, it surely cannot be unprofitable to devote some attention to the position in which the Cowper Ministry stand. Without going further back into the conduct exhibited by the members of the late Opposition towards the former Government—for really, in the spirit of charity, there should be some statute of political limitations to colonial reproaches and counter-reproaches—than the three days of most varied attempts at constructiveness which finished with the *Gazette* of the 26th of August, nevertheless the assumption of "State emergency" and of "political necessity" which knows no law, is only an unequivocal begging of the entire question at issue. On the other hand, it should be distinctly understood that the acceptance of office by any subject of her Majesty, when tendered by her representative, is not unconstitutional, although at that moment he may not already have the pledged support of a majority in the Parliament. It has been in no way a constitutional necessity that the antecedent of parliamentary majorities should prevent the acceptance of office under the Crown. The Prerogative is clear that the Sovereign may select whom he pleases, and Parliamentary ratification, coming in the ordinary course of Legislative business, must follow only to perfect the title to office in the person so selected. The theory of the Constitution is, that he who has been thus called by his Sovereign must *primâ facie* be competent, and Pitt, some seventy odd years ago, assumed office with an avowed majority against him under Lord North and Fox, yet he conquered that opposition by his capacity; and the country, at the next dissolution, ratified his individual victory by prostrating those who had so opposed him. Such being the case, I must candidly confess that I felt something more of astonishment than of reprehension, at the very nimble vault of Mr. Cowper into the ministerial saddle on the Tuesday morning, 26th August, as it at least obviated any premature action of the Assembly. However, a more grave responsibility has such nimbleness undoubtedly cast upon Mr. Cowper, to prove the existence of the "State emergency" or the "Political necessity"—which knows no Law! One cannot help remembering the Pagan advice,

Si possis recte, si non, quocunque modo rem.

And although such an act may not be unconstitutional, it has yet to be proved by facts and by events that it was not unpatriotic.

Unpatriotic! I shall be asked, how can it be unpatriotic? Why, in this way—that every time a Cabinet, motley in the hue of opinions, is formed, so sure are you that it has within it the germ of its own dissolution; and a frequency of Ministerial collapses lessens the dignity of Representative Governments, and renders the task doubly difficult for those who might after succeed. Who can doubt but that Mr. Cowper really wished to have formed his Cabinet as it was announced in the *Empire* on Saturday morning, the 24th August? omitting, in all probability, the absolute wisdom to be gained from Mr. Flood. In the course of that day, Mr. Cowper learnt the final resolve of that high-minded gentleman, Mr. Plunkett—that as an *Emeritus* of the State he held himself absolved from forming fresh party engagements, except under a State emergency, when judged by Mr. Plunkett himself to occur, or when called upon by her Majesty's Representative to assist in a juncture, deemed by the Governor to be a State emergency. It was then Mr. Isaacs, who next wisely declined to accept the compromising adjunct of Cabinet responsibility with the post of Attorney-General—for it must not be forgotten that most of the late Opposition had strongly combated the practice of introducing the Crown Law Officers into the Executive, which is so utterly at variance with the usage and principles adopted in England, and thus, through Mr. Cowper wilfully persisting to follow out that vicious precedent, the Queen's Government has lost a tried servant of ability as Crown Law Adviser. The capture of the high legal abilities of Mr. Broadhurst were next attempted to be secured by a *coup-de-main*, not softened in delicacy by the presence of Mr. James Martin himself. The refusal there met with by Mr. Cowper constitutes the revealed case of "State Emergency" and of "Political Necessity." I say revealed, for was not Mr. Cowper twice advised, on the Saturday, by those who could and did practice abnegation in their own persons early to seek co-operation in another quarter? And did not Mr. Cowper colorably act on that advice as late as at noon Monday, through a circuitous channel, which will hereafter be blurted out to prove the State emergency, though now possibly kept back as a *corps-de-reserve* for the parliamentary battle.

I have already said that it has yet to be proved that the assumption of office by Mr. Cowper was not unpatriotic, I am now going to say what would have been eminently patriotic, had such a course been pursued by Mr. Cowper on Monday the 25th of August.

It is this. He had sought to get that co-operation which he had avowed to desire most of all, and had failed to obtain it. Mr. Cowper should have gone to the Governor-General and said—"Either your Excellency must support me by calling on Mr. Plunkett to join me, if State emergency has in your Excellency's estimation arisen; or else pray apply to Mr. Plunkett as the most distinguished member on the cross benches, or else to Mr. Deas Thomson, as the statesman known to the colony for years of effective service."

That would indeed have been both a dignified and patriotic course for Mr. Cowper to have pursued; and such only is the real *exhausting* process, which should and must have occurred before the pictured restoration of the Donaldson Ministry, in its former state of a week previous. That could scarcely have happened, as Mr. Donaldson himself had on the 20th of August so lost sight of the division of Executive and Legislative functions, as to propose to abdicate the right of initiating measures, that inherent prerogative of Queen's Ministers, to a Select Committee of the Assembly, thereby elevating one branch of the Parliament into a chamber little different from a single and omnipotent Constituent Assembly. Such forgetfulness of the first duties of a Premier could never bring back the same confidence, which may have existed in the breasts of many on the day preceding the notice of motion for such a Committee; and therefore some reconstruction of the late Ministry was as necessary, if all the above named gentlemen had individually failed, as that the gallant Inspector-General of Police should secede from the Legislative Council, and fade from his imaginary state of Ministerial Leader in the Upper House.

Mr. Cowper may think otherwise, or at least he has acted differently both in spirit and in detail; and he, like another Pitt, will not only have to conciliate an indifferent Parliament, but by his capacity and administrative merit he will be obliged to conquer antagonism from some three-fifths of the entire Assembly.

It remains yet to be seen if petulance of temper, not allied to transcendent good nature, will form any commanding advantage to the administration of Public Works and Lands, now committed to the charge of Mr. Terence Aubrey Murray.

It remains yet to be seen if the honest and honorable Mr. Robert Campbell will perform any greater service to the colony, than to have shielded Mr. Cowper through his election, for which purpose alone he probably passed from being a Treasurer *in petto* (of Mr. Cowper) at noon, Monday, 25th August, to the trust of a full-blown Treasurer by 3 p.m. of that day. At this moment, doubtless, he would as willingly resign to assist the Premier, as he was to take office to oblige him and help him with advantage of the honored and respected name and character of the Campbells of the Wharf.

It remains yet to be seen if Mr. James Martin — now a Member of the Bar, and now, therefore, competent to assume that office forcibly thrust upon him by Mr. Cowper before he was so qualified—will conciliate that respect and confidence in the judicious conduct of the delicate functions of Attorney-General of New South Wales, which is indispensable to the permanent well-being of a State, however advantageous the fighting abilities of Mr. Martin may be, in the Parliamentary warfare for office yet to be struggled through, to Mr. Cowper himself. It is to be feared, also, that the great legal learning and the political knowledge of a new Solicitor-General will fail to compensate, in this matter, to the colony, as Parliamentary and Executive influence will treat, as of but little worth, the opinion of one who knows both the law and the constitution, but who will be ranked as a counsel and not valued as a partisan, whether the question be an Attorney-General's *patent* or the *Privileges* of the Parliament of New South Wales.

PHILALETHES.

11th September, 1856.

INSOLVENT COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of William Povey, an adjourned examination meeting. Insolvent and a witness named Dalton were examined at considerable length, relative to the transfer by insolvent to Dalton of a store at Mittagong, and as to certain moneys alleged to have been, at different times, advanced by Dalton to insolvent. Further evidence being required, the meeting adjourned until the 2nd proximo.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Saturday, September 13.—Cornelius Murphy, adjourned single, 11.

Monday, 15.—Samuel Soley, single, half-past 10. John Farrell, single, 11. Henry Smith, single, 12. North, Rutherford, and Co., first, half-past 12.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before Mr. Dowling, Major Lockyer, Mr. Thornton, and Mr. G. Hill.

Twelve persons were fined 20s. each, on conviction of having been found drunk in the streets; and one was forwarded to the military authorities to be dealt with.

Malachi O'Neil was brought before the Bench by Constable Costello, who yesterday took him into custody on a warrant in which he was charged with having assaulted Catherine O'Neil his wife. Complainant deposed that she had been two years defendant's wife, and that he had frequently assaulted her; on last Wednesday evening he came home, and because she had forgotten to send or go for some tobacco, as he had before going out desired her, he took her babe from her, and then beat her with his fist about the face and head, blacking both eyes, wounding her nose, and causing bruises by which her whole face was discoloured; she fell to the ground, and then he kicked her about the body. O'Neil did not deny the assault, but alleged that his wife was drunk—an assertion which she on her oath denied. Constable Costello said that she was excited at the time he saw her, soon after the assault complained of; but whether or not it was caused by drink he could not say. The Bench found O'Neil guilty of an aggravated assault, and sentenced him to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for three months, at the expiration of which period he will have to give sureties to keep the peace, or in default to be imprisoned for a further similar term.

Margaret Bradbury, 14 years of age, was charged with having, yesterday, attempted to rob the till of a baker named Leach, carrying on business with another at Balmain. Mrs. Leach saw the girl's hands in the till, and, having once before forgiven an actual theft, thought it best to give her into custody. The girl it appears had been in the service of Mrs. Hunt as a nurse girl, who found her so inveterate a thief that it was necessary to get rid of her, though a very excellent servant in other respects. The prisoner was ordered to give sureties for her good behaviour for three months, or in default thereof to be imprisoned for three months.

Bridget Ramsay was charged by Patrick Joseph Kelly, of Chippendale, with having assaulted him by throwing at him an earthen-jar, which cut his head. Defendant admitted that she did—that Kelly came drunk to her house, being a stranger, asking questions about persons with whom she was unacquainted, and because she could not answer him as he wished, he abused her, and called her by that name which of all others is the most offensive to women. Kelly admitted that he was drunk. A witness corroborated defendant's statement. She was found guilty of an assault, and sentenced to pay a penalty of 1s.

William Nichols, given into custody for having been found illegally on the premises and in the bed of a person named Arnold, on the Liverpool-road,—and there being reason to believe that he is of unsound mind—was sent to gaol for fourteen days in default of sureties to be of good behaviour.

Mary Ann Mills and Mary Cleary were sentenced to pay 20s. each, or to be imprisoned for seven days, for having been found drunk and fighting in the streets; James Miller, Michael Flannery, and Terence Fanelly, were each sentenced to pay 40s. for having, while drunk, assaulted the police in the execution of their duty. George Lesk was found guilty of having, while drunk, ridden along Park-street so furiously that the safety of all other passengers, and his own, was endangered, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 10s., or to be imprisoned for fourteen days.

On the summons list were 23 cases, but the greater part were not prosecuted by the parties. Samuel Lee, convicted of selling on Sunday, was fined 40s. and costs. William H. Hayes, for a similar offence, was sentenced to pay 10s. and costs. James Needham was fined 40s., and Robert Wilson, 20s., for furiously driving. John Hughes, Hugh Murphy, and John Carney, were severally found guilty of obstructing the footway, and ordered to pay penalties of 40s. each. A similar penalty was imposed upon Thomas M'Namara for having committed a breach of the Police Act by casting ashes and rubbish upon Pitt-street.

WATER POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before the Water Police Magistrate.

Henry Varrell, convicted of drunkenness, was ordered to pay a fine of 20s., or be imprisoned for 24 hours.

George Gunn, a seaman belonging to the Napoleon Third, was convicted of desertion, and committed to gaol for four weeks.

John Wilson, captain of the schooner Brilliant, was convicted of neglecting to exhibit a constant bright light at the mast head of his vessel during the night, and was fined 23s., and costs 4s. 6d.

Charles Bargh and Charles Brown were brought up on the charge of being deserters from the Acacia, but the ship having gone to sea, and the master neglected to leave the necessary documents with the Shipping Master to enable him to prosecute, they were discharged.

VALEDICTORY SERVICE.

A very interesting service was held at Carr's-lane Chapel, Birmingham, on Wednesday, the 11th instant, in connection with the departure of the Rev. William Cuthbertson, B.A., late of West Bromwich, for Sydney, New South Wales, to succeed the Rev. Dr. Ross as pastor of the Congregational Church at Pitt-street.

The Rev. Professor Barker, of Spring Hill College, read a portion of Scripture, and implored the Divine blessing.

The Rev. Thomas James, as the secretary of the Colonial Missionary Society, spoke at some length of the early history of the colony and its present growing importance; he bore honourable testimony to the valuable services of the Rev. Dr. Ross, and showed that there was everything to encourage the new pastor.

Mr. George A. Lloyd (who was introduced by the Rev. J. Angell James as a member of the church at Sydney, and one of the committee appointed to select a pastor) acknowledged the obligations under which the Pitt-street Church was laid to the Colonial Missionary Society for having influenced the movement of Dr. Ross to Australia, and to Kidderminster for having parted with him. He read a letter from one of the deacons, expressive of the Church's deep anxiety that a faithful minister might soon arrive amongst them. Mr. L. concluded with a glowing description of the earnestness and affection of the members of the Church, and the cordiality with which he felt assured they would receive their new pastor.

Rev. Mr. Cuthbertson alluded to the consolatory nature of such a meeting to himself, surrounded as he was by such men as the Rev. J. A. James and Rev. Samuel Martin: some of his late fellow-students, now pastors of important churches; many of the members of his late church and congregation, as well as the friends of Carr's-lane, whose presence testified to their esteem. Mr. C. said that he did not leave his native land a disappointed man, but could look with feelings of holy joy and gratitude to the success that had attended his ministry. He did not leave because he ceased to regard as important the sphere in which he had laboured, but because the claims of Australia seemed to him paramount. He adverted to the claims that Australia had on ministers of English Churches, and referred to the high position which it was evident Australia was destined to occupy, and the immense influence it would in all probability exercise both upon China and India. The present time specially required Nonconformists to bring out prominently their principles in Australia. He remarked that the glorious Pilgrim Fathers, when they landed upon Plymouth Rock, were all but ignorant of the tendencies of the mighty principles they were bringing into operation, and altogether so of the results upon the world of the colony they then established. British Christians, on the contrary, had had the benefit of studying the religious and civil policy of the Western World for their guidance—a Bancroft had sketched the birth and growth of the United States, and blind must they be if as a united Church they were not impressed with the responsibility God had placed upon them of holding forth the principles of religious freedom. Mr. Cuthbertson further said, the great work was to preach the Gospel not only for the sake of the great land itself, but in consequence of its influence upon the adjacent islands and continent. He desired to live in friendship with the ministers of all denominations in Sydney, and trusted that under his pastorate Pitt-street Chapel would still maintain its high position in the colony. Mr. Cuthbertson said he knew the difficulty of succeeding such a man as Dr. Ross, but hoped that that excellent man would afford him his kind counsel, and the Christian friends at Pitt-street aid him with their sympathies and prayers. In conclusion, Mr. Cuthbertson spoke of what appeared to him the probable future of Australia, and trusted that in after times, even his name might be enrolled among those of whom it could be said, that under the blessing of God, they had so influenced the inhabitants of the land of gold, that they had been led to love the statutes of God more than gold—yea, and to desire them more than fine gold.

The Rev. John Angell James offered the dedicatory prayer with his usual fervour and appropriateness; after which he took Mr. Cuthbertson by the hand, and in the most affectionate fatherly spirit spoke as follows:—"My beloved brother,—May these petitions be fully answered so far as they might conduce to your prosperity. I rejoice in the Church to which you are going, and the honoured men you are called to succeed. I have known your history for many years, and have watched your progress from step to step. You have consulted me in days gone by, and have been influenced in this decision by my advice. We are now about to part, never to meet again till we meet around the great white throne. May the richest blessing of Almighty God be ever with you. I cannot expect to be long here, as the days of my years are numbered, but when the tongue that now addresses you is silent in the grave, may yours be eloquent and earnest in the service of our Great Master."

The Rev. Samuel Martin concluded the proceedings of the service by an eloquent and touching address to Mr. Cuthbertson, founded on the 2nd Corinthians, 13th chapter 2d verse.—"The communion of the Holy Ghost be with you."

The service throughout was deeply interesting, and will not easily be forgotten in Birmingham.—*British Banner.*

PARRAMATTA.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

LICENSING MEETING.—The following Justices assembled at the Court-house on Tuesday last, for the purpose of granting new, or transferring existing licenses, viz., Mr. D. Forbes, P.M., Messrs. Pearson, G. Forbes, Rudd, Downs, M'Dougal, F. Blaxland, F. Oakes, and Captain Simpson. The business commenced at about half-past ten o'clock, and proceeded to the examination of several applications of persons holding licenses in Parramatta. Mr. Staff, being in Court, informed Captain Simpson that the whole of the applicants were under the impression that the business of the meeting would not commence until 12 o'clock as usual, and that none of the Liverpool parties had yet arrived in town. Captain S. mentioned the circumstance to Mr. Forbes, but the Bench still went on, until Mr. C. B. Lyons came into Court and said that he was retained in support of one of the applicants, but that his client had not as yet reached town. He must protest against the legality of the business, as commencing before 12 o'clock, the present being an adjourned meeting from 12 o'clock of the previous Tuesday, and to be legal this should be at the proper hour. The Police Magistrate said that the Bench were not confined to the hour of 12 o'clock; that was the hour of commencing the first meeting, but that they might adjourn for a day and a half, or a day and a quarter, if they thought proper. Mr. Lyons still contended, if he knew anything of the law, that he would pronounce the granting of licenses already gone into as worth nothing, and illegal. The Bench adopted Mr. Lyons' counsel, and put off the meeting until 12 o'clock. A new license was granted for a house near the Windsor Road Toll-bar, to be kept by Michael Fitzpatrick; sign, the Hibernian Inn; transfer from Mr. William Anderson, of Church-street North, to Mr. Daniel Heaton. At 12 o'clock, the following Justices were added to the Bench, viz., Captain Moore and Mr. Betty(?), of Liverpool. A new license was granted to Mr. Rowley, for a house on the Campbelltown Road, to be called the Butlers' Arms; transfer of the license held by Mr. William Lockey, at a house near Banks Town, to the Liverpool Railway Terminus; transfer of a license from Mr. W. Cummings, of Liverpool, to Mr. Arndale; transfer of a license from Mr. D. Brien, of Church-street, Parramatta, to Mr. James Mahon. Hawker's license granted to Mr. Patrick Kelley and Mr. Samuel Cheney.

OUR CHIEF CONSTABLE.—An inquiry, with closed doors, was held in reference to matters relating to Mr. Ryan, the Chief Constable. The Court was adjourned, and Mr. Ryan sent in his resignation on Thursday last.

MELBOURNE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

September 9th, 1856.

The election for the South Western Provinces has resulted in the defeat of Mr. Pohlman, to the surprise and disappointment of very many. Mr. Pohlman's character is so highly and generally esteemed that his return was looked upon as certain. His care and assiduity as a judge, and his independence as a legislator, indicate him as one of the most suitable men to give dignity and weight to the Legislative Council. One or two circumstances may in some degree account for his defeat. The people of Geelong have a mania on the subject of local interests—they are continually protesting against centralization, and seem to think it dangerous to entrust legislation to any who are not directly connected with the district. Mr. Pohlman might be to some objectionable as in some degree a Government officer while without the countervailing recommendation of having a voice in the distribution of the public funds, and so qualified to prove a profitable representative. He is the champion of the Denominational school system, and the successful candidates prefer an amalgamation of the two. They are in favour of the gradual withdrawal of State aid—he would maintain it; and on the squatting question he was less liberal than they. It is said that he will oppose Mr. Myles for South Grant for the Lower House. His success there will be a double advantage, as it will keep out one bore, and secure a good member of Assembly. In this province, as in the central and South, not more than one-half of the electors exercised their franchise.

As the time for the Lower House elections approach the interest in them deepens, and it is probable that a large proportion of these constituencies will visit the ballot-boxes. The result of the Mayor's candidature is debated with lively interest. His friends have assembled in large numbers in different portions of Melbourne, have formed numerous sub-committees, and pledged themselves to use all their efforts to place Mr. J. T. Smith's name at the head of the poll. At a meeting, on Saturday evening, the Mayor apologised in a fashion for the language he had employed in reference to Mr. Mackinnon, but the fashion of the apology was very peculiar. He did not retract his charge, which he said was founded on a declaration made before him as Mayor, and proceeded to make other charges against Mr. Mackinnon. It was announced in some of the newspapers that notice of action against Mr. Smith had been given and counsel retained by Mr. Mackinnon, but I understand that it is not that gentleman's intention to institute an action so far as the first slander at least is concerned. At Maryborough a numerous meeting of electors has lately passed a resolution, asserting their satisfaction with Mr. G. M. Stephen's justification of himself, and strongly censuring the *Argus*. Mr. Wills, who had circulated the charges against Mr. Stephen, acknowledged that the affair to him had now a very different aspect, and the correspondent of the *Miner's Right* represents the general feeling to be, that its only substantial charge against Mr. Stephen is that of changing a figure which, even if true would be a mole-hill converted into a mountain.

Mr. Stawell had Astley's amphitheatre crowded last night to hear a fuller exposition of his views than was practicable on the previous occasion. He proceeded to develop his views on the mode in which public works should be carried on, and announced himself unfavorable to the appointment of a Trust to improve the Yarra and form docks, as such Trust, in order to repay their outlay, would require to exact heavy dues, while if the work was executed at the Government expense no such dues would be required. The candidate enlarged on the desirability of still farther developing municipal institutions, so that the Government might be as much as possible relieved from the necessity of attending to details. He thought the time had not come for a federation of the colonies, but believed that a general court of appeal was needed, and might be at once brought into operation. Mr. Stawell was very well received, and the motion that "he is a fit and proper person," &c., was carried by a vast majority. An effort was made to propose an amendment, but the supporters of the proposal could not get the meeting to listen to them, and the amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Fellows met the St. Kilda electors on Thursday evening, and gave them an exposition of his views similar to that addressed to the Central Province electors, and answered their questions all in a jolly good humoured style. The question, "Did he think himself a more suitable member than either of the other candidates," he declined to answer. Mr. Wood, M.L.C., presided at Mr. Fellows' meeting, and Mr. Guthridge, M.L.C., seconded the resolution in the Attorney-General's favour last night, which circumstance and others of a similar character lead people to ask if there is not a little ultra-liberality. Very many of the most zealous supporters of Messrs. Hood and Guthridge will be the most zealous opponents of their *protegés*.

Yesterday's *Herald* contains a long narrative of the circumstances which led to the abandonment by the Moravian Brethren of their settlement on Lake Boga. They appear to have been literally sheep among wolves; but it is hardly fair to form an opinion until explanations from the parties blamed be heard. The Brethren return to Europe in the True Briton, and will not carry with them a very favourable report of Victorian settlers and magistrates.

Mr. Frederick Bayne, the attorney, who, not content with a practice unprecedented in the Australian colonies, endeavoured to supplement his enormous professional income by speculating in the Theatre Royal, has obtained his certificate on an appeal to the Supreme Court against the judgment delivered by the learned Chief Commissioner of Insolvency. The judgment of the Insolvent Court was appealed against by two parties: the one a large creditor, Mr. Simon Staughton, appealed against so much of it as granted a certificate on the 1st day of March next, subject to certain conditions, and maintained that the certificate should have been withheld altogether. The other, the insolvent himself, appealed against the temporary withholding of the certificate, and petitioned to have it granted without delay. The cases were heard before his Honor the Chief Justice, who held that the appeal against the certificate had failed. With reference to the suspension, his Honor said that it appeared to the Court that the learned Chief Commissioner had fallen into a mistake (I quote from the *Argus*). "Although imprudent for a solicitor to embark in other pursuits, yet he was not precluded from doing so, nor should his certificate be endangered by this speculation. A solicitor who embarked in other pursuits did so at the risk of losing clients. There was no recklessness in trading nor any improprieties charged against this insolvent, and certainly nothing to affect his character. He thought the learned Chief Commissioner had misconceived the principle on which he had come to his decision." The Court therefore at once granted the certificate.

Our railway pier has been put to the proof lately by the selection of this means of discharging by a Black Ball Line ship, the Montmorency. This fine ship was taken alongside on Friday morning last, and will be completely discharged this evening. This fact tells very much in favour of the Hobson's Bay Railway Company, especially as during some portions of the time, the bay was visited with frequent heavy squalls, which did not, however, interfere in the least degree with the operations of the Company.

The hopes of the commencement of a brilliant opera season in November, which the prompt subscription of about £2030 tended so much to encourage, seem destined to disappointment. On Friday, Mr. Coppin intimated that circumstances which had transpired would prevent the fulfilment of his promise, and that subscribers would have their money returned to them. It is understood that the reason of this is a disagreement between Madame Bishop and Mr. Coppin on the subject of terms. By the previous engagement it is believed the prima donna cleared about £4000, while the manager narrowly escaped a serious loss. Madame Bishop now requires terms considerably more favourable, and hence the deadlock. Mr. Black's company has not been successful in Queen-street, and it is expected they will migrate to the Olympic. Messrs. Coppin and Brooke are adding greatly to the attractions of Cremorne. The gardens have been re-arranged, and the lake cleared of weeds. Gas works, a theatre, refreshment rooms, and a maze are in course of preparation. Bowling saloons and shooting galleries will be added, and the crater of Vesuvius has risen aloft on the margin of the lake. Half-a-dozen steamers will soon be ready to convey pleasure-seekers to and from the gardens, and it may be expected that summer will find multitudes taking advantage of these facilities for recreation. The Winter's Tale has been revived at the Royal, with great care, and though not so attractive as it might have been expected to prove, has doubtless been amply remunerative. Cymbeline was performed last night, and the Imogene of Mrs. Heir was an additional triumph to this favourite artiste.

TASMANIA.

We have papers to the 4th instant.

Alluding to the Fingal gold-fields, the Hobart Town *Daily Advertiser* remarks:—The news from Fingal still continues favourable, and every day adds to the chance of discovering a workable gold-field. A larger quantity has been found this week than has yet been reported, and this in spite of the most unfavourable weather. The rain has been very heavy, and the holes made unfit to work in, and still the yield has been ten ounces, besides the quantity not reported by the diggers. We regret to find that all who visit the diggings are impressed with the fact that the diggers obtain a large quantity of the precious metal which they never report. It is a pity it should be so. The object of all should be to attract population, and not repel those who are anxious to try their luck. The greater the number scattered over the fields the more chance there is of finding the lead—and the lead once hit would be a good thing for all. For our own part, we should be glad to see the diggings occupied by thousands instead of hundreds, and are convinced that the best results would follow a large accession to the digging population.

BLACK-FACED ROBBERY.—Three men with handkerchiefs over their faces entered the shop of Mr. Bury, at the corner of Argyle and Bathurst streets, Hobart Town, on Monday evening, and made towards the parlour where Mr. and Mrs. Bury were sitting. They presented a pistol at Mr. Bury's head, and compelled him to sit in a corner of the room, and threatened to shoot him if he stirred. They then endeavoured to secure Mrs. Bury, and in the struggle struck her a severe blow on the eye. A lodger who was in an adjoining room, hearing the noise knocked and asked what was the matter, when the robbers made off without securing any booty. Three men belonging to the convict department have been apprehended, and identified by Mr. Bury. They are now in custody.

The *Government Gazette* contains an abstract of the quarter's revenue, for the 30th June, 1856. There is a decrease in the revenue, received from spirits, as compared with the quarter of 1855, of £2350 11s. 4d.; while in the other items of customs revenue, there is an increase of £1995 2s. 1d. There is a falling off in the sales of public lands, of £4480 16s. 7d.; also in the sale under the pre-emptive rights of £3855 10s.; and in the rent of leased lands of £373 14s. 7d. In the other items of revenue, there is an increase to the amount of £370 13s. 5d. exclusive of £11,909 for debentures, and £3366 13s. 3d. received on account of immigration. The total amount of revenue received is £52,482 9s. for the quarter ending June, 1856, the amount for June, 1855, being £77,149 12s. 7d., showing an increase of £3431 9s. 5d. As compared with the quarter ending March, 1856, there is an increase of £4661 16s. 7d. in favour of the quarter ending June, 1856. The principal items on which there is an increase of revenue are customs revenue, leases of public lands, postage, fines, &c. The chief items of decrease are sales of lands, licenses, and reimbursements in aid.

THE WEATHER.—One of the most fearful gales in memory occurred here on Thursday night. For nearly a week previous the wind hung with scarcely any variation at north-west, and the weather was stormy. On Thursday night, however, about ten o'clock, the wind shifted as before mentioned, and continued to increase until about half-past eleven, at high-water, when it had attained its maximum force, and must have had a velocity of sixty miles an hour. A heavy fall of hail, driven with immense violence by the wind, threatened to break every window against which it struck. Beyond the prostration of a few fences and one or two chimneys, which had braved previous gales, we have not heard of any damage being caused by the wind.—*Launceston Examiner.*

QUARTZ CRUSHING.—The following (says the *Examiner*) is from a letter dated 29th ultimo, received by the superintendent of the Quartz Company, who has favoured us with it for publication:—"Two or three cwt. of quartz is on the way to Sydney for trial. A crushing company is being formed in Hobarton. Yesterday, at the Black Boy, I found good prospects—the best hitherto: what appears very like a good lead has been struck. The men are in high spirits. There is plenty of washing stuff, and the sinking is shallow. They reckon 1 dwt., or 1½ dwt., to a tub, and I think from what I saw they are not far wrong. They only came on the true scent on Thursday, and since then all are getting. I bought upwards of two ounces, and there was nearly as much left for me when I go back. By that time, at the same rate, there will be several ounces more. The gold is alluvial—resembles Ovens gold—and is found on the flat. So far things are good. Wiseman's party is broken up. The remnant works with our men."

WINTERHALTER'S PORTRAIT OF THE QUEEN.—This admirable specimen of the powers of the first portrait painter of the age is now in the Legislative Council Chamber, Hobart Town, and will well repay inspection. It was received by the "Heather Bell," and has arrived in excellent preservation. At first, the picture raises a feeling of disappointment in the spectator, but this is owing to the accidents of its present position only. A close inspection brings out all its beauties, and rivets the observer's attention.

THE SORGHUM SACCHARATUM.

In the Report from the Director of the Botanic Gardens for 1854, the following passage occurs in reference to this valuable plant.

"*Sorghum Saccharatum*, 'Sorgho à Sucre' of the French, a valuable grain-bearing plant, the seed of which was sent by E. Deas Thomson, Esq., who remarks concerning it in a letter to me, 'that its cultivation is attracting much attention in the south of France. It is a native of the north of China, where it is largely cultivated for the manufacture of sugar; it grows to a height of about nine feet, and each plant produces from four to six stalks, and on each of these there is a bunch containing from 2000 to 3000 seeds; it is grown precisely in the same manner as maize or millet, and the same descriptions of soil are suitable for it; sugar and alcohol can be obtained from the stalk, and the leaf in its green state makes an excellent fodder for cattle and horses, and may be dried for winter use; another valuable property of the Sorgho is that the saccharine principle of the stalk is never so great as at the full maturity of the seed. The seed is greedily eaten by horses and pigs, but not so by fowls.'"

On this interesting topic we have had placed in our hands the report of M. le Comte de Beauregard, Mayor of Hyères, department of Var, and President of the Agricultural Committee of the Arrondissement of Toulon. This we now translate and lay before our readers.

"Report of M. le Comte de David Beauregard, President of the Agricultural Committee of Toulon, on the Culture of the 'Sorgho à Sucre' (*Holcus saccharatus*).

"Gentlemen,—I have the honour to lay before you the result of my trials upon the Sorgho à Sucre, the recent introduction of which into France is due to M. de Montigny, Consul of France at Shanghae, to whose enlightened zeal she also owes so many other valuable importations.

"I was unable during the past year to procure more than about four litres of grains, which were sown at different periods, from the middle of February to the middle of April, upon about an hectare of land prepared as if for the culture of maize, which for the style of culture and the expense that it requires in our province has many affinities with those demanded by the Sorgho.

"I placed them at a distance of 30 centimètres the one from the other, in lines which had a distance of 75 centimètres from each other. They were twice dug around, besides being hilled up, and were moreover watered up to the middle of July, at which time, unfortunately, the supply of water for the purpose failed. I was not slow in perceiving that the infancy of the plant had been a very long one, and that the cold had destroyed a portion of those first sown. The birds, who seemed to relish it greatly, took their tithes of the seed sown, as they afterwards did of the harvest. There were thus many vacant spots, notwithstanding that this plant stools like wheat, and gives out often five or six shoots, and occasionally even more. But the greatest mischief done to my little harvest was by drought. Had it not been for these different adverse circumstances, I have no doubt but that it would have been much more considerable.

"Nevertheless, I obtained on this hectare of land ... mille kilogrammes of canes, stripped of their leaves and roots, which, crushed by three cylinders of cast iron, moved by an hydraulic wheel, constructed on the principle of those used in the colonies for the sugar cane, gave me 16 mille litres of liquor, which properly fermented and then distilled, gave me 5 per cent. of pure alcohol of the best flavour. I ought to add that I have every reason to believe that my alembic being out of order, I did not obtain so much spirit on the distillation as I ought to have done.

"This juice or liquor, from the mass of the harvest, marked 9·5 on the areometer of Baumé. When the cut canes are kept some time before pressing them, a larger proportion of saccharine matter is obtained, but then it must be understood that there will be lost in quantity all that is gained in quality. Thus a bundle of fine canes cut fifteen days before pressing, and consequently a little dried, have weighed about 80 kilogrammes, and have given 45 litres of juice, which marked 12 degrees on the areometer, whilst it has required 200 canes of the middling and smaller sizes to make up the same weight and give the same quantity of liquid.

"I have been able, also, gentlemen, thanks to the obliging and intelligent assistance of M. Verignon, chemist of Hyères, to essay the crystallization of the syrup of the liquor from the Holcus Saccharatus. We have not been able to bring our experiments to a successful issue this year, but we have from day to day the hope of being able to do so; for, last year, having both made the same experiment on a small quantity, and losing all hope of seeing the crystals form, we left the concentrated syrup we had made without troubling ourselves any further about it, and we have been latterly very agreeably surprised, on visiting the laboratory anew, to find all the interior of the glass which held the syrup hung round with very fine crystals, which I have to-day the pleasure of bringing under your notice. Have the kindness also, gentlemen, to examine and pass an opinion upon the rum that I have recently obtained, of which I have sent a sample to your office, and which I propose to call—*Rhum des Iles d'Hyères*.

"I should not be doing justice, gentlemen, to this valuable Holcus, if I omitted to speak of its value as a cereal. This privileged plant has this great advantage, that instead of its saccharine qualities diminishing in proportion as its grain ripens, these qualities are never more fully developed than when the grain has attained its perfect maturity. Besides, the crop it gives appears to be fully as valuable as that of every other cereal, for it more than makes up for the quantity of its produce for all that there may be inferior about it in other respects.

"I cannot at present give you any exact figures with respect to its yield, not having yet had time to calculate it, but any of you could get a sufficiently just idea by computing from the juice they have given the number of canes obtained, since each cane on an average gave at least one small pot full, and that the small pot ten times filled made a litre.

"I say at least, because in very warm countries this plant would ripen the secondary ears which we see here shooting out from the shoulder of each leaf, but generally too late to ripen; this circumstance ought to make this productive plant the most precious manna of these countries. Everything about it is useful; its leaves, dried, furnish good forage; whilst by allowing a small piece of the cane to remain attached to the panicle or seed bearing branches an excellent broom is formed. I must add also, that from the juice of the cane an excellent syrup may be made, and this will prove very serviceable to our housewives. As to its use as a cereal, the experiment, of one of our zealous colleagues, M. Chaix de Maurice, on other plants of the Holcus, ought to give us great hopes on that point also.

"A word now as to the refuse left after the expression of the juice. All kind of cattle will feed on it, and if, in an experiment on a large scale it should be found difficult to get rid of the enormous quantity of this refuse that a machine would leave behind it, the surplus would make a rich manure equal in weight to that of the liquor or wash, and sufficient in the case of a good crop, for the correction of the soil that had produced it.

"What precious qualities there in one plant! It furnishes drink and nourishment to men, to cattle, and to the earth. It is this plant that our good Olivier de Serres would, if he had been acquainted with it, have named the wonder of all houses.

"I do not wish to finish this report, gentlemen, without pressing upon you in the name of our agriculture to pass a vote of thanks, first, to the Government for the interest it has taken in the advancement of agriculture, and for the instruction it has given to its agents in foreign countries; second, to the Imperial Society of Agriculture from whom we have received this precious grain; and last, to M. de Montigny, who has so well justified the confidence placed in him by those who appointed him.

(Signed) CTE. DE DAVID BEAUREGARD.

COUNTRY LAND SALES.

On WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th, at eleven o'clock.

At the Crown Lands' Office, Sydney(?).

BATHURST (Country Lots).—Lot 1, 32 acres, parish of Wall, on Sheet of Bark Creek; lot 2, 30 acres, ditto; lot 3, 31 acres, ditto; lot 4, 43 acres 2 roods, parish of Egbert, at Blackfall spring; lot 5, 41 acres, ditto; lot 6, 32 acres 1 rood, ditto; lot 7, 40 acres, parish of Milburn, at Daly's Spring, near the Lachlan River; lot 8, 37 acres, ditto; lot 9, 39 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 10, 31 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 11, 38 acres, ditto; lot 12, 43 acres, ditto; lot 13, 41 acres, parish of Coats(?), on the Lachlan River; lot 14, 32 acres, ditto; lot 15, 41 acres, ditto; lot 16, 38 acres, ditto; lot 17, 18 acres, parish of Egbert, on Rocky Bridge Creek; lot 18, 4 acres, parish of Neville, at Macquarie swamp; lot 19, 35 acres, ditto; lot 20, 32 acres 1 rood 24 perches, ditto; lot 21, 30 acres, ditto; lot 22, 33 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 23, 24 acres 2 roods, ditto; lots 24 to 26, 38 acres each, parish of Kenilworth, near the Sheet of Bark; lot 27, 640 acres, parish of Milburn, near the Lachlan River. Upset price £1 per acre.

GEORGIANA (Country Lots).—Lot 28, 33 acres, parish unnamed, at the head of Back's(?) Creek, near the Long swamp; lot 29, 12 acres, ditto; lot 30, 36 acres, ditto; lot 31, 42 acres, ditto; lot 32, 30 acres, ditto; lot 33, 32 acres, parish unnamed, at the head of Rocky Bridge Creek; lot 34, 34 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 35, 33 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 36, 33 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 37, 33 acres 1 rood, parish unnamed, on Back's Creek; lot 38, 44 acres 1 rood, ditto. Upset price £1 per acre.

At the Police Office, Goulburn.

ARGYLE (Special Country Lot).—Lot 1, 30 acres, parish unnamed, at Spring Valley, near Lake George. Upset price £2 per acre.

ARGYLE (Country Lots).—Lot 2, 37 acres 1 rood, parish unnamed, at Spring Valley, near Lake George; lot 3, 31 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 4, 32 acres, parish unnamed, near Terrane(?); lot 5, 120 acres 2 roods 25 perches, ditto; lot 6, 110 acres 3 roods 31 perches, ditto; lot 7, 60 acres, ditto; lot 8, 97 acres, ditto; lot 9, 37 acres 2 roods 37 perches, ditto; lot 10, 127 acres 1 rood 24 perches, ditto; lot 11, 230 acres, parish unnamed, Goulburn Plains, near Terrane; lot 12, 33 acres 2 roods, near Tarrago; lot 13 to 16, 29 acres 1 rood each, ditto; lot 18, 37 acres, near Kenny's Point, Lake George; lot 19, 40 acres, ditto; lot 20, 41 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 21, 37 acres 2 roods, parish unnamed, near Tarago; lot 22, 31 acres 1 rood, ditto; lot 23, 38 acres, parish unnamed, near Collector; lots 24 to 26, 104 acres each, parish unnamed, at the Dry Plain, Lake Bathurst; lot 27, 34 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 28, 33 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 29, 80 acres, ditto; lot 30, 117 acres, ditto; lot 31, 100 acres 1 rood, ditto; lot 32, 34 acres, parish unnamed, near Bungonia(?); lot 33, 93 acres, parish unnamed, at Nixon's Meadow, near Goulburn; lot 34, 35 acres, parish unnamed, at Wheeo(?); lot 35, 33 acres, parish unnamed, on Carra or Nadigomar(?) Creek; lot 36, 32 acres 2 roods, ditto. Upset price, £1 per acre.

At the Crown Lands' Office, Mudgee.

MUDGEE (Town Lots).—Lots 1 to 5, 2 roods 24 perches each, county of Wellington, parish of Mudgee, allotments Nos. 1 to 5 of section 22; lots 6 to 23, 2 roods each, ditto, allotments Nos. 1 to 20 of section 23. Upset price £8 per acre.

WELLINGTON (Country Lot).—Lot 25, 41 acres, parish unnamed, near the Queen's Pinch, Mudgee. Upset price £1 per acre.

At the Crown Lands' Office, Orange.

WELLINGTON (Country Lots).—Lot 1, 40 acres 2 roods, parish of Orange, near Molong Creek or Rivulet; lot 2, 13 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 3, 40 acres 1 rood, ditto; lot 4, 41 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 5, 47 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 6, 33 acres, ditto; lot 7, 31 acres, ditto; lot 8, 32 acres, ditto; lot 9, 30 acres, ditto; lot 10, 29 acres 1 rood, ditto; lot 11, 41 acres, ditto; lot 12, 42 acres, ditto; lot 13, 44 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 14, 44 acres 2 roods, ditto; lot 15, 45 acres, ditto; lot 16, 48 acres, ditto; lot 17, 50 acres 3 roods, ditto; lot 18, 51 acres 1 rood, ditto. Upset price, £1 per acre.

BATHURST (Country Lots).—Lot 19, 38 acres, parish of Worcester, on Lewis Ponds Creek; lot 20, 34 acres, ditto; lot 21, 40 acres, ditto; lot 22, 30 acres, ditto; lot 23, 73 acres, ditto; lot 24, 62 acres, ditto; lot 25, 35 acres, ditto; lot 26, 40 acres, ditto. Upset price £1 per acre.

At the Crown Lands' Office, Singleton.

JERRY'S PLAINS (Town Lots).—Lots 1 to 10, 2 roods each, county of Hunter, parish of Wambo, allotments Nos. 1 to 5 and 6 to 20 of section 3. Upset price, £8 per acre.

DURHAM (Suburban Lots).—Lots 11 to 14, 12 acres each, parish of Vere, village of Camberwell, portions Nos. 4 to 7; lots 15 to 17, 3 acres 2 roods each, ditto portions Nos. 23 to 25 and 34 to 37(?). Upset price, £2 10s. and £3 per acre.

DURHAM (Special Country Lots).—Lot 18, 19 acres, parish of Ravensworth; lot 24, 74 acres, ditto; lot 25, 33 acres, ditto. Upset price £2 per acre.

DURHAM (Country Lots).—Lots 26 and 27, 41 acres each, parish of Ravensworth; lot 28, 52 acres, ditto; lot 29, 35 acres, ditto; lot 30, 44 acres, ditto; lot 31, 41 acres, ditto; lots 32 and 33, 38 acres, ditto; lot 34, 110 acres, ditto; lot 35, 113 acres, ditto. Upset price £1 per acre.

On TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23rd, at 11 o'clock.

At the Police Office, Armidale.

VERNON (Suburban Lots).—Lot 10, 1 acre 0 roods 30 perches, parish of Walcha, town of Walcha, allotment No. 1 of section 9; lot 11, 1 acre 0 roods 0 perches, ditto, No. 6 of 9; lot 12, 1 acre 0 roods 22 perches, ditto, No. 8 of 9; lot 13, 1 acre, ditto, No. 7 of 9; lot 14, 10 acres 1 rood, near Walcha, portion No. 11; lot 15, 23 acres 2 roods, ditto, No. 13; lot 16, 14 acres, ditto, No. 51(?); lots 17 to 20, 50 acres each, ditto, Nos. 58 to 61; lot 21, 21 acres 2 roods, ditto, No. 62; lot 22, 17 acres, ditto, No. 63; lots 23 and 24, 20 acres each, ditto, Nos. 64 and 65; lot 25, 42 acres, ditto, No. 66; lot 26, 20 acres, ditto, No. 67; lots 27 and 28, 14 acres each, ditto, Nos. 68 and 69; lot 29, 20 acres, ditto, No. 70. Upset price £2, £2 10s., and £4 per acre.

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YESTERDAY'S RECEIPT OF GOLD.

The Western Escort arrived yesterday from the respective gold-fields, and delivered at the Colonial Treasury the following quantities of gold dust.

From Bathurst, 990 ozs. 5 dwts. Sofala, 337 ozs. 4 dwts. 10 grs. Tambaroora, 81 ozs. Ditto, 1st September, 99 ozs. 3 dwts. Louisa Creek, August 30th, 492 ozs. 7 dwts. 16 grs. Ditto, September 4th, 506 ozs. 11 dwts. 2 grs. Total, 2506 ozs. 11 dwts. 4 grs.

Consignees: From Bathurst—Thomas Arnold, 90 ozs. 5 dwts.; Beames and Keele, 50 ozs.; Union Bank of Australia; total, 990 ozs. 5 dwts. From Sofala—W. Long, 243 ozs.; R. E. and F. Tooth, 94 ozs. 4 dwts. 10 grs.; total, 337 ozs. 4 dwts. 10 grs. From Tambaroora—W. Long, 50 ozs.; ditto, 25 ozs.; Mullen and Son, 73 ozs. 3 dwts.; W. Drynan, 26 oz.; total, 180 ozs. 3 dwts. From Louisa Creek—Alfred Bridgeland, 4 ozs. 19 dwts. 12 grs.; J. G. Waller and Co., 51 ozs. 1 dwt.; R. C. Shaw, 52 ozs. 14 dwts. 15 grs.; ditto, 35 ozs. 13 dwts. 13 grs.; G. Vile, 30 ozs.; Lovejoy and Willmott, 23 ozs. 19 dwts.; Secretary Bank of New South Wales, 100 ozs.; E. Rottmann and Co., 12 ozs.; Secretary Bank of New South Wales, 182 ozs.; Lovejoy and Willmott, 22 ozs. 17 dwt.; Bank of New South Wales, 25 ozs.; E. Rottmann and Co., 13 ozs.; R. C. Shaw, 60 ozs. 14 dwts. 21 grs.; ditto, 60 ozs.; W. E. Thompson, 55 ozs.; Beames and Keele, 40 ozs. 1 dwt.; J. Dickson, 70 ozs. 2 dwts.; J. L. Bensusan 147 ozs. 16 dwts. 5 grs.; total, 998 ozs. 18 dwts. 8 grs.

Gold received by post during the week ended the 12th September:—Western, 86 ozs.; Northern, 263 ozs.; Southern, 161 ozs.; total, 513.

Gold received during the week:—

	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
By escort	2506	11	4
By post	513	0	0
	3019	11	4

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MESSRS. RISHWORTH AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Saddles, Harness, Whips, Drapery, Groceries, Accordeons, Watches, Slops, Oilmen's Stores, Turnip Seed, Jewellery, Toys, Plated Ware, &c.

MESSRS. BURT, HASSALL, AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Pair Kangaroo Dogs, Milch Cows, Horses, Drays, Carts, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At the Flour Company's Wharf, at 11 o'clock, Van Diemen's Land Potatoes.

MESSRS. COCKBURN AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Watches, Jewellery, Clothing, &c.

MR. A. ALLAN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Cutlery, Hollow-ware, Plated Goods, Watches, Jewellery, Clothing, and Sundries.

MR. S. WOOLLER.—At the Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carts, Drays, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

MESSRS. BURGIS AND BOWES.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Drapery, Cutlery, Ironmongery, Crockeryware, Clocks, Jewellery, &c.

MR. F. SMITH. At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Pearl Barley, Bottled Fruits, Jams, Coffee, Tea, Vermicelli, Beef, Seed, Old Tom, Sherry, Confectionery, Glass Cases, and Fittings, &c.

MR. C. ADRAIN.—At his Mart, at 1 o'clock, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Watches, Jewellery, &c.

WOOL SALES.

SALE of 460 bales by Mr. H. P. HUGHES, May 21:

Ex Dawston: AS, 1 at 23d; B under, 1 at 22½d; O under, 2 at 16d; OB over X, 3 at 28d, 5 at 27d, 5 at 26½d, 9 at 26d, damaged, 3 at 16d, 1 at 23d, locks, 2 at 21d, 1 at 19½d, black and greasy, 1 at 18½d.

Ex Maid of Judah: Mc I, 32 at 21½d, broken, 2 at 21½d; K in circle, 9 at 22d, 9 at 21½d; JA over J, 10 at 20d; E A, 5 at 20½d; BD and Co. over A, scoured, 7 at 24d, 4 at 23d, 4 at 21d, 2 at 20d; BD and Co. over N, 22 at 23d, 3 at 22½d; BD and Co, 18 at 25½d, 25 at 25d, 7 at 22½d; Z, 1 at 21½d; XR, 9 at 21½d, 9 at 21d, 18 at 20½d, 9 at 20d, broken 3 at 19½d, damaged 1 at 19½d, 11 at 19d; WP, 8 at 23d; JS, 11 at 24½d, 7 at 24d, black and broken 1 at 21d, pieces and locks 3 at 17½d; RG, 8 at 23½d, 13 at 23d; FC, 10 at 23d.

Ex Eliza: JHR, 15 at 23½d, damaged 1 at 23d, locks 1 at 6½d; Caergwill, 4 at 21d, 4 at 23½d.

Ex Alecto: 3 at 22½d, 6 at 22d, damaged 1 at 21d; C, 5 at 21½d, 5 at 21d, 1 at 14d.

Ex Eliza and Dolphin: Sheepskins with wool on, at per skin—1st at 62d, 2nd at 36d, lamb and yearling 21d, pieces 8d per lb.

Ex Asia: St. Clair, 6 at 23d, 0 at 25d, 8 at 24½d.

Sale of 326 bales by J. T. SIMES and Co., on 22nd May.

Ex Centurion: RR, 7 at 24½d, 8 at 24d; GEM, 6 at 23d, 2 at 22½d; T Smith, 31 at 25d, 14 at 24½d, 13 at 23½d, 3 at 20½d; TR over Garwoola, 8 at 24d, 10 at 23½d; SKS, 9 at 22½d, 1 at 22d, 1 sweepings, 1 at 6d.

Ex Vimeira: 9 at 25d, 4 at 22½d; FRSy, 9 at 23½d, 8 at 23d, 2 at 20½d; Ca, 20 at 24d, 18 at 23½d; T, 5 at 24½d, 25 at 24d, 12 at 23½d, 8 at 23d; GE, 1 at 24d, 9 at 21½d, 1 locks at 16d; — over JL, 8 at 23½d, 8 at 23d, 18 at 22½d, 8 at 22d, 1 at 17½d, 1 locks at 16½d; PB&O, 7 at 24½d, 2 at 21½d, 1 at 21d; L in diamond over W in diamond, 2 at 22d; CH in diamond, 1 at 16½d; JS, 1 at 16d; DHC, 1 at 15½d.

Ex Asia: 4 at 22½d, 7 at 22d, 1 at 21½d.

Ex Moron: FS, 5 at 22d.

Sale of 231 bales, by J. T. SIMES and Co., on 23rd May.

Ex Maid of Judah: DR over New England, 6 at 26½d, 6 at 25½d, over NSW, 3 at 26½d, 11 at 26d, 4 at 21½d, 2 at 20½d, 7 at 20d, 14 at 19½d, 1 at 19d, 4 at 18½d; McD over Burnett, 28 at 23d, 9 at 22½d, 3 at 22d, 1 at 21½d; WD, locks, 1 at 14½d; 9 grease at 10½d; 5 grease at 11d; B in diamond, 18 at 23½d, 9 at 23d, 59 at 22½d, 3 at 22d, 1 at 21½d, 1 at 20½d, 3 at 15½d; pickings, 1 at 8½d; XE in diamond, 33 at 31½d, 5 at 28d.

Ex Cyclone and Alecto: Pickings, 2 at 13d.

Ex Asia: Dq in diamond, 2 at 23d, 4 at 22½d.

Sale of 115 bales, by S. B. EDENBOROUGH, May 24th:—

Ex Vimeira: Burgess, scoured, 2 at 25d, 5 at 23½d, 6 at 22½d; locks, 2 at 18½d; B in diamond over S, 10 at 24½d, B in diamond, 5 at 24d; broken and black, 2 at 22d; locks, 2 at 18½d; OMA, 3 at 23d, 9 at 22½d; damaged, 2 at 21½d; FW under, 9 at 21½d, 8 at 21d.

Ex Asia: Burgess, 2 at 23d, 8 at 22½d, 5 at 22d.

Sale of 645 bales by CHARLES JACOMB and SON, on 26th May—

Ex Ada: SB over L, 8 at 24d, 5 at 22d, 1 at 15d; M&M, 1 at 22d; JK over ESL, 3 at 14d; over SM, 4 at 23½d; JK, 3 at 22d, 2 at 21d; damaged, 1 at 12½d, 1 at 12d; A&S over Moreton Bay, 3 at 25½d, 2 at 19½d; RS over F, 3 at 26d; JA over E, 3 at 10d, 2 damaged at 9½d; A&S over M. Bay, 6 at 27½d, 4 at 25d, 1 at 24d, 1 skin at 20d; FT, 8 at 26d, 9 at 25½d, 3 at 24½d, 2 skins at 18½d; JS, 10 at 18d, 1 at 16d, 2 at 15d, 1 at 13½d; LPL, 3 at 25d, 2 at 24½d, 1 at 23½d; WG over S in diamond, 6 at 24d, 3 at 21d, 3 at 18½d; S&W over Wombo, 2 at 13½d; Pickings, 2 at 4½d.

Ex Altandale: Finch, 4 at 24d; NSL, 3 at 26½d; W in diamond, 1 grease at 10d.

Ex Maid of Judah: H in triangle, 29 at 24½d, 20 at 24d, 1 at 22d, 1 at 18d, 1 pieces at 16½d; WW over M. Bay, 3 at 26d; J&JL, 17 at 24½d, 1 at 24d; W in circle, 4 at 25½d, 5 at 24d, 1 at 23½d; FC, 5 at 16d; WYAGA, 5 at 24d; S in diamond, 4 at 22½d; W. Brown, 3 at 18d; L over T, 5 at 24d, 6 at 23½d, 1 at 22d, 1 at 18d, 1 at 14½d; SC, 12 at 10d, 4 at 18½d, 3 at 18d; C & C, 6 at 25½d, 5 at 25d; DD over B, 25 at 25d, 7 at 24½d, 14 at 24d; over Bs, 2 at 23½d; P&W over Coomburra, 13 at 25d, 5 at 24½d, 16 at 24d, 14 at 23½d, 12 at 23d, 7 at 22½d; WWW, 4 at 29d, 2 at 27½d, 1 at 25½d; A&P, 7 at 18d; DKD, 18 at 23½d, 6 at 23d, Cover McK in diamond, 2 at 21½d, 1 at 23d; St. Clair, 3 at 28½d, 4 at 26d, 3 at 25½d; C, 1 at 23½d; LH over H, 1 at 18½d; BH over C, 1 at 16½d; Pilton, 5 at 25d, 6 at 22d; S in diamond, 2 at 22½d, 2 at 20d; HP, 1 at 21½d; MT, 1 at 19½d; W. Brown, 1 at 19½d; JN, 10 at 23d, 2 at 22½d, 1 at 16½d; JL, 6 at 23½d, 14 at 22½d, 1 at 15d; NSW, 3 at 22½d, 1 at 21½d; AIH, 8 at 24d, 35 at 23½d, 10 at 23d, 1 at 22d, 1 at 20½d, 1 at 15½d; W in circle, 3 at 24½d, 1 at 22½d; DKD, 3 at 23d; BC, 1 at 23d; SC 12 at 19½d; MFT, 3 at 17d; W&E over O, 1 at 23½d; Gin Gin over Wide Bay, 6 at 25½d, 1 at 16½d, 1 at 16d; XX, 4 at 28½d, 1 at 24d; WD, 7 at 20½d; B, 2 at 18½d; JT, 4 at 12½d; Cardew, 8 at 23d, 8 at 22½d, 9 at 22d, 1 pieces, at 15d; TB over Jimbour, 24 at 24d, 10 at 23½d; WG over S in diamond, 4 at 22d, 2 at 21d; TK, 6 at 22d.

Sale of 249 bales, by HENRY P. HUGHES, on 27th May.

Ex Ellenborough, (New Zealand): HH, 7 at 18½d, 1 at 14d; JC, 1 at 22½d; HC, 1 at 22d; AL, 1 at 19½d; W, 1 at 18d; L, 2 at 18½d; TK, 1 at 20½d, 1 at 15½d; YM, 2 at 19½d; B, 2 at 12½d; WJ, 2 at 17½d; TGN, 2 at 11d; N over M, 2 at 14½d; CNT, 2 at 13½d, 2 at 13d; SL, 1 at 27½d, 1 at 27d, 6 at 25d, 3 at 24d, 1 at 22½d, 2 at 21½d, 1 at 21d, 1 at 20d, 3 at 19½d; 2 over H in diamond, 4 at 27½d, 7 at 20½d, 1 at 21½d; EWS, 8 at 22½d, 1 at 22d, 21 at 19½d; C, 1 at 20d, 4 at 19½d; O, 6 at 16d; HG, 1 at 11d; S in triangle, 1 at 15d; TP, 11 at 14½d.

Ex Dolphin: OB over X, 3 at 27d, 11 at 26½d, 4 at 25½d, 10 at 25d, 1 at 21½d, 1 at 20½d; JHR, 14 at 24d; (New Zealand), JP, 1 at 24½d, 6 at 20d, 5 at 17½d, 1 at 16½d, 1 at 16d, 7 at 15½d; (Sydney) St. Clair, 3 at 31d, 6 at 30d, 10 at 28d, 1 at 27½d, 1 at 27d, 6 at 26d, 14 at 24 d, 8 at 24d, 5 at 23½d, 2 at 22d, 7 at 19½d, 3 at 18½d.

Ex Ellenborough: St. Clair, 1 at 31½d, 3 at 30½d, 19 at 28d, 3 at 27d, 9 at 25½d, 2 at 25d; NMA, 6 at 24, 13 at 23½d, 18 at 23d, 5 at 22d; HC over C, 10 at 23½d; RSW, 3 at 23½d, 17 at 22d; 5 at 19d; WM over L, 19 at 21½d; WM over L, 3 at 20d, 4 at 19d.

Sale of 541 bales, by Messrs. S. B. EDENBOROUGH and Co., May 28th.

Ex Ellenborough: DGL, 12 at 24½d, damaged 4 at 22d; (S), one part scoured, 20 at 23d, 1 at 22d; LL conjoined over Namoi, 8 at 31½d, 4 at 23d, damaged 4 at 23d, lambs' 1 at 22d; NSP, 3 at 23d, 4 at 22½d, 4 at 22d, damaged 1 at 20d; DB, 8 at 26d, 8 at 25½d, 2 at 24½d, 33 at 24d, damaged 2 at 23½d, 1 at 22½d; JF, 3 at 27d, 7 at 26½d, 22 at 26d, 7 at 25½d, part lambs 3 at 27d, 14 at 25d, 8 at 24d, 4 at 21½d, 2 at 20½d; J in diamond, scoured 8 at 25½d, 1 at 24d, pieces 1 at 20½d; J. Murphy, 7 at 24d; 8 at 23½d, 3 at 23d; GAY, 5 at 21½d, 17 at 21d; HD in diamond, scoured 1 at 20d, 9 at 19d; RR, 4 at 21d; 1 at 16d; GI over A, 2 at 22d; HO over W, 2 at 23½d; MM, 9 at 26d, 19 at 25½d; H over LL, 15 at 22d; M over MM, 5 at 24d, 1 at 22½d; XX, 14 at 20½d; G over GG, 4 at 24½d; KK, 5 at 26d; J over NN, 1 at 24½d; M, 2 at 22½d; M over X, 1 at 22½d; 3 at 21½d; D, 4 at 22d; HALL, 4 at 23½d, 2 at 23d, damaged 1 at 20d; H over HH, 18 at 22d; LL over Scoured, lamb scoured, 2 at 25d; L over LL over Scoured, lambs scoured, 1 at 23d; X over M over scoured, 1 at 23½d; B over J reversed, 8 at 23½d, 4 at 23d, 17 at 22½d, 46 at 22d, 16 at 21½d, 1 at 21d; S in triangle, grease 11d, skin 15½d.

Ex Eliza: PM, 7 at 23½d, 1 at 17½d, 1 at 17d, 1 at 14d.

Sale of 572 bales by G. T. Simes and Co., on 30th May.

Ex Dolphin: T Smith, 46 at 24d, 8 at 23½d, 6 at 23d, 3 at 21½d, 1 at 19½d; JH over Foxlow, 8 at 22½d, 39 at 22d, 12 at 21½d; HX in diamond, 6 at 30½d; W By over C, 8 at 21½d, 25 at 21d; WHS, 8 at 25d, 7 at 24½d; SKS, 17 at 23d, 7 at 22½d, 2 at 23d; TR over Garwoola, 9 at 23d, 7 at 22½d, 25 at 22d; RR, 9 at 22d; EP conjoined, 10 at 21d, 11 at 20½d, 2 at 15d; E over J, 5 at 21½d; SW, 19 at 20d, 1 at 19½d, 1 at 13½d; JM over G, 9 at 23d; Finch over E, 18 at 24½d, 6 at 24d, 15 at 23½d, 5 at 23d, 1 at 19½d; A over FS, 5 at 23d, 9 at 22½d; S, 5 at 24½d; Ditmas, 11 at 22½d, 5 at 22d; CC, 10 at 26d; Co over AA, 2 at 30½d, 13 at 29d, 5 at 28d, 8 at 27½d, 12 at 27d, 6 at 26½d, 7 at 25½d, 3 at 24½d, 1 at 23½d, 2 at 20½d; 31, 8 at 22½d, 7 at 22d, 10 at 21½d, 3 at 17½d, 2 at 10d; PB&O, 8 at 24½d, 0 at 24d; G over, 6 at 22½d, 4 at 20½d; CB, 5 at 21½d; RB, 1 at 21d, 1 at 14d; WH, 1 at 16d; Illalong, 4 at 22d, 6 at 21d; JR over B, 8 at 25½d, 8 at 25d, 6 at 21½d, 1 at 21d.

Sale of 633 bales by Messrs. THOMAS SOUTHEY and SON, May 31st.

Ex Dolphin: Boulton over C, 20 at 26d; JC over M in diamond over AA, 4 at 28d; A, 15 at 25d, 6 at 24½d; B, 32 at 24d; damaged, 2 at 22½d; C, 18 at 23d; damaged, 2 at 22d; A&C, 1 at 24d, 1 at 23d, 2 at 22d; skin, scoured, 3 at 22½d; JC in diamond over D, 8 at 22½d; JC broken part black, 5 at 19½d; GE, 3 at 24, 6 at 23½d, 5 at 23d; damaged, 2 at 21d; fleece and handwashed, 5 at 20½d, 4 at 19½d; damaged, 4 at 19d; Emu Creek under, 6 at 23½d; 2 at 21½d; 2 sorts, 1 at 20d; D reversed M, 8 at 19d; JS, 8 at 20d, 1 at 19d; OEY, 8 at 21d, 7 at 20½d, 8 at 20d, 6 at 19½d, 7 at 16½d.

Ex Maid of Judah: B over T, 9 at 22½d, 18 at 22d, 10 at 21½d; W x O, 7 at 23½d, 21 at 22d; NC over J in diamond, 6 at 22½d, 6 at 22d; AMD, 9 at 22d; AM, 4 at 22d; E, 4 at 23d, 2 at 22½d, 1 at 17½d; RMD, 1 at 22d; HA over A, 7 scoured at 24d, 6 at 23½d; Y under, 5 at 21½d, 4 at 20½d; X under, 3 at 19½d; Z under, 9 at 22½d; AB, 6 at 22d, 6 at 21½d; DP, 4 at 22½d, 2 at 21½d; C&H, 2 at 17½d.

Ex Ellenborough: MC, 9 at 24d, 51 at 23d, 74 at 22½d, 7 at 21d, 3 at 20½d, 6 at 10½d; damaged locks, 3 at 15½d; T, 9 at 20d, 7 at 19½d; damaged, 4 at 19d; part bleached, 1 at 17½d; TD, 15 at 22½d, 9 at 22d, 1 at 20½d, 2 at 18½d; WY, 20 at 21½d, 1 at 16½d; JCK, 5 at 19½d, 7 at 19d; JS, 6 at 22d, 6 at 21½d; F, 1 at 18½d; AW over C, 1 handwashed at 21d; W over DC, 6 at 19½d; 1 fleece at 18½d, 1 at 18d.

Sale of 105 bales by Messrs. CHARLES BALME and Co., June 2nd: FH, 13 at 22½d, 21 at 22d, black and pieces 1 at 14½d; Prevered P, 7 at 22d, 8 at 21½d, damaged 1 at 20½d, pieces 1 at 15d; JS reversed in square, 21 at 22½d, damaged 1 at 21d; CPL, 8 at 22d, 1 at 20d; BN, 7 at 23d, 6 at 22½d, damaged 1 at 21d; BB in diamond, 7 at 20½d, part black 1 at 18½d, pieces 4 at 13d, grease and pieces 1 at 12d, damaged 1 at 9½d, pickings 3 at 14d.

Sale of 9 bales by H. P. HUGHES, June 2nd:—

Ex Ellenborough: WM over L, 4 at 21d; HC over C, 1 at 22½d; H in diamond, 1 at 24d, 1 at 23d, 2 at 22d, 1 at 21d; S in diamond, 2 at 14½d; P in triangle, 2 at 12½d.

Sale of 881 bales by Messrs. CHAS. JACOMB and SON, June 4th:—

Ex Ellenborough: OHO, 10 at 24½d, 4 at 23d, 13 at 23 d, damaged 3 at 22½d; B over 8, 14 at 20½d, 12 at 20d, handwashed skin 1 at 18½d, pieces 1 at 17½d, mixed 1 at 12½d; J. Field, handwashed 3 at 23½d, 11 at 22½d; AB, 4 at 21d: GF, 3 at 20½d; MP, black and pieces 2 at 15½d; JB, lambs 1 at 20½d; W&E over O, 1 at 28½d, 5 at 27½d, 13 at 27d, 3 at 24½d, damaged 4 at 24d, pieces 1 at 21d, damaged 1 at 18d; RA, 4 at 22½d; Marge, 10 at 23d, combing hoggetts 8 at 23d, 41 at 22½d, damaged 3 at 20d; Eureka, 8 at 25 d; Lee, 10 at 20d; L in diamond, 2 at 25d, 3 at 24d, damaged 1 at 22d; W in circle, 3 at 24d, damaged, 1 at 23d; Burnima, 8 at 22½d, 6 at 22d; J in double triangle, 11 at 22½d, damaged, 9 at 20½d; HAH, scoured, 3 at 26d, 9 at 25½d; CX, 9 at 25½d; SX, 3 at 25d; CXX, 3 at 24d, 7 at 23½d; C over XX, 8 at 23½d, 3 at 23d; T over XX, 3 at 21½; GG, 2 at 20½d; A, 20 at 9d; B, 3 at 9d; S, 2 at 10d; XX, 10 at 20½d; M, 8 at 21½d; 1 at 21d; EE, 6 at 22½d, damaged, 2 at 22d; B over BB, black and damaged, 1 at 19½d; Hall over H, 7 at 23½d; 1 at 23d; KK, 7 at 22½d; LO, 6 at 12½d; A over SS, handwashed skin, 3 at 21½d; D, scoured, 1 at 22d; HH over H, 1 at 23d; X, skin and slipe, 2 at 20d; MM, scoured, 1 at 25d; IP, 8 at 22d; 110 at 21½d, 9 at 21d, oil damaged, 1 at 21d, 7 at 20½d, pieces and locks, 7 at 16d, all faults, 1 at 6d; Mt&Ly, 14 at 25½d; 7 at 25d; damaged, 1 at 25½d; HO over W, 5 at 22½d, 8 at 22d, damaged, 1 at 21½d; C&HS, 10 at 18d, 18 at 17½d, part black, 5 at 17½d, mixed, 2 at 18½d, damaged, 2 at 18d; JTL, 18 at 24d, 18 at 23½d, 23 at 23d, black and locks, 4 at 18 d, 1 at 17½d; BX, 4 at 21d; JMK, 31 at 23½d, damaged, 5 at 21½d; Turner, 5 at 21½d, 9 at 24d, 16 at 23d, damaged, 6 at 22d, 4 at 21; P. & W. Leslie, 1 at 25½d, 5 at 24d, 6 at 23½d, 1 at 23d, 5 at 19½d; GW, 5 at 24d, 1 at 21½; SF, 20 at 15½d, mixed, 3 at 10½d, locks, 1 at 7d; BH, 8 at 23½d; KM, broken locks, 3 at 18d; W&E over O, 6 at 27½d, 3 at 27d, 1 at 25d.

Ex Dolphin: JMA, 7 at 21d, 16 at 23½d, locks, 1 at 17d; A&RL, 8 at 25½d, 4 at 25d, 3 at 22 d, 4 at 21½d, 2 at 20d; RA in diamond, 10 at 23½d; GN, 1 at 22d, 7 at 21½d; Pilton, 1 at 25d; G R & Co., 3 at 20½d; K under, 3 at 21d.

COMMERCIAL.

GOLD CIRCULARS.

THE encouraging feature of this week is the establishment of an Escort between Sydney and Armidale; we may therefore hopefully look forward to good arrivals of gold from the Rocky River diggings. Although the weather has not been favourable for mining operations, it has not entirely suspended the supply from the Western diggings.

SYDNEY PRICES CURRENT.

Meroo, per oz.	£3 18 0
Adelong	3 17 6
Tambaroora	3 17 0
Rocky River	3 10 0
Ditto ditto (clean)	3 15 0
Sofala and Turon	3 15 0
Braidwood	3 15 0
Hanging Rock	3 15 0
Port Phillip	£3 19 0 to £4 1 0

English sovereigns at 1 per cent. premium.

N. WILSON, Jeweller and goldsmith. Bullion office, 121, Lower George-street, between Hunter and Bridge streets.

Friday Evening, 12th September, 1856.

SOME very large parcels of gold have arrived this week from the Rocky River, consigned to mercantile firms in Sydney. The Banks I believe are appointing Agencies at the Rocky for the purpose of gold buying. Commercial enterprise must cease if Banking Establishments attempt a monopoly; for what individual could possibly compete with companies of unlimited capital, especially those who are chiefly supported by them they come in direct competition with, *i.e.* the trading community. The principle appears inherent in Bank Proprietors to obtain good dividends, even to the prejudice and injury of their customers. The Escort has left for the Rocky, next week we anticipate its return with a large quantity of the precious metal. Our accounts from there are very favourable. The fields extend over forty miles of working country. The diggers are pretty well scattered, prospecting in all directions, and many of them are doing a good stroke. I have made several purchases this week both of Rocky and Meroo gold. A very curiously shaped 20 ounce nugget is exhibited in my window, it is from Maitland Bar, Meroo. I have seen a very fine sample of Rocky River that netted 78s. per oz., extraordinary pains must have been taken to wash it to such perfection, being without a particle of dirt. The greater portion however could not be calculated on realising more than 70s. per oz., and I think the digger is quite as well off to sell it dirty at 70s. as to take the trouble to clean it and get 78s., for the labour must be tedious and in the end the result is the same. The black sand and ironstone which occupies the digger hours to separate from the gold, burns and evaporates in the crucible in a few minutes.

PRICES CURRENT.

Rocky River	£3 10 0
Turon and Louisa	3 15 0 to £3 16 0
Braidwood	3 14 0 " 3 15 0
Meroo	3 17 0 " 3 18 6
Stoney Creek	3 15 0 " 3 16 6
Adelong	3 17 0

SAMUEL DAVIS, goldsmith and bullion broker, 209, George-street, nearly opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Friday Evening, September 12th, 1856.

PRODUCE CIRCULARS.

WOOL.—Since our last report, advices having been received to the effect that the London May sales were not progressing so favourably as anticipated (which are since confirmed by the arrival of the June Mail, showing some reduction on the February returns) caused the market to be less buoyant. The quantity offering, however, being very trifling, it is immediately taken at about the currency of last week.

SHEEPSKINS.—Supply moderately good, and with a lively competition late prices are readily realised. Most of our fellmongering establishments are bare of stock, and we observe some of the more extensive, especially the proprietor of the Waterloo, purchasing very spiritedly any good lots which may be offered.

TALLOW.—Few parcels coming to hand, demand rather slack. Little disposition to purchase except on trade account; prices about the same as last week.

HIDES.—Prices may be reckoned about 3d. to 6d. below those of the past few weeks, owing perhaps chiefly to the inferiority of the hides offering. The demand, however, is good, and a healthy tone is preserved.

MAIZE.—The arrivals during the week being unequal to the requirements of buyers, 2d. to 3d. per bushel advance has in some instances been obtained, and at this improvement the market is very firm.

HAY is stationary in price and in fair supply.

OATS AND BARLEY.—Very few samples to be seen, but there is an inquiry for good parcels, and would readily sell at satisfactory rates.

WHEAT AND FLOUR.—A few parcels continue to arrive in port, but prices remain nominally same as last week. Occasionally transactions occur, ex ship, at irregular rates, and generally £1 to £2 below the quotations. The supply of wheat from farmers is very small. The market is without the slightest animation.

PRICES CURRENT.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
WOOL.			
Fine scoured, fleece	0 1 10	to	0 2 0
Fine clean samples	0 1 5	to	0 1 8
Fair to middling	0 1 3	to	0 1 4
Low to ditto	0 1 0	to	0 1 3
Greasy	0 0 6	to	0 0 9
Sheepskins, per lb.	0 0 6	to	0 0 8½
Ditto, washed	0 0 8	to	0 0 10
TALLOW.			
Mutton, prime (nominal)	37 0 0	to	40 0 0
Beef	34 0 0	to	36 10 0
Station (nominal)	36 0 0	to	38 0 0
HIDES.			
Fair to good, each	0 10 0	to	0 15 6
Inferior, ditto	0 6 0	to	0 9 0
FLOUR AND FARM PRODUCE.			
Maize, per bushel	0 3 6	to	0 3 9
Wheat, ditto	0 8 0	to	0 10 0
Barley, English (nominal)	0 4 0	to	0 5 6
Ditto, Cape	0 4 0	to	0 5 0
Oats, Scotch	0 4 6	to	0 5 6
Ditto, Colonial	0 3 0	to	0 3 6
Flour, colonial, per ton	26 0 0	to	28 0 0
Ditto, ditto, Chilian, ditto	28 0 0	to	[illegible]
Bran, per 20lbs.	0 1 0	to	0 2 0
Hay, per ton, market	6 0 0	to	8 0 0
Ditto, V. D. L. (nominal)	5 0 0	to	7 10 0
Ditto, Hunter River	5 0 0	to	5 5 0
Cheese, per lb.	0 0 8	to	0 1 0
Bacon	0 0 8	to	0 1 0
Butter, fresh	0 1 3	to	0 1 6
Ditto, Irish	0 1 2	to	0 1 3

JACKSON and CO., Commission Agents, Pitt-street North, near Circular Wharf (late W. Dean and Co.), Iron Stores.

Sydney, September 12th, 1856.

TRANSACTIONS in the wool market have again been limited, and buyers have not been disposed to operate to any extent, owing to reports reaching here indirectly that the May sales were not progressing so favourably; but, in the absence of the mail, nothing positive as to prices can be determined. They are, therefore, quoted nominally the same as last week.

TALLOW remains without alteration, and that coming to hand is limited in quantity, barely sufficient for the wants of the trade.

SHEEPSKINS AND HIDES remain unaltered; demand active.

STOCK AND STATIONS.—We are happy to state that our anticipations of improvement in pastoral properties have been fully borne out by late sales. Since our last week's report we have disposed of the following stock and stations, namely, "Kentucky," New England district, with 12,000 sheep, at 18s. 9d. per head; "Mundubburra," Burnett district, with 11,000 sheep, at 14s. 3d.; "Cucumgilliga," Lachlan district, with 600 head cattle, at 60s.

STORE SHEEP AND CATTLE—In this description of stock there is more activity, but prices are entirely dependent upon quality of stock, place of delivery, and terms of payment. Store sheep are in good demand for delivery after shearing.

FAT STOCK.—This market was somewhat depressed in the early part of the week, but has since rallied, and prime stock is in demand at enhanced prices.

MELBOURNE MARKETS.—The supply is short of the demand, and first quality beef and mutton is in great request.

A lot of prime bullocks, sold at £12 to £15
Inferior ditto .... £6 to £7
Prime wethers .... 18s. to 19s.
Mixed flocks .... 14s. to 16s.

Freights to London—Wool, 1d. per lb.
Hides, 30s. to 35s. per ton.
Tallow, 70s. to 80s. per ton.
Oil, 100s. to 120s. per tun.
Gold, ⅝ per cent. by sailing vessels, ¾ per steamer.

Exchange on London—Bank drafts, 2 per cent. premium. Private bills (with produce hypothecated), par, if drawn against tallow, wool, or gold.

PRICES CURRENT.

	s. d.		s. d.
WOOL.			
Superior clips	1 5	to	1 8¼
Fair to good	1 4	"	1 5¼
Low to middling	1 3	"	1 5
Grease	0 7	"	0 10¼
Locks, pieces, broken wool, &c.	0 9	"	1 2
Handwashed	1 3	"	1 6
Scoured	1 6	"	2 0
TALLOW.			
Beef, for town use	£35 0 0		£37 10 0
Mutton	36 10 0		40 0 0
Station tallow	35 0 0		42 0 0
Hides, each	0 10 0		0 16 0
Sheepskins, per lb.	0 0 6		0 0 8½

MORT and CO., brokers.

Pitt-street, Sydney, September 11th, 1856.

MORT AND CO.'S WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11TH.—Tare actual; draft 1 lb. per cwt., and no other allowance. Wool: Skin, HB conjoined, 1 bale at 8½d; ditto, ArB, 1 at 11½d; pieces, B&W, 1 at 9½d; skin, DL, 1 at 13½d; scoured skin, C, 1 at 15d; ditto, B, 3 at 17½d; ditto, A, 3 at 21½d; fleece, JJP in triangle, 22 at 19½d; grease, WPH, 8 at 9½d; mixed, B, 2 at 9d; fleece, W HR conjoined, 6 at 17d; grease, LH over H, 10 at 9½d; fleece, LH over H, 2 at 19½d; ditto, LH over H, 3 at 19½d; grease, MFT, 6 at 8½d; ditto, WO, 1 at 7½d; locks, WO, 1 at 4½d; scoured grey, Grey, 2 at 17½d; pieces, —, 1 at 15d; WR 2 at 17d. Sheepskins: 1 bale at 6½d, 10 ditto at 7½d, lot ditto at 8d, ditto at 8d, ditto at 8½d, ditto at 7½d, ditto at 7d, ditto at 8½d, 3 bundles ditto at 7½d, lot ditto at 7½d, ditto at 7½d, 2 bundles ditto at 8d. Tallow: B, 15 casks, at £36 12s 6d; 2 ditto at 34s 6d, 2 ditto at 32s; WO, 2 ditto at 40s, 1 cask ditto at 33s, 2 ditto, at 33s. Hides: 224 at 13s 6d, 44 at 13s, 6 at 11s 6d, 14 at 14s 6d, 184 at 15s, 37 at 13s 9d, 46 at 15s 6d, 9 at 13s, 8 at 11s 3d, 17 at 15s 6d. Lot horns at 28s.

SYDNEY LABOUR REPORT.

EMPLOYERS from the country have been numerous in town for hands. Those requiring men for stations have, in many cases, returned successful; but, for farm and dairy service, some few have left disappointed,—for the Illawarra district in particular,—and the few farming men out of employ refusing either to leave town, or to accept current prices offered.

For town, the supply is very great, especially for day work. I do not, however, think, there are many real good mechanics out of employment.

Female servants have not been much enquired for this week, doubtless through those newly-arrived having been for hire.

The following may be regarded as substantially correct:—

TOWN—PER DAY.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Masons	uncertain.		
Quarrymen	0 12 0	to	0 15 0
Bricklayers	0 14 0	"	0 15 0
Carpenters	0 11 0	"	0 14 0
Joiners	0 13 0	"	0 14 0
Blacksmiths	0 8 0	"	0 13 0
Engineers	0 10 0	"	0 15 0
Shipwrights	0 10 0	"	0 0 0
Tinplate workers	0 10 0	"	0 14 0
Tailors	0 7 0	"	0 0 0
Wheelwrights	0 8 0	"	0 12 0
Painters	0 10 0	"	0 11 0
Plasterers	0 12 0	"	0 15 0
PER WEEK.			
Bakers	2 10 0	"	3 10 0
Butchers	2 10 0	"	3 10 0
Shoemakers	3 0 0	"	4 0 0
Watchmakers	3 0 0	"	4 10 0
Printers	3 0 0	"	3 12 0
Pastry cooks	2 10 0	"	4 0 0
Men cooks, with board	1 0 0	"	1 10 0
Cabinetmakers	3 0 0	"	3 12 0
Soap boilers	3 0 0	"	3 10 0
Storemen, carters, and light porters	2 0 0	"	2 10 0
COUNTRY WAGES (WITH RATIONS).			
Ploughmen and farm servants	30 0 0	"	40 0 0
Bushmen	40 0 0	"	50 0 0
Bullock drivers	40 0 0	"	45 0 0
English shepherds	30 0 0	"	35 0 0
Ditto ditto, and to watch	30 0 0	"	35 0 0
Stockmen	40 0 0	"	45 0 0
Hutkeepers	25 0 0	"	28 0 0
Married couples	50 0 0	"	55 0 0
Milkmen	35 0 0	"	40 0 0
Shearers, per score	0 4 0	"	0 4 6
Sheepwashers	35 0 0	"	40 0 0
Gardeners, per week, found	1 0 0	"	1 5 0
Garden labourers, ditto ditto	0 15 0	"	1 0 0
Rough carpenters, ditto ditto	0 0 0	"	1 5 0
Sawyers, per 100, not found.	0 14 0	"	0 16 0
Surveyors' men	35 0 0	"	40 0 0
Brickmakers, per 1000 ditto	1 15 0	"	2 0 0
TOWN RATES (LIVING IN THE HOUSE).			
Female cooks	25 0 0	"	30 0 0
Laundresses	26 0 0	"	30 0 0
Useful general female servants	20 0 0	"	20 0 0
Housemaids	22 10 0	"	20 0 0
Nursemaids	18 0 0	"	20 0 0
Labourers, in town, per day.	0 6 0	"	0 8 0
Male servants, town, per annum	35 0 0	"	40 0 0

OLIVER STAINES,

British and Foreign Labour Market, House, Land, Advertising, and General Agency Office, 73, corner of King and Castlereagh streets, Sydney.—September 12.

THERE have not been any arrivals additional to affect this market since my last, nor any new features deserving particular notice, the supply and demand being so nearly equal as not to alter the current rate of wages, if we except a slight change amongst seamen's rates.

TOWN WAGES.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Bookbinders, according to competency, per week, from	2 10 0	to	4 0 0
Printing work, per week, from	3 0 0		3 6 0
Compositors on the "stab"	4 0 0		0 0 0
Herald, Morning Paper.—Long primer, brevier, and nonpareil—equalised to 1s. 6d. per 1000, and 1s. 7d. per hour overtime. The *Empire's* rates are about the same. At these rates men can earn, according to competency, per week, from	3 10 0		7 0 0
Painters ... per day	0 10 0		0 12 0
Plumbers	0 12 0		0 15 0
Carpenters	0 13 0		0 14 0
Coopers	0 12 0		0 14 0
Joiners	0 13 0		0 14 0
Plasterers	0 13 0		0 14 0
Ditto labourers	0 8 0		0 10 0
Bricklayers	0 14 0		0 16 0
Ditto labourers	0 9 0		0 10 0
Masons	0 13 0		0 15 0
(If on short time 2s. 6d. per day less.)			
Ditto labourers	0 9 0		0 10 0
Quarrymen	0 14 0		0 15 0
Blacksmiths	0 10 0		0 12 0
Carter	0 8 0		0 10 0
Male servants	£35 to £40 per ann., and found		
Cooks	40		60
Coachmen	50		60
Grooms	40		50
Gardeners	35		45
General female servants	25		30
Cooks	26		30
Laundresses	26		30
Housemaids	20		26
Nursemaids	20		25

COUNTRY WAGES.

[The rations are—Flour, 8lbs. to 12lbs.; meat, 10lbs. to 14lbs.; sugar, 2lbs.; tea, ¼ lb., weekly.]

Farm labourers	£35	to	£40 per ann., with rations
Ditto married couples	50		60 "
Hutkeepers	25		27 10s. "
Shepherds	30		35 "
Stockmen	40		50 "
Bullock drivers	45		50 "
Ploughmen (single)	35		45 "

SEAMEN'S WAGES (PER MONTH).

Coasting	£5 0 0	to	£6 0 0
England	6 0 0		0 0 0
Great Britain, by way of India & China	5 0 0		6 10 0
New Zealand	5 0 0		0 0 0
India, China, and Valparaiso and back	5 0 0		6 0 0
Steamers' seamen	6 10 0		
Ditto firemen	12 0 0		
Ditto trimmers	9 0 0		
Whalers, A.S.	120th lay		
Ditto, O.S.	140th to 160th lay.		

W. B. HAIGH,

Commission and Labour Agent, Stock and Share Broker, September 12. 2, Pitt-street, opposite the Union Bank.

PRICES OF SECURITIES.

A LARGE amount of business has been done in the Share Market this week; in the shares of the Bank of New South Wales, at £40 and £40 10s. per share of £20; in Commercial Bank shares, at £45 per share of £25; in Joint Stock Bank shares, at £12 per share of £10; in Government Debentures, and in Debentures of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company, bearing 7 per cent. interest, and payable in three year from this day, which are readily taken at par. The best securities have progressively advanced to the present rate, but much is now held in the absence of other investments of a promising nature for the capital to be released.

DESCRIPTION.	Dividend per Annum last declared.	Paid up each Share.	PRICES.
Bank of N. S. Wales	20 per cent.	£20	£40 to £40 10s.
Commercial Bank	15	£25	£45
Austral. Joint Stk B.	10	£10	£12
Bank of Australasia	20	£40	£99 in London
Bank of Victoria	10	£15	£27
Union Bank of Aust.	27	£25	£75 in London
		£2 10s.	£61 10s. in Sydney
Austral. G. Light Co.	15*	£6	£10
A. S. Navigation Co.		£20	£14 to £15
H.R.N. Stm Nav. Co	5	£10	£9
North Shore Stm. Co		£5	£5
Genl. Assurance Co.	20	£5	£8
N. S. W Marine Co.	10	£2	£2 15s. to £3
Sydney Assurance Co	10	£1	£1 8s. to £1 10s.
Sydney Exchange Co		£10	£10
Newcastle Coal and Copper Co.	10	£20 & £25	5 per cent. dis. to par.
Bathurst Cop. Min. Co		£5	
Ophir Cop. Min. Co.		£5	
Carangara Copper Mining Co.		£1	
Wentworth Gold Co.		£10	
Great Nugget Vein		12s. 6d.	
		6s. 3d.	
Melbourne & Hobson Bay Railway Co.	8	£50	par.
Geel. & Melb. Rail. Co	5 p. c. interest	£20	par.
N.S.W. Gov. Deben.	5 pr. c. pr. ann.	20 years	2 per cent. dis.
Ditto ditto	3½d. p. c. pr. dm	3 to 5 yrs.	par
Victoria Gov. ditto	5 & 6 p. c. p. an.		95 to 11
Austral. Steam ditto	7 p. c. per ann.	3 years	par
New Zealand ditto	8 & 10 p. c. p. an.		10 per cent. prem

* That is to say, the ordinary dividend of 10 per cent., and a bonus at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

The prices of shares include the dividends from the last payment.

Mortgages are negotiated at interest of from 6 per cent. per annum upwards.

N.B.—The Share List, with full particulars, may be had upon application to Mr. Barton.

W. BARTON, 221, George-street, Opposite the Bank of N. S. Wales.

September 12.

SYDNEY MARKETS.—FRIDAY.

WHEAT AND FLOUR.—This market is still very heavy, and no alteration has taken place in prices. Messrs. Barker and Co. quote fine flour at £28 per ton of 2000 lbs., second quality £26; wheat, about 9s. per bushel; bran, 1s 6d to 1s 9d.——Mr. Breillat: The market remains as last reported. Fine flour, £28, seconds £26, per ton; wheat, 8s to 10s per bushel; bran, 1s 9d to 2s per bushel.——Mr. Buckley: The quotations for both flour and wheat are the same as last week. The supply of wheat has been very limited, and scarcely any arrivals by the road. Fine flour, £28 per ton, seconds £26; bran, 1s 6d to 1s 9d per bushel.

BREAD, 7d per 2lb. loaf.

BISCUIT.—Messrs. Wilkie and Co.: Cabin, 32s; navy, 28s; ship, 26s per 100 lbs. Mr. Hamilton: Ship, 26s; navy, 28s; cabin, 32s, per 100 lbs.

BUTCHERS' MEAT.—The market has now a very fair supply of cattle, but good wethers are very scarce. The wholesale butchers are selling beef at from 2½d to 2½d, and mutton at from 3d to 3½d per lb. Messrs. Neale and Davis were the purchasers of 100 head of Mr. Rouse's cattle at £5 2s 6d. Messrs. Long and Harding, of the Camperdown Sale Yards, report that the supply of cattle during the week has been quite equal to the demand; prices remain about the same as last week. Good mutton, scarce, and fetching a high figure; slaughterhouse prices, beef 1½d to 2½d; mutton 3d to 4d.

POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.—Fowls 5s to 6s, ducks 7s 6d, to 8s 6d, geese 11s to 13s, turkeys 10s to 15s, pigeons 2s, wild ducks 8s 6d, teal 4s per couple; roasting pigs 6s to 7s each; butter 1s 6d to 2s, cheese 7d to 8d, bacon and hams 7d to 8d, lard 6d to 7d per lb.; eggs 10d to 1s per dozen.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes—new £5 to £8, old £4 to £6, onions £20 to £25 per ton. Cabbages 2s to 6s, cauliflowers 3s to 7s, lettuces 1s to 2s 6d, turnips 1s to 2s, celery 5s to 8s, leeks 1s to 2s 6d, parsnips 3s to 3s 6d, carrots 2s to 2s 6d, pumpkins 3s to 8s per dozen or dozen bunches, as the case may be; green peas 7s to 9s, broad beans 4s to 6s per bushel.

FRUITS.—Oranges 4d to 1s, Lisbon lemons 1s, other lemons 4d, citrons 9d to 1s, apples 2s to 3s, bananas 2s to 2s 6d, per dozen, loquats 10s to 15s per basket.

FORAGE.—Hay £8 to £9 10s per ton, straw £4 to £5 10s per ton, oats, 3s 3d, Cape barley 3s 6d, maize 3s to 3s 3d per bushel, green food 1s to 1s 3d per dozen bundles.

BARK.—£6 to £7 per ton.

HORSES.—Watt and Pearson, report a decided improvement in the horse market during the week, notwithstanding the great scarcity of fresh horses. The stocks at present in the dealers, hands are smaller than they have been for many previous months, and fresh animals would be bought readily by them at advanced prices, we, therefore, recommend our country constituents, having horse stock by them, to realize at the present opportunity. We have this week sold gig horses as high as £80; heavy draught ditto, up to £57 10s; ordinary gig and saddle ditto, from £15 to £30; inferior stock £5 to £12. A demand has sprung up during the week for gigs, dog carts, spring carts and drays, a number having been disposed of at advanced rates. Messrs. Martyn and Schroder report that there is still a good demand for fresh country horses, if in good condition, and unbroken. Our sales this week show a steady but good demand for all descriptions of horse stock, if possessing good bone and condition. Good hacks and harness horses are much wanted, and will find purchasers at paying prices, if thoroughly broken. A small draft of unbroken horses, belonging to Mr. Ryan, sold on Tuesday, at the Cattle Market, at £19 6s per head average, the highest price being £40. This should be a convincing proof that really good conditioned stock will fetch a handsome price. The cart entire "Samson," a splendid specimen of the colonial breed, was sold to Patrick Grant, Esq., for £160. The fat cattle belonging to and bred by David Johnson, Esq., fetched £30 per head, and a fine draught horse from the Maitland district, £63. Carriage pairs from £70 to £110. Gig and saddle horses from £25 to £50; draft horses, from £30 to £70; inferior stock, £5 and upwards. Burt, Hassall, and Co., report that the horse market has been very indifferently supplied during the week; the sales have been confined to medium and inferior horses, principally in the hands of the dealers. No good cart stock have been offered. Prices have varied but little.—Mr. S. Wooller, of the Bull's Head Horse Repository, George-street, reports that the market is scarce of good horses, and he has sold this week 85 head of horses and mares, at an advance in price to that of last week; most of them for the diggings, and others for town use. Good horses well broken in, and that can be recommended, will sell at fair prices. No use sending poor stock, no demand for them. Prices as last week.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

MELBOURNE, 6TH SEPTEMBER.

HAY.—Sales have been exceedingly dull for inferior, with which the market has been glutted. The quotations for this class are nominal, few offers being refused. Best hay, £9 to £10; second-class ditto, £6 to £7; stained ditto, £2 to £5.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.—Dight's Mills.—Fine flour. £28 per ton; seconds, £24 ditto; Haxall, £30 ditto; Chilian, £20 ditto; Adelaide, £27 10s ditto; bran, 2s 6d per bushel. Wheat bought at 10s 6d to 10s 9d ditto. The flour market is very unsettled, and the small amount of transactions effected have been at reduced rates. We quote a reduction on the week of from £1 to £2 per ton. Much discussion and difference of opinion prevails with regard to the future prospects of the market in this article. Whilst some view with apprehension the recent large additional supplies, and manifest an anxiety to keep their stocks within limit, others appear to be sanguine holders on the faith of previous unfavourable advices received from abroad; but the unexpected arrival of the Antador, from Talcahuano, with a cargo of wheat, has taken the trade by surprise, and shaken their confidence, particularly when it is understood that some of these shipments have been by foreign speculators anxious to relieve their own market and maintain prices. Others again build their hopes upon a return of fine weather and large orders from the country. We certainly favour the opinion that we cannot look for much improvement until we experience a more legitimate and active demand, and a falling off in supplies.

LIVE STOCK.—Beef: The supply of fat cattle during the week has been limited in the extreme. On Monday we disposed of a lot of 200 head decent cattle, being the only lot in the market. Bullocks, £10 to £12 10s.; cows, £7 to £8 10s. On Tuesday the market was better supplied, the butchers buying at about the same rate, say fully 30s. per 100 lbs. Since then, with the exception of twelve or thirteen head, sold on Friday, which were divided into three or four lots, and commanded the highest prices, no cattle fit for the butcher has been offered. Some indifferent found no purchasers. Several country buyers were obliged to leave town without purchasing, being outbid by the trade for immediate consumption. Working bullocks remain much the same as for some time past. MUTTON: Sheep have fully maintained their price since our last. Towards the close of the week one or two fresh lots came to hand, and a few remained over unsold. Good wethers are worth say 20s. Ewes, 13s. to 15s. 6d., according to quality. STORE SHEEP: We have delivered 10,000, a mixed flock, at 12s. 6d. per head. There are plenty enquiries for this description of stock, but we know of none now in the market. Store Cattle.—We have closed for 2000 head of store cattle, equal sexes, over two years old and under six years old, at an average of 80s on terms; they are, however, a very superior lot.

HORSES.—The attendance at our yards this week has been very good, and the prices brought plainly show that first-class stock are still in demand. Since our last, we have passed off a shipment of Van Diemen's Land horses, landed on Monday, ex North Star, several of them not being subjected to trial sold at from £45 to £60, the remainder were guaranteed, and their prices as follows—£70, £99, £65, £112, £67 10s, £68 10s, £58 10s, £100, £102 10s, £65. We have also sold two mobs of unbroken colts and fillies; the first, on Monday, averaged £16; and the other, on Thursday, £14 10s per head; the latter were all light horses, and in anything but good condition.

WOOL, TALLOW, AND HIDES.—The advices, per Montmorency, of the closing of the London May wool sales at a decline on the highest rates of about 1½d per lb. has caused buyers to operate cautiously. There being, however, still a good margin of profit left, holders are indisposed to submit to any considerable reduction. We can, however, quote fellmongers' scoured wools at 1s 7d to 2s 9d per lb., being a shade easier than our last week's rates.—We have still a fair demand for tallow for shipment, for which purpose, as also for local use, we have moved some parcels during the week, at our quotations, viz., beef tallow, £35 to £37 per ton; mixed ditto, £35 ditto; mutton ditto, £40 to £42 ditto.—We have heard of country hides being bought and taken delivery of at Keilor at 14s 6d each. We have moved some small parcels of town-cured hides at our quotations, which are as follows, viz.—For good country salted, 14s each; town-cured, 15s 6d to 16s each.

RETAIL MARKETS.—Butchers' Meat.—Beef and mutton, 4d to 8d per lb.; veal, 6d to 1s ditto; pork, 10d to 1s 2d ditto. Poultry—Geese, 16s to 17s 6d each; hen turkeys, 15s to 20s ditto; cock ditto, 20s to 30s ditto; ducks, 10s to 12s per pair; teal, 4s per brace; wild ducks, 8s ditto; fowls, 8s to 14s per pair; pigeons, 3s 6d to 4s ditto; eggs, 2s 6d to 3s per dozen. Dairy produce.—Butter, imported, 2s to 3s per lb.; ditto dairy, 3s to 3s 6d ditto; milk, 1s per quart.

ADELAIDE MARKETS.

We have Adelaide dates to the 2nd instant. The following are the prices ruling in the grain, flour, and provender markets:—Fine flour, first brand, £24 to £25; second, £23; second flour, £17 to £18; bran, 1s 6d per bushel; pollard, 1s 6d to 1s 9d per ditto; wheat, 9s to 9s 6d per ditto; oats, 4s 9d to 5s 0d per ditto. The following prices have been realized wholesale for farm produce:—Bacon, 9d per lb; hams, 10d per lb; English ditto, 1s 3d to 1s 4d per lb; colonial cheese, 7d to 8d per ditto; English ditto, 1s 4d per lb; fresh butter, 11d to 1s 1d per lb; salt ditto, 8d per lb.; eggs, 1s to 1s 1d per dozen; onions, 1d to 2d per do.; oats, 4s 6d to 5s 6d per bushel; English ditto, nominal; Cape barley, 4s 9d to 5s; English ditto, 7s 6d to 8s; now hay, £3 5s to £3 10s per ton, trussed; straw, £1 15s to £2 per ton; potatoes, £4 10s to £5 per ton; green feed, 1s. per dozen bundles.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Friday Evening.

THE amount of gold issued by the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint during the week ended to-day has been 15,000 sovereigns.

The amount of gold dust imported into the same establishment during the week for the purpose of coinage has been 3561 ounces. Of this quantity 701 ounces were received from the Rocky River diggings.

The amount of gold dust received through the post during the week ended to-day, September 12th, was 513 ounces.

The Western Escort arrived this morning at the Colonial Treasury and delivered the following quantities of gold dust:—From Bathurst, 990 ounces 5 dwts.; Sofala, 337 ounces 4 dwts. 10 grains; Tambaroora, 180 ounces 3 dwts; Louisa Creek, August 30th, 492 ounces 7 dwts 16 grains; ditto, September 6th, 506 ounces 11 dwts. 2 grains. Total, 2506 ounces 11 dwts. 4 grains.

The share market continues active, and some large transactions have taken place this week. The fluctuations, however, have not been so great as last week; the prices of most shares have remained firm and without alteration. In Bank of New South Wales shares there has been a rise of from 2½ to 5 per cent. The market looks as if the prices for most shares had reached their maximum. Sales have been effected this week in the following shares:—Bank of New South Wales, £40 to £40 10s. per share. Commercial Bank, £45 per share. Australian Joint Stock Bank, at £12 per share; and New South Wales Marine Assurance shares at £3 per share.

DEBENTURES.—Government debentures have been sold at 98 to 100, and accrued interest. Australasian Steam Navigation debentures bearing 7 per cent. interest, which have just been issued, have been sold to some extent at 100.

The Capella arrived to-day from Manila, with a cargo consisting of 16,630 bags of sugar, 60 cases of cigars, and 311 packages of cordage.

Messrs. Mort and Co. sold, to-day, by auction, an allotment in the village of Longbottom, containing about 27 perches, for £55; 55 acres on the Liverpool Road, near Irish Town, at £3 4s. per acre; two stone-built houses in Botany-street, near the railway terminus, for £1140. They also sold, privately, a house in Burton-street, for £310, and farms at Conolly's Bush at £6 per acre.

Messrs. Cohen and Harbottle sold to-day earthenware and glassware at satisfactory rates, and 560 acres of land at George's River at 15s. per acre.

Messrs. Muriel and Miller sold to-day the cargo of the Tickler; the prices realized were as follows:—Cocoanut oil, £26 12s. 6d. per tun; tortoiseshell, 16s. 6d. per lb.; beche-le-mer, 47s. 6d. per cwt.; arrowroot, 6¾d; pig lead, £12 10s. per ton; hogs, 40s. each; yams, bought in at 27s. 6d. per ton.

Messrs. Bowden and Threlkeld disposed to-day of eight casks of cocoanut oil, at £27 10s. per tun.

Messrs. Frith and Payten held to-day an extensive sale of boots and shoes. The sale was well attended, and a considerable advance on invoice prices was obtained.

Mr. F. Smith sold to-day spirits and beer; the following prices were realised: brandy, Martell's, 14s.; ale, Marzetti's, 9s. 6d. per dozen; Tennent's ale and porter, 9s.; French case brandy, 16s. 3d.; Lowndes' old tom, 14s. 4d.; gin, JDKZ and key brands, 18s. 6d. to 19s.; rum, 10 o.p., 4s. 10d.

LIQUIDS.—The transactions this week have not been important. Holders are still unwilling to sell except at full rates; brandy 14s. to 14s. 6d. There has been some speculation in rum, 10 o.p., this week, and it has risen in consequence; 30 o.p., 5s. 6d.; 10 o.p., 4s. 6d. to 4s. 10d. Gin, JDKZ, 18s. to 19s. Bottled ale and porter remain at last week's quotations.

DRAPERY.—Seasonable goods command paying rates to importers.

GROCERIES.—The activity noticed in our report of last week continues, and prices generally have an upward tendency.

TEAS.—At auction a few parcels realized higher rates, and good congous, fit for counter trade, cannot be bought for less than £5 to £5 5s. per chest.

COFFEE.—The Amelia Breillat, from Batavia, has a large parcel on board, which the importer holds for 10d. in bond. The Mary Ross and Capella, from Manila, have none on board.

OILMEN'S STORES.—Salad oil, jams, 1 lbs., salmon, and sardines are enquired for, and sales at improved rates have been effected.

DRIED FRUITS are much higher in England, which will tend to check shipments, and produce a corresponding advance here. Currants are saleable at 1s. 2½d. to 1s. 3d., raisins 6½d. to 7½d., muscatels 10d. to 1s. A parcel of 300 half-barrels dried apples were sold by auction at 7d. per lb.

RICE.—Patna has improved in Melbourne, and sales had been made from £21 to £22 per ton, with a good demand. Holders here are firm at 28s. to 30s. per bag; good Java scarce, and very little common left. Last sales at £12 and £13 per ton.

SUGARS.—During the week there have been large transactions in raw sugars, the Colonial Sugar Company having purchased the cargoes of the Nimrod, and Helen Baird, lately arrived from Manila. Prices have, in consequence, advanced, and Pampanga sugar is now quoted at £33 to £34; and Taal and Zebu, at £30 per ton. The Capella, from Manila, this day, brings about 450 tons to the Company. Advices from the European markets show that sugar, notwithstanding large supplies, have still an upward tendency. Refined sugars continue in demand. The Sugar Company's quotations are as follows:—Loaf, snowdrop and crushed, £52; crystals, £47 to £49; pieces, £45; treacle, £25; Taal and Zebu, £30; Pampanga, £33; brown Javas, £36 to £39; colonial rum (duty paid), 14s. 3d. for 28 o.p.

By the Wonga Wonga we have papers from England to the 20th of June, and from Melbourne to the 9th instant. From the *Melbourne Herald* of that date we take the latest commercial news.

Gold remains at £3 13s 3d per ounce. Entries were passed at the Customs, this day, for 15,644 ozs., of which 13,575 ozs. were for London, 69 ozs. for Liverpool, and 2000 ozs. for Sydney.

Adelaide flour is firm at £26 10s to £27 per ton; rice, £21 to £24, according to samples; coffee is firm at 10d per lb. Native, and 1s Plantation; sugar (bright counter), 42s per cwt.; candles (Belmont) sold at 1s 4d.

Bear's Weekly Circular, dated Melbourne, the 9th instant, reports as follows—

MONEY MARKET.—We have not negotiated, or been informed of any securities for mortgage having appeared in the market since our last, but at 7 per cent. At 8 per cent. money is offering in abundance. We have sold Geelong Corporation Debentures, redeemable in 1872, at £105, with accrued interest added. We find difficulty in disposing of this stock at its intrinsic value, in consequence of holders of money expecting that Government will, ere long, issue debentures for other loans. Victoria Bank Shares are much enquired for at £28.

WOOL MARKET.—The market has this week suffered a slight decline, in consequence of advices coming to hand of the London May sales having closed at a reduction of about 1½d. per lb. on the highest rates. Our quotations are therefore a shade easier than last week, viz., for scoured wool, 19d. to 21d. per lb; handwashed and slipe, 12d. to 16d.

TALLOW MARKET.—There is still a fair demand, both for local use and shipment, at our quoted rates, which are as last, viz., beef, £35 to £37 per ton; mixed, £37 to £38; mutton, £40 to £42.

HIDE MARKET.—Any good parcels of well-cured hides are readily sold at our quotations, viz., for good country salted, 14s. each; town cured, 16s.

CORN AND FLOUR MARKET.—The *Journal of Commerce* reports that this market has been subject to many variations during the week. At the beginning it was extremely firm, with large speculative buyers at £26 10s. The receipt of the letters per Oberon, from Chili, which put it beyond a doubt that most vessels sent down from this to the West Coast will return in ballast, and which might have been expected to have hardened the market, did not have that effect, owing to the decline in Sydney, consequent on numerous simultaneous arrivals there from San Francisco, Chili, and this colony. Holders of Adelaide, however, remained firm at £26, and were not influenced by the advertisement of one of our leading mills offering flour at £25. Wheat is rather lower, and cannot be quoted higher than 10s 3d to 10s 6d. The millers' quotations are—Degraves' fine flour, £25; seconds, £23; Chilian, £24; Haxall, £30; wheat, 10s 6d; bran, 2s 6d. Dight's fine flour, £28; seconds, £24; Haxall, £30; Chilian, £26; Adelaide, £27 10s; bran, 2s 6d; wheat, 10s to 10s 9d.

The English funds are firm at 94 ⅝ to ¾. The shares of Australian securities are also higher. The following are the latest price—Bank of New South Wales 44 to 45; Oriental Bank 41 to 42; Bank of Australasia 97 to 99, and Union Bank 73 to 75, new.

The following is taken from the Money Article of the *Times*, dated 19th of June:—

The English funds opened this morning with great steadiness at the closing prices of yesterday, and subsequently experienced an advance of an eighth. The first quotation of Consols for money was 94⅞ to ⅞ ex dividend, whence in consequence of a disposition on the part of the public to effect purchases they improved to 94⅞ to ⅞, at which they remained to the close, with a firm appearance. Consol Scrip left off at 3 to ⅛ premium; Bank Stock, 217 to 218; Reduced, 94⅞ to ¾; New Three per Cents., 95⅛ to ¼; Annuities, 30 years, 17⅛; India Bonds, 10s. to 14s. premium; Exchequer-bonds, 99⅞ to ¼; and Exchequer-bills, 7s. to 10s. premium.

Foreign securities were well supported, and prices in some cases showed a tendency to further improvement. Purchases of Turkish were freely made, the principal rise being in the six per Cents., but both descriptions were favourably influenced. In the Six per Cents. the transactions were at 100½ for money, and 100⅞, 101⅞, ¾, ½, and ¼, for the account. The Guaranteed Four per Cents. were negotiated at 104⅞ and ⅞ for money, and 104⅞, ¼ and 105 for the account. The general operations comprised—Austrian Five per Cents., 92½; the Five per Cents. Brazilian New, 100½; Grenada New Active, 17¼; Mexican, for account, 23⅞; Russian Four-and-a-Half per Cents., 98½; Sardinian Five per Cents., 92½; Spanish Three per Cents., 47¼; the New Deferred, 25⅞, ⅞, and ¼; Dutch Two-and-a-Half per Cents., 65⅞; and the Four per Cent. Certificates, 96.

The corn market this morning was steady at the prices of Monday.

The final quotations of the French Three per Cents. on the Paris Bourse this evening were 71f. 10c. for money, and 71f. 20c. for the end of the month, showing a recovery of a quarter per cent.

A steady demand for money continues to prevail, and is likely to be maintained to the end of the month. In addition to the sum of £1,000,000 absorbed by the Bank through the loan instalment last Thursday, £1,000,800 will become payable on the 28th; and, as the revenue receipts are meanwhile rapidly accumulating, the available funds in the hands of the bankers and discount brokers are daily undergoing a diminution which cannot be restored except by advances from that establishment. The Bank minimum rate of 5 per cent. must therefore for the moment govern the market. As soon as the Government disbursements for the contracts which the loan was intended to meet shall have taken place, together with the payment of the dividends, a sudden change can hardly fail to become observable, the extent of which will be proportionably augmented by the influx of gold that may be relied upon during the next few weeks. More than £1,000,000 will soon be overdue from Australia, some considerable arrivals are expected from Constantinople, and the last American letters mention that increased sums would be sent by the succeeding packets. It is also said that the amount will again be large by the next Mexican mail. At the same time there are no immediate causes in operation likely in any material degree to alter the aspect of the foreign exchanges. July, therefore, is expected to witness a great increase of ease, which will necessitate a further downward movement on the part of the Bank. Beyond that time the continuance of the tendency must, of course, depend upon the prospects of the harvest.

A public sale of wool was held at Rouen, on the 10th of June. The wools by the Noe, and some by the Gertrude, were offered, but an article having appeared in the *Moniteur*, the Government paper, respecting the contemplated abolition of the prohibition on foreign manufactured woollen goods, only 800 bales were sold. Although the prices were not so high as was anticipated, still, upon the whole, they left a profit. Owing to the dearness of living, and the floods which had occurred on the Loire and the Rhine, business was not so brisk as previously.

The Tallow Market, in London, is quiet at 45s. 6d. on the spot, and 46s. to 46s. 3d. for the last three months. With regard to the state of trade, Messrs. Colchester and Woolner remark,—

There has been but little business passing in the tallow market during the week; prices have, however, been pretty well maintained, notwithstanding the demand for consumption has been light. The last accounts received by telegraph from St. Petersburg are to the 13th instant; the market then was firmer, 134 roubles being paid for August, and 133 generally demanded. To-day there is rather more enquiry; 45s 9d is paid for good Y.C. on the spot, 45s 6d for June and July delivery, 46s 3d for the last three months; Australia beef brings 44s 6d; sheep, 46s; South American, 45s 6d to 45s 9d; town tallow, 46s net cash.

We annex the latest London wool report, from which it will be observed that the market had rallied from ½d. to 1d. per lb., from the extreme decline.

The public sales of colonial wool closed on the 4th of June, and the quantities catalogued consisted of 12,973 bales Australian, 22,413 bales Port Phillip, 4351 bales Van Diemen's Land, 3592 bales Adelaide, 272 bales New Zealand, and 7912 bales Cape; total, 51,531 bales.

It is gratifying to report that the tendency to depression observable after the first few evenings' sale was partially recovered before the close, prices rallying about ½d to 1d from the extreme decline, and much animation was observable to operate at this advance.

Purchasers for foreign account were small; the total quantity taken by them was about 6500 bales—a small proportion of the quantity sold as compared with their previous operations.

The accounts from the north are not so satisfactory as might have been expected, considering the reduction in the Bank rate of 2 per cent. since the close of the sales, and decidedly improved accounts from Australia; the fact, however, of the raw material being still dear, has led many of the merchants to be chary in giving orders for cloth to any extent, and the operations of our home buyers at this period being necessarily limited may in part account for the want of animation. Our next sales in July are looked forward to with anxiety, and all parties evince an indisposition to operate; the current feeling being for lower prices. Much depends on the quantity offered and the competition we may receive from continental buyers, whose operations materially influence prices.

The arrivals of Australian wool at Liverpool, up to the end of May, amounted to 6162 bales—the whole of which, had come on to London, with one or two trifling exceptions.

The quantity already arrived consists of 51,000 bales.

Prices—Extra: Superior flocks in best condition, 2s 3d to 2s 9d; Average to good in fair ditto, 1s 11d to 2s 3d; ordinary and ill conditioned flocks, 1s 7d to 1s 11d; scoured clothing, 2s to 3s; ditto lambs, 1s 10d to 2s 9d; fair and handwashed skins, 1s 8d to 2s; heavy, 1s 4d to 1s 8d; lambs extra good, 1s 10d to 2s 3d; lambs inferior to average, 1s 5d to 1s 10d; broken locks, &c., 1s to 2s; in grease, 10d to 1s 4d.

The subjoined is taken from F. W. Cosen's circular, dated London, June 4th:—

SIR,—During the month just closed there has been a fair amount of business transacted in both wines and spirits, the clearances of wine especially continue good, being for home trade to the end of April 350,000 gallons in excess of the same period in 1855: the increase upon the export for the same period being 157,000 gallons, of which red wines stand for 105,000 gallons.

Brandy continues in good demand, and prices remain firm; Rum very quiet and a shade easier. In Geneva there has been a slight advance.

Some misconception must exist on this side as to the terms upon which wines are sold in the Australian colonies; it may, therefore, be desirable to remind those whose knowledge of those markets only extends to a recent period, that the conditions upon which sales of wines are effected are duty paid and delivered. Referring to the *Sydney Mercantile Journal and Shipping Register*," (which bears every evidence of being most carefully prepared) of the 1st March last, the quotations then ruling allowing for duty and import charges must leave a very considerable loss upon the rates at which it has been possible, for the last 12 months to ship sound wines from the United Kingdom or the Peninsular Ports.

Attention has again been called to the fact of large quantities of empty casks, bearing the brands of the first Cognac houses, being purchased from time to time for transmission to Holland, &c., and there filled with spurious brandy, and returned to this country for shipment to colonial ports. Dealers in Australia will, therefore, do well to secure their supplies from those importers, who from their high position and known integrity, would not countenance such unprincipled impositions.

WINES.

SHERRY.—My latest advices from Xerez do not speak of any material injury to the vines from the late cold rains, prices continue to advance, and should the present demand be maintained much higher rates must inevitably ensue, at the same time the great competition existing in this branch of the wine trade will always secure to the consumer every advantage that skill and capital can induce.

The growth of the sherry trade during the last 30 years has been enormous.

Shipped from Cadiz in 1823	12,470	butts
1833	28,336	"
1843	20,313	"
1853	53,368	"

these figures coupled with the known fact that the vintages for the last 8 years have all been more or less short will satisfactorily explain the present high prices.

PORT.—The latest advices from Oporto report gloomy prospects for the coming vintage. Prices remained very firm with a fair amount of business doing.

No direct shipments to the colonies advised.

MARSALA, MADEIRA, and TENERIFFE.—These wines continue to maintain their value, all being at present short in supply.

FRENCH WINES.—The late unseasonable weather is likely to produce an unfavourable effect upon the yield in the South of France; prices at Bordeaux continue well maintained.

SPIRITS.

BRANDY.—The latest advices from Cognac speak of the unfavourable weather as likely to produce a considerable effect upon the vines in some parts of the Cognac district; prices continue well maintained in the face of a limited demand.

RUM.—Some orders from Australia early in the month produced a slight improvement, since then but little business has been doing, and prices remain without material alteration.

GENEVA, &c.—See quotations.

Having my own establishment at Xerez for the shipment of sherry wine, and periodically visiting the various wine-producing districts of Europe, I am in a position to do full justice to all who may confide their orders to my care.

Having received many solicitations to consign, I beg the trade distinctly to understand that I confine myself strictly to the execution of bona fide orders.

Soliciting the favour of your commands through your correspondents in Great Britain,

I am, your obedient servant,

F. W. COSENS.

EDEN AND PANBULA.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

MANEROO, 6th September.—These are the seaport towns of Maneroo, but Eden is the chief, possessing as a harbour Twofold Bay, a tolerably safe and spacious inlet, which will afford shelter to large as well as small vessels. The surrounding hills protect the bay from the south-west and western winds, which are the most prevalent here. Twofold Bay is, however, exposed to the south-east and eastern winds, and when they occur, which they do at times with a vengeance, vessels cannot be said to possess a safe berth. Whale fishery forms a branch of industry here, and people engage in this profitable but dangerous enterprise every year. Rigson, Barclay, and Faulkner are the leading men, and I am informed that they have been very lucky this season. There is little agriculture about Eden, neither is the land fit for tillage except in some few inconsiderable patches. The hills around are barren and have a rugged appearance. Viewed from the sea Eden has not an encouraging aspect. The town is mostly built on a declivity. There is a wharf, receiving stores, custom-house, two public houses and some general stores. The custom-house is a good building, and in my opinion, far in advance of the requirements of the place. Boydtown, built by the late Mr. Benjamin Boyd, is now obsolete. It is situate opposite Eden, on the south side of the bay, and its hotel and lighthouse farther south are very early monuments of decay in so new a country. The trade of this place is rapidly increasing; the greater portion of what is required for the use of Maneroo in merchandise passes through it. A good number of sheep and cattle are yearly shipped for New Zealand and Tasmania at Twofold Bay. The badness of the road from this district to Eden is a very heavy drawback to the prosperity of both places. A goodly amount both of labour and money have been already spent on this road, but some say that it was badly managed, and carriers complain of the little good done. It must be plain to any sensible man that such a road would require a heavy outlay of money expended with much judgment, to make any great impression upon it. The last sum, which I believe was £100, made it much more passable. Panbula is twelve miles from Eden, and not far from the sea. The harbour being bad, it derives but little advantage from it. Panbula is, nevertheless, an important place; the land around it is excellent for agriculture, and good for pastoral purposes. There is, therefore, a good share of farming going on around it, and much of its produce, consisting of wheat, potatoes, &c., is sent to the Sydney market. Much of the land has been sold, and has generally brought a high price. There is also first-rate timber, and, sooner or later, it is probable that the procuring of it will become a considerable branch of trade and industry. There are two public-houses and two general stores at Panbula, with a great number of tradesmen's habitations, and it is better watered than Eden. The climate of Eden and Panbula cannot be many degrees colder than that of Sydney. Considering the height of Maneroo, the difference in temperature between it and these two townships is somewhat remarkable. Little or no snow falls at Eden and Panbula, and frost is very slight, whereas Maneroo may be regarded as a part of the Australian Alps. There is not much news about this locality at present. The weather is still very cold, with occasional showers of rain, which causes the young crops to assume a promising appearance.

HORSE STEALING.—On Wednesday night, a chesnut mare belonging to Mr. Buchanan, of the Big River, and a bay gelding, the property of John Hardinge, were stolen from the stable of the latter gentleman, at Camperdown, with a saddle and bridle.

BURGLARY.—Some time between 10 o'clock, on the night of Thursday, and 6 on the morning of Friday, the premises of Mr. Henry Hough, of Sussex-street, miller and corn factor, were feloniously entered by some person at present undiscovered. From a store-room about forty bundles of bristles, valued at £40, were stolen; and from the parlour, an old-fashioned silver watch. A work-box and a writing-desk were broken open, but of the contents only a penknife was considered worth taking.

PETTY SESSIONS.—Moama has been appointed a place for holding Courts of Petty Sessions, under the Act of the Colonial Legislature, 3rd Wm. IV., No. 3.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.—His Excellency the Governor-General has, with the advice of the Executive Council, in her Majesty's name, summoned the following gentlemen to the first Legislative Council of New South Wales by writs of summons under the Great Seal of the colony, viz.:—Alfred James Peter Lutwyche, of Sydney, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law; and Charles Riley, of the North Shore, near Sydney, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law.—*Government Gazette*, *September 12.*

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The premises selected for the purpose, from their central position, are the large three-floored stores in Wynyard-square, adjoining the Auction Rooms of Mr. Salamon, and the stores of Messrs. Rabone, Feez, and Co., Merchants.

Arrangements have been completed for the importation direct to their own order of all the supplies they may require, and which being done with their own capital, will enable them to supply their customers at a moderate advance on prime cost—the merchants intermediate profit being saved. The purchases in the London Market are perfected by Mr. George A. Lloyd, whose extended mercantile experience here affords an important advantage of which their customers reap the benefit. Goods from the first houses, and of the best quality, alone are imported, and can be supplied at a rate generally charged for much inferior articles.

Parties forwarding their orders will receive the same attention as if they attended in person, and it is trusted that the great advantages offered in being able to select at the most moderate prices from one establishment, any articles in the Grocery and General Provision trade, including spirits, wines, and beers, will be such as to ensure them an extended country connection, which will be most assiduously cultivated.

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Loaf sugar in hogsheads and cases
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TO GROCERS and Shippers, and Country Storekeepers.—Mauritius, snowdrop, and bright grocers' sugar.—The residue of the Thames' very superior snowdrop and counter sugars for SALE by private contract. Samples on view at the warehouse of the undersigned, or the bulk at his bonded store under the Exchange. Apply to HENRY FISHER, 25, Lower George-street. Sydney, 26th August.

50,000 FEET BALTIC and AMERICAN flooring boards
20,000 ditto wide clear pine shelving ditto
25,000 ditto Baltic red deals—all lengths and widths
500 door and sashes; slate slabs and cisterns
And all other kinds of building materials, at low prices. W. H. ROLFE, Timber Yard, Circular Quay.

200,000 OAK and HOBART TOWN Shingles, remarkably cheap. W. H. ROLFE, Timber Yard, Circular Quay.

SCHWEPPE'S SODA WATER and LEMONADE.—For SALE, to land ex Sea King, 400 dozen Soda Water, and 200 dozen Lemonade. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

CORKS.—For SALE, ex Sea King, 1000 gross Velvet Wine Corks, and 1000 gross Porter Corks. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

PLATE GLASS, polished and silvered (guaranteed sound), on SALE at the stores of the undersigned. NICHOLLS, BROTHERS, and CO. Sydney, June 6th 1856.

COALS. COALS.—Best Newcastle Coals. Address J. SHOOBERT, Maitland Wharf, Sussex-street.

JUST RECEIVED, per MARIA SOMES.—
6 tons zinc
100 drums raw oil
50 ditto boiled ditto
50 ditto turpentine.
20 bales 10-4 lb. woolpacks.
LAMB, SPRY, and CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 12th September, 1856.
Smith and others v. Morris and another.
ON TUESDAY NEXT, the 16th instant, at noon, at the Market Wharf, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold one Whaleboat, and one Pleasure Boat, unless this execution be previously satisfied.
GEORGE UHR, Under Sheriff.

MARTYN and SCHRODER'S Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street—Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays; General Sale Day for carriages, gigs, &c., the first Monday in each month. All parties sending Horses or other Stock, Carriages, &c., are particularly requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualifications, &c., and amount of reserve, or otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder

SATURDAY'S Clearing-out Sale.
C. ADRAIN will sell by auction, at his Mart, King-street, between George and York streets, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
The unsold goods of the past week, consisting of coats, trousers, vests, shirts, boots and shoes, waterproof clothing, watches, jewellery, and goods too numerous to insert.

Usual SATURDAY'S Sale.
RISHWORTH and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 218, George-street, THIS DAY, the 13th September, at 11 o'clock,
Saddles — Slops
Drapery — Oilmen's stores
Groceries — Turnip seed
Accordeons — Flutinas
Plated ware — Jewellery
Watches — Toys
Harness
And a great variety of fancy goods and sundries.
Terms, cash.

Saddles, Cart Harness, &c.
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.
RISHWORTH and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 218, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Three cases, comprising
Ladies' saddles
Gents' ditto
Cart harness
Whips, &c.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Tobacco
Ditto Marzetti's Ale and Stout
Ditto Salmon, in Tins.
On account of whom it may concern.
To Tobacconists, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Grocers, and others.
FRITH and PAYTEN are favoured with instructions from Messrs. Lamb, Spry, and Co., to sell, at their Wharf, on MONDAY, the 15th September, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Sea King, from London.
LION over CKY
1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12—6½ tierces tobacco, 1 much, 5 slight
Ex Clyde.
BA&Co over C
32 casks Marzetti's stout, quarts, 13 much, 19 slight
1 ditto ditto, pints, much
14 ditto ditto ale, quarts, 7 much, 7 slight
1 ditto ditto ditto, pints, much.
LS&Co
200 cases Feast's salmon, each 24 2lb. tins, all more or less damaged by sea-water.
Terms, cash.

SATURDAY'S Horse Sale.
MESSRS. BURT, HASSALL, and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY,
A very prime lot of well-broken harness horses, from Kiama
A magnificent grey phaeton horse
Several good journey cobs
Seven ton dray horses
And a great number of very useful horses.

The well-known Imported Stallion Ali Pasha.
BURT, HASSALL, and CO. are favoured with instructions from George Campbell, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant,
The noted bay stallion "Ali Pasha," imported by the late Mr. Charles Smith, and bred at Beverly, Yorkshire. Sire, "Catwick;" dam by Goodlass's "Turt;" grand-dam by "Old Rainbow" (the dam of "Grand Turk")—"Grand Turk" won the Highland Society's premium twice, and fifteen other premiums, and was allowed to be the best coaching stallion in all England. Grand Turk's dam bred 14 foals, 13 of which were kept for stallions.
"Ali Pasha" has been long noted as the sire of the best harness horses yet produced in the colony; and no horse has got such generally useful stock, which have at all times commanded the highest market prices. He is now in splendid condition—and in the hands of an industrious man would, in the ensuing season, be made to clear his cost.

Powerful Coaching Stallion.
BURT, HASSALL, and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, Saturday,
"Raven," a dark bay stallion, 3 years old, 17 hands high, got by "Raven," out of a very fine "George the Fourth" mare. Is an exceedingly fine horse, and very worthy the attention of stud-masters wishing to produce useful stock.

Pair Kangaroo Dogs.
BURT, HASSALL, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
A pair of handsome kangaroo dogs (colonial bred).

Milch Cow.
BURT, HASSALL, and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
An exceedingly fine milch cow, with a young calf at her side. She is a first-rate milker, very quiet, and can be milked without a bail.

Kiama Horses.
BURT, HASSALL, and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on SATURDAY, 13th September, at 11 o'clock a.m.,
14 very superior young horses from Kiama. They are all broken to single and double harness; also, warranted to Druitt-street trials.

Butter, Bacon, Flour.
Onions, Potatoes, Bottled Stout
MR. F. BRADLEY has received instructions from Mr. Thomas Allan to sell by public auction, at his stores, foot of King-street, on MONDAY next, at 11 o'clock precisely.
The following—
2 tons Camden and Wollongong butter
1 ton prime bacon
30 casks Marett's stout, quarts
160 dozen Evans' ditto pints
Flour, onions, potatoes, pearl barley, mustard seed, pickles, and a lot of cabbage-tree.
Terms at sale. No reserve.

To General Dealers, Wheelwrights, and others.
Smith v. Clyde.
MR. GEORGE KENT will sell by public auction, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at noon, on the premises on Brickfield-hill, lately occupied by R. Clyde, wheelwright and blacksmith, under a distraint warrant for rent,
A number of carts and drays, some of which are unfinished. Also, a quantity of timber, tools, &c., &c.
Terms cash. No reserve.

MONDAY, 15th instant.
Paper Hangings.
CHATTO and HUGHES have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY, 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
10 cases superior paper hangings, of every assortment.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 15th Instant.
Baskets, Brooms
Fancy Goods.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
8 cases, containing
Baskets, in every variety, plain and ornamented
Fancy and feather brooms
Portemonnaies
Pocket-books
Cigar cases
Whips, &c., &c.
Beads.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 15th instant.
4 Cases Macassar Oil.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant,
4 cases macassar oil.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
Six Bales 72-inch Greys.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Six bales 72-inch greys.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
To Hatters.
6 Cases Best Paris Silk Hats.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
6 cases best Paris black silk hats.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Sale of elegant and substantial
Household Furniture
Carriage and Horses
Wines, &c., &c.
At Broughton House, the residence of Robert Scott Ross, Esq.
On THURSDAY, the 25th September.
CHATTO and HUGHES have been instructed by Robert Scott Ross, Esq. (who is removing to the country), to sell by auction, at his residence, Broughton House, on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock.
The whole of his valuable furniture, pictures, library, carriage, &c., &c.
Full particulars will be advertised, and catalogues are in course of preparation.
☞ The chief portion of the above furniture is quite modern, and imported to order.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th Instant.
2 Cases French Coutille Stays.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
2 cases very superior French coutille stays.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 15th Instant.
Sundry Goods to close consignment accounts.
CHATTO and HUGHES have been directed by the consignees to sell by auction at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The following goods to close consignment accounts
Logwood chips
Logwood die
Rotten stone
Candlewick
Sarsaparilla
Sardines
Butter
Chicory
Galvanized wire fencing, &c.
Terms, cash.

☞ TUESDAY'S Usual Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th September.
18 Cases Muslin Goods.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th September, at 11 o'clock,
18 cases muslin goods, including
Printed organdie muslin dresses
Balzorine dresses
Bayadere robes
Printed muslin dresses
Check dresses
Scotch lawn handkerchiefs
¾ imitation cambric
Book handkerchiefs
Swiss book muslins
Lenos, collars
Tarlatans
Lawns
Mull muslins
Book ditto
Striped books
Jaconets
Curtains
Blinds
India ledgers
Patent French linings
Corded ledgers
White and coloured tarlatans, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 15th Instant.
Cutlery
Fancy Goods.
Perfumery.
13 Packages.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Thirteen packages of the above goods, including
Pocket cutlery
Table cutlery
Flutinas
Accordeons
Musical boxes
Scissors
Office inks
Powder flasks
Pictures
Albert chains
Seals
Rings
Gold pencil cases
Guards
Perfumery
And a great variety of fancy goods.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
Ticks, Blankets, Damasks.
8 Bales and Cases.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th September, at 11 o'clock,
8 packages, containing
Blue and white 28 inch ticks
Black and white ditto ditto
Scarlet blankets
Blue blankets
Worsted curtain damasks.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
5 Cases Prints.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
5 cases prints, viz.—
7-8 cambrics and flounced staples
9-8 robe cambrics
9-8 cambric bayaderes
7-8 venezuela cambrics, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
10 Bales—33 inch Greys
33 and 36 inch Croydons.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
8 bales 33 inch greys
2 bales croydons.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
To Drapers, Outfitters, and others.
Eight Cases superior Summer Clothing.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Eight cases superior summer clothing—
Fancy linen coats
Ditto ditto trousers
Drill trousers
Stripe linen and union check trousers
Shepherd check coats
Coloured and black alpaca coats
Silk lustre coats
Black merino coats
Gambroon coats
Alpaca vests
Drill vests
Gambroon vests, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
14 Packages superior Ready-made Clothing, Stays, &c.
CHATTO and HUGHES have been instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
14 packages, including the following, viz.—
Cambridge and eglington shooting jackets
Fashionable trousers
Ditto vests
Very superior shooting coats and jackets
Ditto pantaloons
Superfine black walking coats and vests
Ditto morning coats
Ditto oxonian coats
Men's best doe trousers
Boys' and youths' trousers
Men's fancy doeskin coats
Boys' and youths' coats
Ditto ditto shirts
Men's white shirts, washed and boxed
Mole trousers
Boys' caps
Children's corded stays
Maids' satteen stays
Women's stays and boddices
Shirt fronts, &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 16th instant.
To Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.
27 Bales and Cases.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
27 packages saleable drapery, comprising
7-8 prints
Brown hollands
Cambric handkerchiefs
Ladies' underclothing
Shawls
33-inch grey domestics
33 and 36 inch croydons
Ticks
Twills
Blankets
White shirts
Regatta shirts
Gents' clothing in great variety
Boys' and youths' clothing
Black hats
Cloth caps
Dress silks
Poplins
Organdie and muslin dresses
Damasks
Bandannas
Moleskins
Scarfs
Gloves, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

18 Cases Perfumery
Genuine Eau de Cologne.
MONDAY, 15th instant.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
18 cases genuine perfumery, viz.,
Eau de Cologne—Maria Farena
Extract ditto
Lavender water
Essences
Florida water, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Horse Sale, SATURDAY.
MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at the Bull's Head Horse Repository, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
25 head of horses and mares, just arrived from Maitland, all broken in to saddle and harness. Among them are some good cart and gig horses, suitable for the Port Phillip market, and will be sold subject to any trial the purchaser may wish for before payment is made. They have been selected by a superior judge on purpose for the Sydney market, and will be sold without reserve.
Terms at sale.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at the Horse Repository, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
1 bay mare, 16 hands high, good in saddle or cart, and warranted to pull a ton up any hill in Sydney
A roan horse, gig or carriage, warranted
Bay horse, good in cart or gig
Chesnut horse, warranted to a ton
2 saddle cobs, very quiet
1 boy's pony
5 stock horses, with saddle, &c.
Terms at sale.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, THIS DAY,
One light omnibus, for a pair of horses
2 spring carts, new
2 town drays, 2 light carts
Stone trucks, pony spring carts
And drays, carts, and harness
Saddles, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Title from the Crown.
Land at Narellan, near Camden.
Seven Allotments, for Positive Sale.
*** Plan on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.
MURIEL and MILLER have received instructions from the owner, who is leaving the colony, to sell by public auction, at their new Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Seven allotments, in the centre of the township of Narellan, near the market, and near to where the railway will pass to Goulburn.
The allotments are on rising ground, and command a view of Camden and the surrounding districts.
Distance from Camden only about four miles.
Title, grant from the Crown.
Planand deeds on view at the rooms of the auctioneers.

On MONDAY, the 15th instant.
D in triangle with bracket over 46 to 75,
Thirty Packages, comprising
Glassware
Fancy Cabinet Ware
Papier Maché Ware
Brushware
Basket Ware
Clocks
Furniture, &c., &c.
MURIEL and MILLER will hold their usual MONDAY'S Sale of fancy and other goods, by auction, promptly, at 11 o'clock, on the 15th instant, in their Show Rooms, No. 232, George-street, consisting of
GLASSWARE—Decanters, wines, tumblers, caraffs, sugars and butters, &c., &c., from Ousely's
Fancy cabinet ware, from Berens, Blomberg, and Co.
Papier maché ware, from ditto
Basket ware, in endless variety, from John Nicholas Jeandin and Company
Brushware, broomheads, curled horse-hair, &c., &c.
Clocks and musical boxes, from Nicol, &c.
Furniture, and a great variety of sundries.
Terms, cash.

On TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock.
To Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.
Thirty-seven Packages of Choice Goods.
MURIEL and MILLER have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their New Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
NF in diamond
69 to 105—Thirty-seven packages, consisting of
Parasols
Summer silks
Muslins
Stays
Mosquito nets
Barege and tissue shawls
Sewn muslin habits, chemisettes, and sleeves
Barege dresses
Irish linens
Linen sheeting
Book muslins
Cambric handkerchiefs
Shirts, washed and boxed
Children's dresses
Longcloths
Carpeting
Caps and silk hats
Summer waistcoats and coats
Trimmings
Beaufort ties
White cotton hosiery
Gloves, summer doeskins, and a variety of choice seasonable goods.
Terms at sale.

GEORGE F. BAKER has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 3, Young's buildings, Cumberland-street, on MONDAY, the 15th of September, at 11 o'clock,
All the household furniture, plate, linen, china, glassware, and effects, comprising dining tables, sideboards, chimney glass, and superior china ornaments, morocco and cane-seated chairs, iron and wood bedsteads and bedding, washstands and furniture, dressing tables and glasses, portable water-closet, window curtains, clock, plated cruet stand, salt cellars, coffee and tea pot, sugar basin and milk jug, an assortment of superior glassware, china dinner and tea sets, kitchen utensils and sundries.
The goods may be viewed the day of sale.
Terms, cash.

MR. ANDREW ALLAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 51, King-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
An assortment of
Cutlery
Holloware
Plated goods
Watches
Jewellery
Made-up clothing, and sundries.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.
To Warehousemen, Drapers, Outfitters, Speculators, Storekeepers, Dealers, and others.
Summer Drapery.
97 Packages, now landing, ex late arrivals,
On THURSDAY, 18th, and
FRIDAY, 19th September instant,
Commencing each day at 11 o'clock.
MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above days,
97 bales and cases of summer goods, now landing, ex late arrivals.
Particulars in Monday's issue.

Emigrant Ship Fittings.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the Wool Shed, on the Circular Quay, at 10 o'clock prompt, on MONDAY next, the 15th instant,
A quantity of emigrant ship fittings.
Terms cash.

Australian Gas Light Company Shares.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock—the first lot to be offered,
121 shares in the Australian Gas Light Company.
Terms at sale.

Shop and Residence, South Head Road.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
That strong and substantial House, with shop front, situated on the South Head Road, between Crown and Bourke streets, now in the occupation of Mr. Sykes, ironmonger, with a house at the back, fronting Crown-lane.
Terms at sale.

Four Houses in Denham-street, Surry Hills.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Four dwelling-houses in Denham-street, near the corner of Crown-lane, at the rear of the steam flour mill in Bourke-street, near to the South Head Road. The external walls are built of stone, the partition walls of brick. Each house contains four rooms, with separate yard, and are now let at the reduced rate of sixteen shillings each, to good tenants.
☞ A portion of the purchase money may remain at interest if required.

To Grocers, Storekeepers, Country Buyers, &c.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
20 tons fine Patna rice
15 tons Liverpool salt
10 tons St. Ube's ditto
5 caroteels Patras currants
10 barrels shell almonds
10 cases superior North Wilts cheese
100 prime York hams
4 cases, each 50 dozen, Child's night lights
25 cases 1 lb. jams
20 cases pints salad oil
10 cases half-pints ditto
50 cases bottled fruits
100 cases pint pickles
100 boxes Price's No. 1 belmont sperms
100 boxes muscatels, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Earthenware.
Willow Ware, assorted
Cups and Saucers, Brosely flowing blue, mulberry, &c., &c.
Breakfast Sets, ditto enamelled, &c.
Bowls, Brosely and flowing blue
C.C. Ware, Table Ware in flowing blue, &c.
Jugs, &c.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Dinner sets, Cambridge, flowing blue pattern
Dark willow plates
Ewers and basins, cream colour
Butters, Grecian and Brosely
Bowls and saucers, Spanish, torquoise, and drab pattern
Breakfast and tea sets, flowing blue and fancy patterns
Ditto ditto, and plates
Bowls and saucers
Sundry assorted crates.
☞ This large and choice parcel of well-selected earthenware will be on view the day previous to sale. The trade and country buyers are reminded that the whole will be for positive sale.
Terms at sale.

To be Sold by Auction, by
BOWDEN and THRELKELD, at the Commissariat Stores, on TUESDAY, the 16th September, 1856, at 11 o'clock, on account of the Accountant-General of her Majesty's Navy,
The following quantities of seamen's clothing, landed from the Scotia, transport, and found slightly damaged.
Blue cloth, No. 1 quality, 293 yards
Ditto No. 2 ditto, 216 ditto
Duck, 148 ditto
Flannel, 235 ditto
Blue serge, 256 ditto
White cotton drill, 144 ditto
Blue jean, 112 ditto
Worsted caps, 5 in No.
Materials for trousers, 100 sets
Wrappers, 28 in No.
Also a quantity of unserviceable stores landed from her Majesty's Ship Electra, consisting of
Rope, hammocks, oars, &c. &c.,
Also on account of the Commissariat,
Unserviceable blankets chain, &c., &c.
After which, at the Stores of the War Department, landed from the Scotia, transport, damaged.
Blankets, 165 in No.
Bed cases, 50 ditto
Sheets, 50 ditto
Rug, 1 ditto
And from condemned Barrack stores,
Old wood
Ditto casks
Ditto wrought iron
Ditto tinware, &c.
Terms at sale.

A nine-roomed House, well known as the Tenonee Inn, in Manchester-street, town of Tenonce, on the Manning River, close to the landing place.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of September,
The spacious, strong, and substantial House, erected on a town allotment of half-an-acre of land, purchased from the Crown, and situated in section 2, lot 2, in the plan of the township, being in the main street leading to the jetty, and near the wharf at which the steamers used to discharge and load.
The house has a verandah in front, contains nine rooms, detached kitchen lined with cedar. The main building being of weather-board and grooved and tongued pine, on a substantial foundation of logs. Underneath is a cellar. In the yard is a six-stall stable.
The premises were erected expressly for an Inn, was licensed for some time and did a very large business. Persons disposed to follow this line, will seldom find so good an opportunity of securing a large trade in a rising and important country town.
References in Sydney can be given.
The proprietor having determined upon going to another part of the colony, for reasons that may be assigned, if required, has instructed the Auctioneers to sell the property on easy terms.
Some further particulars may be learned on appli ation at the City Mart.

940 Acres of Land in Argyle.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, the 18th of September, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, at 11 o'clock,
All that parcel of land situate in the county of Argyle, containing by admeasurement 940 acres, be the same more or less, at Bangalore Creek, commencing at the south-west corner of John Reddul's 2160 acres, and bounded on the east by that farm, being a line north 80 chains; on the north by a line west 117 chains and 60 links; on the west by a line south 80 chains; and on the south partly by unlocated land, and by part of a measured portion of 640 acres, being a line east 117 chains and 60 links to the south-west corner of John Reddall's 2160 acres aforesaid.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Mount Druit Estate, near Saint Mary's.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on an early day, to be named in a future advertisement,
7 valuable farms, forming part of the Mount Druit Estate, on the Penrith Road, near Saint Mary's, varying in extent from 100 to 180 acres, most of them bounded by Rope's Creek, some of them improved, partly fenced, and cultivated.
Further particulars will appear when the plans are completed.

Five Acres of Land opposite Morpeth.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of September next, at 11 o'clock,
A very valuable block of land situated on the banks of the river Hunter, opposite Morpeth, containing about five acres, part of the celebrated Phœnix Park Estate, being bounded on the south and east by a line bearing west 22½ degrees, east 287 feet; on the north by a reserved road 594 feet, and in other respects by the river Hunter.
The auctioneers have much pleasure in directing the attention of persons residing on both sides of the river, in the vicinity of Morpeth, to the sale of this very valuable block of land, so long withheld from public competition by the absence of the owner from the colony. Since his recent return several applications have been made for the private purchase of this land, but he has now given instructions to have it disposed of by public auction, as the most satisfactory way of arriving at its true value.
Terms at sale.

Shop and Residence in Cleveland-street.
For Positive SALE.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A two-storied brick-built house, with shop front, situated on the north side of Cleveland-street, being the second two-storied house westward from the corner of the Botany Road, lately occupied by Mr. Hobbs as a draper's shop, for the low rental of twenty-six shillings per week.
The house contains four rooms and kitchen. The front and southern wall oil painted on the outside, and the whole in very good repair.
Terms at sale.

Two Large Houses, with Shop Fronts, in Campbell-street, Surry Hills, on the high ground near to Crown-street, close to the Warwick Arms.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of September, at 11 o'clock,
Two newly erected, substantial, and commodious stone houses, with spacious shops, fronting Campbell-street, near to the Warwick Arms.
Each house contains five rooms, besides the shop and passage, with kitchen at the rear, and room over the kitchen.
The houses have been erected in a creditable and satisfactory manner, under the immediate inspection of the owner, and in full compliance with the requirements of the Building Act.
The roofs are slated.
To one house is attached a bakehouse and oven, with an extra room.
On the same plot of ground, which has 34 feet 6 inches to Campbell-street, by a depth of 145 feet to another road, is a large weather-boarded building, containing six rooms, with carpenter's work-shops over, the entrance to which is from the middle of the yard.
One of the front shops is let; the other is now nearly ready for a tenant.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1498491

SALES BY AUCTION

Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.
Very Eligible Allotments.
Dowling-street and Duke-street, and
Dowling-street and Judge-street.
Also all the Interest in a Lease of 17¾ years of 16 Perches of Land in Dowling-street.
Titles—Tusculum and Tivoli Estates.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, at half-past 12 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

All that very valuable and well-situated property in Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, comprising—

1st. Those two parcels of land situated in Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, in the parish of Alexandria, and a part of the Tusculum estate, being lots 16 and 17 of section 2, and containing by admeasurement 20 perches, more or less; bounded on the west by the east side of Dowling-street 50 feet; on the north by the southern boundary of Venterman's purchase; on the east by the west side of Duke-street 50 feet; and on the south by lot No. 15, having frontages of 25 feet each to Dowling-street and Duke-street.

2nd. That parcel of land situate also in Dowling-street, being lot No. 7 of section 2, containing by admeasurement 7½ perches; bounded on the west by Dowling-street 20 feet; on the north by lot No. 8; on the south by lot No. 6; and on the east by Duke-street 20 feet, having frontages to Dowling-street and Duke-street of 20 feet each.

On this allotment is erected a small weatherboard house of two rooms, with galvanised iron roof.

Also the interest in the lease of 17¾ years of two parcels land situate in the same parish, being a portion of the Tivoli estate, containing 16 perches, more or less, having frontages to Dowling-street and Judge-street of 30 feet each.

The situation of the whole of the above property is very healthy, commanding a most beautiful and extensive view; close to the bay, at an easy distance from town, and most eligible for the erection of business premises or private dwellings.

Plan on view and information obtainable at the rooms of the auctioneers, Pitt and O'Connell streets.

Terms, liberal.

UNRESERVED SALE OF VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,
Situate in CUMBERLAND-STREET.
Being Two First-class BRICK and STONE HOUSES, in first-rate order, situate at the Northern end of Cumberland-street, close to its junction with George-street, at the Omnibus Stand; having a frontage of 53 feet to Cumberland-street, with a carriage entrance in Princes-street.
For Positive Unreserved Sale by Auction, on FRIDAY, 19th September.
Title—Unquestionable.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, at 12 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

Those two very superior, new, substantially built, and well-finished Brick Houses on stone foundations, well stuccoed fronts, painted in oil, slated roofs and verandahs, facing Cumberland-street, and having back entrances in Prince-street. Viz.: The first house (i.e. the most Northward of the two), formerly in the occupation of Judge Burton, and lately in the occupation of Mr. Merewether, at a rental of £280 per annum, contains

ON THE GROUND FLOOR—Hall, 5 feet 9 inches wide, from which open the
Dining-room—14½ feet by 21 feet.
Breakfast Parlour—10 ditto ditto 12 ditto.
Back Parlour—12½ ditto ditto 13 ditto.
And a small room 10 feet by about 8 feet; together with butler's pantry, and a verandah 29 feet long and 8 feet wide.

THE FIRST FLOOR, which is reached by a commodious staircase, contains
Drawing-room—14½ feet by 27½ feet
Retiring-room—12½ feet by about 10 feet, and
Two Bed-rooms—one 13 feet by 20 feet, the other small.
On the Landing, there is a small ante-room and water-closet

On the Basement, is a large kitchen, with range, cupboards, sink, &c., coal cellar, wine cellar, pantry, and servants' room.

Water laid on, and a well of water in the area.

The Back Premises consist of a spacious inner yard (with water closet), from which a covered passage leads to the outer yard, in which are a coach-house, 2-stalled stable, with hay-loft over, with carriage entrance to Princes-street.

All these buildings are brick-built.

The SECOND HOUSE, lately occupied by Mrs. Binnie, at a rental of £178 per annum, having a frontage of 24 feet 9 inches to Cumberland-street, with a carriage entrance in Princes-street, contains:—

On the Ground Floor—
Front Parlour, 15 feet by 17 feet, entered from a hall 5 feet wide
Breakfast Room, 11 feet by 12 feet 6 inches
Bulter's Pantry, 9 feet by 3 feet 6 inches, and
Verandah, the whole length of the house, 8 feet wide.
The Staircase leading to the first floor is wide, and well finished.
On the First Floor—
Drawing Room—23 feet long by 15 feet wide, with three windows facing Cumberland-street.
Two Bedrooms, one 9½ feet by 12 feet, and the other 16 feet by 12½ feet.

All these rooms are either papered or painted in oil, have polished cedar fittings, corniced ceilings, grates, and some of them marble mantle-pieces, and are fitted with bells.

On the Basement:—are two kitchens, pantry, and larder.

The Back Premises are the same as those of the first house above mentioned.

The position of this VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY, its contiguity to, and connection with THE CITY, its quiet and healthy retirement, rendered the more attractive by the fine view it commands of the harbour in front, and flagstaff in the rear, will ever insure its importance and commend it most strongly to the attention of MERCHANTS as PRIVATE RESIDENCES, and to CAPITALISTS, SPECULATORS, and others as a profitable source for the investment of capital.

Plan on view, and all necessary information obtainable at the auctioneers' office, Pitt and O'Connell streets, Sydney, or at the office of Messrs. Bradley and James, solicitors, Margaret street.

Terms, very liberal, and declared at sale.

Wines, Spirits, Beer, &c.
Auction Sale, TUESDAY, 16th September.
Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on TUESDAY, the 16th September, at 11 o'clock,

10 hogsheads Martell's brandy
20 hogsheads superior W. I. rum, 30 o.p.
10 ditto E. I. 10 to 28 o.p.
200 cases gin, JDKZ
150 cases fine old cognac
50 hogsheads porter
50 ditto ale
200 casks bottled ale and porter
150 cases London bottled sherry
100 cases London bottled port
11 hogsheads fine old port
15 quarter-casks ditto
85 cases champagne
100 cases Lowndes' old tom
25 quarter-casks pale sherry
10 hogsheads ditto

Terms, liberal, at sale.

Important Sale of Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, &c.
MONDAY, 15th September.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 15th September, at 11 o'clock,

Several invoices of oilmen's stores, from the well-known houses of Crosse and Blackwell, Batty and Co., Hill and Lodger, &c., consisting of
Yorkshire hams and bacon
American sugar-cured hams
Westphalia hams
Bottled fruits
Jams, 1 and 2 lbs.
Pickles, pints and quarts
Salad oils
Liverpool soap
Colonial ditto
Lobsters, in 1 and 2 lb. tins
Rice, in small mats
Tobacco, in boxes, patent, 6, 8, and 10
Manila coffee
Java ditto
Barcelona nuts
Colonial cheese
Imperial hysonskin tea, half-chests and chests
Ditto hyson twankay ditto
Congou, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Split peas
W. I. arrowroot
Maccaroni, in boxes
Cork rose butter
Burns' cutty pipes, &c., &c.

Terms, liberal—at sale.

To Shipbuilders, Chandlers, &c.
The Stores and Materials saved from the Wreck of the Barque Terror.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at Messrs. R. Towns and Co.'s Wharf, Miller's Point, on TUESDAY next, the 16th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock,

The stores and materials saved from the wreck of the barque Terror, consisting of
Standing and running rigging
Masts
Yards
Blocks
Sails
Hawsers
Anchors and chains
And various other articles saved from the wreck.

Terms at sale.

To Tea Dealers, Grocers, &c.
200 Chests and Half-chests Fine Congou Teas
100 Chests and Boxes Imperial Hysonskin
250 Chests and Half-chests Imperial Hyson Twankay.
MONDAY, 15th September.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 15th September, at 11 o'clock,

Ex various ships, and to close accounts, without the least reserve,
200 chests and half-chests fine congou teas
100 chests and boxes imperial hysonskin ditto
250 chests and half-chests imperial hyson twankay ditto.

Terms, liberal, at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Two Days' Sale of Drapery, Slops, &c.
WEDNESDAY, September 17th.
THURSDAY, September 18th.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, on WEDNESDAY, 17th, and THURSDAY, 18th, at 10 o'clock each day precisely,

Invoices of seasonable drapery, muslins, bareges, ribbons, parasols, hosiery, superfine black and coloured broadcloths, doeskins, tweeds, white, regatta, and Scotch twill shirts, men's and boys' clothing, &c.

Particulars in future advertisements.

To Grocers, Storekeepers, &c.
Manila and Java Coffee.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, the 15th September, at 11 o'clock,
2 tons finest Manila coffee
3 ditto Java ditto.

Terms at sale.

Prime Yorkshire Hams and Bacon.
To Provision Dealers, Storekeepers, &c.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, the 15th September, at 11 o'clock,
10 tierces prime Yorkshire hams
25 bundles ditto ditto bacon.

Terms at sale.

Liverpool Soap.
To Grocers, Storekeepers, &c.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, the 15th September, at 11 o'clock,
5 tons Steele's Liverpool soap.

Terms at sale.

Prime Sugar-cured Hams.
To Provision Dealers, Storekeepers, and others.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, the 15th September, at 11 o'clock,
35 casks prime sugar-cured hams.

Terms at sale.

SATURDAY, 13th September.
To Potato Dealers and others.
400 Bags Van Diemen's Land Potatoes, ex Tamar.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at the Flour Company's Wharf, THIS DAY, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
In lots, to suit purchasers.
400 bags Van Diemen's Land potatoes.

Terms at sale.

MONDAY, September 15.
To Furniture Dealers and others.
12 dozen Cane-seated Bedroom Chairs.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
12 dozen cane-seated bedroom chairs.

Terms, cash.

MONDAY, 15th September.
To Furniture Dealers and others.
8 Cases English Easy Chairs.
Just landed.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
8 cases superior English furniture, as under
Mahogany reclining chairs
Ditto ditto ditto covered in cloth
Rosewood gondola easy chairs
Mahogany hair-covered easy chairs
Rosewood ditto ditto ditto
Mahogany open arm chair, in cloth
Ditto ditto ditto, in leather
Rosewood open arm chairs.

Terms, cash.

MONDAY, 15th September.
To Brushware Dealers.
8 Cases Brushware.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Polished back shoe brushes
Scrubbing brushes
Carpet brooms
Door mats.

Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 16th September.
To Ironmongers, Storekeepers, and others.
50 Packages Goods, just landed, ex Herald.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Mart, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,

50 packages, as under:—
Sets 28-inch ornamented japanned convex trays
Extra large ditto ditto
Japanned napkin horses, on stands
Ornamented bread baskets and knife trays
1 case carriage lamps
Phaeton, brougham, and gig lamps
2, two light wrought bronzed water slide gas chandeliers
Shell pattern rosewood umbrella stands
Extra large size ditto
Cut Flemish tacks, ¼ to 1 inch.

PLATED WARE, &c.
Best cast-steel hand saws, 26-inch
Best cross garnet hinges, 10, 12, and 16 inch
Sets of 4 electro-plated melon-pattern dinner covers
Sets electro-plated vegetable dishes
Massive cruet frames, 7 bottles
Sets electro tea and coffee services.

WEDNESDAY, 24th September.
Paddington.
Eight Valuable Building Allotments in the best part of the above delightful locality, being situated on the rise of the hill on the South Head Road, past the Military Barracks, close to the New School House and Gordon's Mill, commanding a view of the harbour of Sydney and Cook's River. The distance from the city being about half a mile, the omnibuses passing constantly to Paddington and on to Waverley, which is only a short distance beyond.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have been favoured with instructions from the proprietor to dispose of the above very choice property, at their Rooms, 262, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 24th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

As per plan on view at their Rooms, on liberal terms.
Title good.

Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 have each 30 feet frontage to the South Head Road, by depths of about 100 feet

Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8 have each 30 feet frontage to a private road (30 feet wide), and running parallel with the South Head Road, and dividing them from the Sydney Common, with depths of about 100 feet. They adjoin lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 at the rear.

So that the purchaser of a front and back allotment will command the advantage and convenience of a depth of about 200 feet through from the South Head Road, making the whole frontage thereon, available for building purposes, leaving an equal frontage to the private road at the back for entrance to stabling and out offices if required, and yet reserving ample space for garden or ornamental grounds.

The property lies between those of the Loan Company and Mr. Lucas, upon the latter a large stone building has been erected, and the reserve for a Wesleyan chapel adjoins it.

The omnibuses stop at the Paddington Inn, which is nearly opposite these allotments.

A prettier spot for a residence it would be difficult to select round Sydney, with the convenience of constant intercourse by public conveyances, parties who may be desirous of avoiding the high rents demanded for houses in Sydney, will do well to secure one or more of these allotments at the sale on Wednesday, 24th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Terms of payment:—25 per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer, the residue by approved bills at 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, dated from the day of sale, bearing 8 per cent. interest, and secured on the property if required.

Important Sale.
Glassware.
To Glassware Dealers, and others.

COHEN and HARBOTTLE will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY next, September 19th, 1856, at 11 o'clock precisely,

Forty packages superior glassware, comprising
Cut half-pint tumblers
Moulded and pressed ditto
Cut decanters, pint and quart
Cut cruets
Ditto goblets
Cut wines, and champagnes and clarets
Jellies and custards
Celery glasses
Moulded sugars and butters
Water jugs, caraffs
Cut salts
Ditto and moulded dishes and sweetmeats.

Terms at sale.

SATURDAY'S Clearing-out Sale.

MESSRS. COCKBURN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Mart, Park-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Watches, jewellery, clothing, &c.

SATURDAY'S General Unreserved Sale.

BURGIS and BOWES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, 13th September, at 11 o'clock,
Goulburn butter
Cheese
Pickles
Drapery
Cutlery
Ironmongery
Crockeryware
Fancy clocks, watches
Jewellery, &c.

Terms, cash.

To Grocers, Dealers, and others.
Clearance Sale.

MR. FREDERICK SMITH will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 220, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Pearl barley
Bottled fruits
Jams (1 lb.)
Herrings
Coffee (raw)
Hysonskin tea
Spices
Pickles
Vermicelli, &c., &c.

At the Risk of the Former Purchaser.

MR. FREDERICK SMITH will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 220, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
5 tierces beef
5 bags turnip seed
10 cases sherry
15 ditto old tom.

To Confectioners, Dealers, and others.

MR. FREDERICK SMITH will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 220, George-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY,
5 cases confectionery
25 tins assorted ditto
5 glass cases and fittings.

Terms, cash—without reserve.

Sixty-seven Cases Assorted Drugs
Seventeen Cases Perfumery.
Comprising an extensive assortment of articles now in demand.
To Chemists, Perfumers, Shippers, and others.

COHEN and HARBOTTLE will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on TUESDAY next, September 16th, 1856, at 11 o'clock precisely,

Sixty-seven cases drugs and chemicals, comprising
Ol. ricini elect., liq. ammon. fortis, pul. iridis, pul. rhei, E. I., liq. potassæ, black and blue ink, gold beater's skin, potas. chlor. and acetas, hydrarg. chlorid, strychnine, hydrarg. cum creta, pul. gum acacia, pastilles, liq. potasse, pul. soda sesquicarb., liq. ammonia fortis, violet powder, creosote, liq. opii sed., iodine styrax colat, ext. belladonnæ, hydrag. fort., pulv. dracon sang., ess. morchi, haustus aperiens, ol. minth pep., aug. acid hydrocyam., gum fœtid, glycerine, bal. toluth, ferri iodid, seidlitz, lemonade, and soda powders, ferri citr. quinine, and a great variety of new preparations and chemicals.

Coward's drugs and perfumery, castor oil, cod liver oil, corrosive sublimate, tartaric acid, cream of tartar, carbonate and calcined magnesia, bottles ginger, Turkey rhubarb, and Gregory's mixture, spirits of hartshorn and lavender, balsam capivi, arrowroot, tamarinds, &c. Perfumery: brown Windsor soap, hair powder, pomatum, esprit de bouquet, oil of roses, lavender water, cream, shaving soap and paste, dentifrice, tooth and nail brushes, &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

LIVERPOOL PLAINS.
That well-known compact Station BURINDI, situate on the head of the Manila River, a TRIBUTARY of the NAMOI; with which will be sold 6598 SHEEP, and 700 HEAD of CATTLE.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the proprietor to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on MONDAY, 6th October,

That well-known, compact, and healthy station BURINDI, situate on the head of the Manila River, in the district of LIVERPOOL PLAINS, and distant about 12 miles from the Post Town of Barraba. It adjoins the stations of Messrs. Ogilvie, Parnell, and Hoskisson, is exceedingly well grassed and watered by about 6 MILES of the MANILA RIVER, and several large water holes and never-failing springs. It is now in excellent working order, and its estimated GRAZING CAPABILITIES are 10,000 SHEEP.

The IMPROVEMENTS at the head station are—a good 4-room cottage, detached kitchen and store, 2 men's huts, wool-shed with lever press, 200-acre grass paddock, cultivation paddock of 12 acres, and large stockyard. At the out stations there are 4 huts, with sheep yards, hurdles, &c.

Stores, farming implements, team of bullocks, dray, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

With the Burindi Station, will be sold the following stock:—

SHEEP.
2203 ewes, 2 to 4 years, now lambing
1100 wethers, 2 to 4, years
1000 mixed, now fattening
2250 ewes and wethers, 1 to 2 years
48 rams

6598 more or less.

CATTLE.
700 HEAD, more or less—a mixed herd.

The sheep are of an excellent description, warranted sound and healthy in every respect; the wool realises a high figure in the London market, and the fleeces have averaged in weight 3 lbs. each.

To parties on the look out for a Liverpool Plains station, within WEEKLY COMMUNICATION of SYDNEY, and of easy access to the makets, the sale of Burindi affords an opportunity of securing a most desirable one.

Terms, liberal.

FRANCIS-STREET, GLEBE.
TWO SNUG BRICK COTTAGES.
Title—Unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September, at 11 o'clock,

TWO SNUG BRICK COTTAGES, situated on the northern side of Francis-street, close to Franklin-place, Glebe.

Each cottage contains two large rooms; No. 2 having also a detached kitchen, stable, &c. They stand on an allotment, having about 33 feet frontage to Francis-street, by a depth of about 79½ feet. The whole fenced in, and the yards divided. A well of good water for the supply of both cottages.

The above presents an opportunity to mechanics, labourers, and others, in want of suitable residences for themselves, for securing the same in a most convenient locality, and in the very heart of a thriving and inprovi ng portion of the City.

A plan at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.
BATHURST-STREET WEST.
Three beautiful and commodious three-story Houses, situate on the south side of BATHURST-STREET WEST, a little below Sussex-street, erected by those well-known and eminent builders, Messrs. Brodie and Craig.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from the proprietors, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September,

All that splendid block of buildings as above mentioned.

The block comprises three Houses, alike in every respect.

IN THE BASEMENT STORY is a front area, flagged, having a flight of stone steps leading from the front entrance to a passage leading to a large and comfortable kitchen, past a pantry, and the housekeeper's rooms; light, dry, boarded, and well ventilated.

ON THE GROUND FLOOR is a hall with neat cornice, a staircase, dining-room of large dimensions, corniced ceiling, with cupboards or small sideboards in the recesses, behind is a very comfortable parlour.

ON THE FIRST FLOOR is a hall leading to a pleasant drawing-room, of full size, with two French windows, opening into a handsome balcony, 7 feet wide, looking into Bathurst-street, corniced ceiling, and cupboards fixed; on the same floor are the principal bed-rooms.

ON THE SECOND OR ATTIC FLOOR are three bedrooms, and a closet well arranged, light, and airy.

In the rear is a covered verandah on the level of the first floor, which also covers the back area. Water laid on, with cisterns to each house. Every attention paid to drainage, which has been perfected at a great expense. The walls are of brick and stone, and cemented with Portland cement from the basement.

The front area is enclosed with a neat iron balustrade fence, capped with wood, on a massive stone base.

The roofs are slated, have parapet walls, well leaded, and furnished with rain water piping, in fact no expense has been spared.

The yards are large and well enclosed, with high dividing fences, double closets, places for horses and gig, with back entrance.

These premises have been erected in a very neat and substantial style, with due regard to durability, comfort, and convenience, and intending purchasers are earnestly invited to inspect them prior to the sale; and every facility for doing so thoroughly, will be given on application at the Rooms.

As a freehold investment they will rank second to none in the City of Sydney; as from the solidity of construction, and the materials used, these buildings will not require a farthing's outlay for years.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

To Mechanics, Labourers, and others.
NEAT BRICK-BUILT COTTAGE and BLOCK of LAND, O'CONNELL TOWN, close to the Newtown Road.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

A NEAT BRICK-BUILT COTTAGE, containing four rooms, with yard, well-stocked garden, CAPITAL WELL OF WATER, and out-buildings at the rear—the whole occupying a block of land having 26 feet frontage to O'Connell-street, with a depth of 88 feet, extending along Brick-street to a lane at the rear.

This snug property is close to the Newtown Road, and within a few minutes' walk of the NEWTOWN RAILWAY STATION, and the sale presents a first-rate opportunity for an industrious man to secure a comfortable home in a healthy and rapidly improving locality.

A plan on view at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

BUNGABAN—BURNETT DISTRICT.
A Splendid Fattening Run, with access to
THREE SHIPPING PORTS.
Together with about
17,921 SHEEP.
Terms.—25 per cent. cash; balance 6 and 18 months' credit.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,

TUESDAY, 14th October
That first-class fattening station
BUNGABAN,
Situate on the waters of the Dawson, in the Burnett District, and within easy access of three shipping ports, viz.:—About
100 miles from Gladstone, Port Curtis
200 miles from Wide Bay,
260 miles from Ipswich.

Estimated GRAZING CAPABILITIES—25,000 SHEEP.

The character of the country may be best tested by the fact, that it was selected by the late Archibald Campbell, Esq., of Darling Downs, a gentleman well known for his practical experience in sheep farming, and that it was one of the first stations located on those waters, and has been most profitably worked for the last seven years. It is beautifully watered by

A NEVER FAILING CREEK RUNNING the whole length of the run. There are ten out-stations, at all of which there are huts, and at which sheep may BE RUN IN LARGE FLOCKS.

The IMPROVEMENTS comprise—
A four-room cottage
Detached kitchen, store, fowl-house
Woolshed, 60 feet x 40 feet
Men's huts
Stock yard
2 large yards for washed sheep
Drafting yards to hold 10,000 sheep
600-acre horse paddock.

These are all most complete and substantial, and nearly new, having been put up since January, 1852, at a very considerable outlay.

With the Bungaban station will be sold the following excellent sheep, WARRANTED SOUND, and NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED:—
5200 wethers, 2 to 4 years old
2100 wethers, 15 and 18 months
4000 ewes, 3 and 4 years old
2200 ewes, 2 years old
2100 ewes, 15 and 18 months
800 ewes, aged
1400 autumn lambs, 6 months
121 rams

17,921 sheep, more or less.

These are really first-rate sheep; and as the flocks have been culled regularly for the last four years, they are now all prime young stock.

The stores and tools, together with 2 draught horses, 1 horse and cart, 3 drays and teams of bullocks, to be taken at a valuation.

This is undeniably a very choice pastoral property, with an acknowledged fattening reputation. It is particularly desirable as a depot from whence to form new runs in the Port Curtis country, for stocking which the large proportion of ewes now upon it would be invaluable. It is in the neighbourhood of the stations of Dr. Ramsay, the Messrs. Royds, Roach, and about 35 miles from Farquharson's, now Pigot's.

The blacks are perfectly quiet, and frequent the head station without let or hinderance.

BALMAIN.
Neat Stone-built Cottage, in George-street, close to Darling-street and the Steam Ferries.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

A neat and substantial STONE-BUILT COTTAGE, in George-street, Balmain, containing verandah, 2 capital rooms, and large stone-built kitchen at the rear, attached to which is a shed built of weatherboards; the whole erected on an allotment of land having 33 feet frontage to George-street, with a depth of 177 feet.

There is a first-rate well of good water in the yard, at the back, and also an excellent well-stocked garden.

This is a comfortable, snug little property, and very conveniently situated, any one desirous of securing a suburban home in a beautiful locality, or a good investment, would do well to inspect it.

A plan on view at the rooms.

Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
A choice Allotment of Land, close to the Wharf, well adapted for merchants' stores or warehouses.
76 Blocks of Land on the Maitland Road, opposite the Charlestown Railway Station, about 2 miles by rail from the City, adapted for Villa Sites.
Two Farms on Dempsey Island. Also,
A Quantity of Machinery, manufactured by the celebrated engineers, Ransom and Sims, of Ipswich, England, comprising
1 Seven-horse Portable Engine
1 Circular Saw Bench, complete
1 Patent Flour Mill
2 Hay Presses
1 Brick-making Machine.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell the whole of the above property by public auction, at Newcastle, about the opening of the Newcastle and Maitland Railway.

Full particulars of the various lots, as also the day of sale, will be advertised on an early date.

District of New England.
That first-class and highly lucrative Pastoral Property
SAUMAREZ STATION,
adjoining Kentucky and Salisbury Plains, and with which will be sold 20,000 Sheep, more or less, warranted sound, and never diseased, together with about 2000 head of cattle.

MORT and CO. feel bound to call the especial attention of the squatting community of New South Wales, as well as of capitalists and others in search of an investment in pastoral property, to the sale of this decidedly one of the best Stations in New England.

It is within a couple of miles of the flourishing town of Armidale, now many years established as the principal inland town of the Northern districts. This, together with its immediate proximity to the Rocky River diggings, secures for it a market on the spot for a very large quantity of fat stock. In addition to the above it may be mentioned that the district of New England is famous for the quality of the soil, and that the Saumarez Station includes many thousands of acres of rich agricultural land available under the pre-emptive right, and which might be sold at a profit of 300 to 400 per cent.

Terms—Half cash, half liberal credit.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, MONDAY, 6th October,

That splendid pastoral property, situate in the district of New England, and well known as the Saumarez Run, is distant only a couple of miles from the town of Armidale, and adjoins the Kentucky and Salisbury Plains runs, as well as the Rocky River diggings. The Saumarez run is in excellent order, and will bear the closest inspection in every department. The country is rich for pastoral purposes, and there are large tracts of the best agricultural land, the whole Abundantly Watered. It is held under the 14 years' lease, is in every respect a first-class run, and the grazing capabilities may be estimated at 35,600 sheep and 3,000 head of cattle.

The improvements upon the Head Station are—
A six-room cottage, kitchen and store detached
Six-stall stable.
Barn, 30 feet by 14 feet, and out-offices complete
Large woolshed, 42 feet by 15 feet, with skilling capable of holding 500 sheep
Woolpress and sheep yards complete
5 men's huts, recently built
Garden, well stocked with fruit trees
Stockyard, capable of holding 2000 head of cattle
1 horse paddock of about 100 acres
1 cultivation paddock of about 100 acres.

The OUT-STATIONS are 9 in number, the huts at which are all in good repair. There are hurdles for 25,000 sheep. Also 3 standing yards, each capable of containing 3000 sheep.

With the Saumarez Run will be sold—
20,000 SHEEP, WARRANTED SOUND and never diseased. Also;
2,000 HEAD of MIXED CATTLE, from which none have been so'd for 3 years
Drays, stores, tools, implements, stock horses, and growing crops, to be taken at a valuation.

To the above, Mort and Co. will only add that there is abundance of room on the Saumarez Run for increase of stock, and it is in every respect a SPLENDID PASTORAL PROPERTY.

Too much cannot be said in praise of the stock.

The SHEEP are FIRST-CLASS, in proof of which it may be mentioned that the wool has always realized the highest market prices.

With regard to the CATTLE, it is only necessary to state that the herds of the late Colonel Dumaresque were famous both for breeding and docility.

SOUTH SYDNEY.—For SALE, on the Tented Ground, at Grose Farm, near the Newtown Tollbar, at 12 o'clock, on MONDAY NEXT, the 15th September, by MORT and CO.

Remember the terms of sale, namely, the FREEHOLD at once, or at any time during the next SEVEN YEARS.

The price being fixed, the rent will represent the purchase money at FIVE PER CENT.

Lease or conveyance free of expense.

MOUNT PHILO ESTATE,
Situate in the Parish of Melville and County of Cumberland, containing about
1100 ACRES, DISTANT ABOUT 28 MILES FROM SYDNEY,
And in the immediate vicinity of
ERSKINE PARK
MINCHINBURY
LUCAN PARK, and
HORSLEY and LOCKWOOD ESTATES.
TITLE, unquestionable; full particulars of which and every information obtained from Messrs. Rowley and Holdsworth, solicitors, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by Mrs. Margaret Roberts to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September,

That valuable and well-known estate MOUNT PHILO.

This splendid property is situate in the parish of Melville and county of Cumberland, close to the Western Road, and within about twelve miles of the Parramatta Railway Terminus, and twenty-eight miles of Sydney. It contains 1100 ACRES more or less, and is bounded by the following estates: On the north by Minchenbury, on the east by Lucan Park, on the south by Horsley and Lockwood, and on the west by Rope's Creek, which separates it from Erskine Park.

The Mount Philo Estate includes that famous agricultural farm known as CAMPBELL'S HILL FARM, of about 160 acres—one of the very finest in the district—about 100 acres of which have been cleared and under cultivation, the remaining 60 acres more or less being enclosed as grass land. There are also labourers' cottage, hay yards, &c., on the Campbell Hill Farm.

Another portion of the Mount Philo Estate, to the extent of about 60 acres, has been leased to two respectable tenants, who are bound to clear, fence, and bring the same under cultivation, and also to erect two good cottages thereon.

The rest of the estate includes a very large extent of the RICHEST AGRICULTURAL LAND, on which there is an abundance of good timber, whether for splitting, sawing, or shingles, consisting chiefly of ironbark, stringy-bark, beefwood, &c.

The property is watered by Rope's Creek, which forms its western boundary, and by a tributary of Eastern Creek, WATERS which HAVE NEVER BEEN KNOWN to fail.

In bringing this estate forward for public sale, the auctioneers feel bound to direct to it the attention of CAPITALISTS SEEKING an INVESTMENT, or GENTLEMEN on the look-out for a COUNTRY PROPERTY.

As an agricultural estate it would perhaps be difficult to find one which contains so large an extent of really good arable land. There is, as stated above, an abundance of fine timber upon it, as also good stone, the value of which, whether for improvements on the property, or for the supply of material for the railway works in the surrounding districts, cannot be too highly estimated.

It is accessible from Sydney by rail and coach in a couple of hours, and will be brought still nearer by the opening of the Windsor Branch Line, which will further facilitate the transit of all farm produce to the City markets.

From the large extent of good land and creek frontage the Mount Philo Estate is admirably adapted for SUBDIVISION INTO SMALL FARMS. Any party purchasing it with this view would no doubt find it turn out A MOST LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT.

PLAN on view at the Rooms, Pitt-street; and every information to be obtained from MORT and CO.

SOUTH SYDNEY.
99 Years Leases, with the option of purchasing at a fixed rate THE FEE SIMPLE, any time within 7 Years.
THIS EXTENSION OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY comprises 112 ALLOTMENTS at GROSE FARM, commencing at the Boundary Store, on the Newtown Road, at the Junction of Cleveland-street, with that road, and immediately opposite the DARLING NURSERY LANDS.
TITLE—Grant direct from the Crown.
TERMS, at Sale.—The Conditions of the Lease will be very simple, without any restrictions as to the class of buildings.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, on the Ground, near the Newtown Toll-bar, at 12 o'clock, on MONDAY, 15th September,

112 ALLOTMENTS in SOUTH SYDNEY, all of which have frontages of about 20 to 40 feet each the main Newtown Road, or to other established roads and streets, all 66 feet wide, with good corresponding depths.

Mort and Co. feel bound to call attention to the above as one of the most important [illegible]

The position of the allotments is particularly worthy of note. Forming the great connecting link between the CITY and the populous districts of NEWTOWN, O'CONNELL TOWN, CAMPERDOWN, KINGSTON, ENMORE, BELLO RETIRO, TEMPE, THE SYDENHAM FARMS, COOK'S RIVER, CANTERBURY and the farms beyond; and commencing immediately at the boundary stone of the city, at the junction of Cleveland-street with the Newtown-road; they are situated on one of the LEADING THOROUGHFARES, at the very entrance to, and indeed destined, the moment they are built upon, to become an integral portion of the City.

SOUTH SYDNEY is bounded on the west by the Newtown Road, which divides it from the grounds of THE UNIVERSITY, THE AFFILIATED COLLEGES, and THE PUBLIC RESERVE FOR RECREATION, secured by Act of Council. On the South it is bounded by the RESERVE FOR THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL; and on the east by a public permanent reserve and the Old Newtown Road, to its junction with the main road at the termination of Cleveland-street.

It is therefore almost encircled by the lands appropriated for educational purposes, upon which many hundreds of thousands of pounds will be expended, and which must therefore give a very large prospective value to property in the town of South Sydney. Large portions of the above reserves will be laid out in ornamental grounds attached to the University and the various Colleges; this together with the elevation of South Sydney, nearly equal to that of the University, give it the command of the most beautiful views of the country, extending almost from the Sydney Heads to the waters of Botany Bay, including A PANORAMIC VIEW OF THE CITY AND ITS ENVIRONS.

The site of South Sydney, therefore, is most salubrious; the various circumstances enumerated above securing for it the advantages of a cool breeze from the sea, which affords a mild and healthful temperature unknown in the lower streets, and more crowded thoroughfares of the city. The position is also admirably adapted whether for HEALTH, BUSINESS, or PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

Omibuses pass to and fro, to all parts of the city every five minutes during the day, the stand being almost within a minute's walk. The railway terminus is also within a short distance, which upon the opening of Cleveland-street will be rendered still less.

An abundant supply of water is to be had at the public reserve on the opposite side of the Newtown Road.

The UNIVERSITY, it is expected, will be opened in all March next—and as it is only calculated to receive a limited number of boarders at first, there will no doubt be a great demand for good house accommodation for students in the immediate neighbourhood. This alone attaches a real value to property in South Sydney.

The gardens connected with the University, which are to be on a scale TO RIVAL OXFORD and CAMBRIDGE, will be open to the public; thus securing to the inhabitants of South Sydney a place of RECREATION EQUAL to the BOTANIC GARDENS of the city.

Particular attention is directed to the
LARGE CORNER BLOCK
at the junction of Cleveland-street with the Newtown roads at the boundary stone, adapted from its size and position for almost any class of public building.

PRINTED LEASES ON PARCHMENT will be prepared and given to each lessee FREE of EXPENSE; and if 20 or more should purchase the fee simple, a SIMILAR CONVEYANCE will be given to EACH PURCHASER FREE of EXPENSE.

THE WHOLE OF THE ALLOTMENTS have been accurately surveyed, staked out, and numbered, and the lines have all been lock-spitted, with finger-posts at the corners of all the streets.

Large plans can be seen, and lithographs obtained, at the Rooms of Messrs. MORT and CO.

CHAMPAGNE LUNCH, and CONVEYANCE TO THE SALE free of expense.

BANKSTOWN.
TWO CHOICE FARMS,
Containing severally 35 acres, and 66 acres, situate on the GEORGE'S RIVER ROAD,
(By Irishtown), about ten miles from Sydney.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

TWO VALUABLE FARMS,
Containing severally 35 acres, and 66 acres, more or less, situate in the parish of Bankstown, with frontage to the George's River Road (by Irishtown), about 10 miles from Sydney, being portion of the subdivision of
MORRIS'S 600 ACRES.

These farms are fenced on the back and side lines, and are divided from each other by a creek, which yields a NEVER-FAILING SUPPLY OF WATER in the driest season. The soil is good, and there is a large quantity of very valuable timber on the land.

To industrious men this sale presents an opportunity rarely to be met with, that of securing
A REALLY GOOD FARM,
well watered, timbered, and within a convenient distance from the city.

Terms at sale.

A Newly-erected Comfortable Dwelling-house, No. 144, Liverpool-street.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, the 19th September,

A newly-erected two story dwelling-house, No. 144, Liverpool-street, substantially built of stone, with cut front and slate roof, containing four good rooms, kitchen and servants'-room, yard, and well of water at the rear.

The allotment of land upon which the house is erected has a frontage of 16 feet to Liverpool-street, with a depth of ninety feet extending to a lane at the rear.

This house has just been completed, and is finished in a superior manner.

The situation is healthy and elevated, close to the South Head Road and the busiest parts of the city; indeed, altogether it is a most eligible dwelling-house, and will always command a tenant at a good rental.

Intending purchasers are requested to inspect the property, and every facility for doing so thoroughly, will be given them on application at the rooms.

Terms at sale.

LACHLAN DISTRICT.
THE GERALGAMBITH STATION.
Without Stock.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 19th September,

The GERALGAMBITH STATION, in the Lachlan District, adjoining the following stations:—Juneo Wantabadgery, Nangus, Ironbung, and the stations of Messrs. White and Taaf.

This fine run consists of beautiful open white box country, capable of running flocks of 2500; indeed, the names of the adjoining stations are a sufficient guarantee that it is a really first-class fattening station.

Terms at sale.

The First-class Station, ERMINGTON or CHAMBEGNE, in the Clarence River District, with 650 HEAD of CATTLE.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on MONDAY, 6th October,

650 HEAD OF CATTLE, more or less, a general mixed herd, farher particulars of which will appear in a future advertisement. Together with that first-rate station, ERMINGTON, or CHAMBEGNE, in the Clarence River District.

ERMINGTON is situate on the Clarence River, only about 14 miles from Grafton, and is one of the most extensive and best fattening runs in the district, and capable of depasturing a LARGE HERD of CATTLE; and also SEVERAL THOUSAND SHEEP, for which a considerable portion of the run is well adapted.

The IMPROVEMENTS consist of a four-roomed shingled Cottage, detached kitchen, stockman's hut, cultivation and horse paddocks, good stock-yard, &c., &c.

The above property is one to which particular attention is directed, as such an extensive and valuable Run so VERY LIGHTLY STOCKED is rarely offered for sale.

It may be mentioned, that it is the opinion of the present superintendent, that the run is capable of depasturing from 5000 to 6000 HEAD OF CATTLE.

There is a boiling-down establishment within 6 miles of the station.

For further particulars, apply at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

CASTLEREAGH RIVER, BLIGH DISTRICT.
The well known Fattening Stations
ULINDA and COOKERBINGLE,
formerly the property of the late William Lawson, Esq., Senior.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on MONDAY, 6th October,

The splendid fattening stations of
ULINDA and COOKERBINGLE,
situate on the Castlereagh River, Bligh district.

These runs were among the oldest of the selections of the late WILLIAM LAWSON, Esq., Senior, who was never known to keep a bad run, and this fact alone is sufficient to establish their claim to be ranked
FIRST CLASS STATIONS.

They contain
32,000 ACRES
of fine country, abundantly watered and fattening.

They are distant from Cassilis about 25 miles, from Mudgee and Wellington about 70 miles, and the post line down the Castlereagh passes near.

SURVEYS of the country, showing their position, is now on view at the Rooms, where also any further information may be obtained.

Terms at sale.

By direction of John Morris, Esquire, Official Assignee of the Insolvent Estate of Lachlan Macallister.
EIGHT VALUABLE FARMS situate at MITTAGONG, adjoining the FITZ ROY IRON MINES, on the Great Southern Road.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 8th October,

EIGHT VALUABLE FARMS, containing [illegible] Road, between the Fitz Roy Mines and Cutter's 100 acres, a short distance from the Fitz Roy Inn.

Without taking into consideration the MINERAL TREASURES which there can be no doubt lie beneath the surface, there is some very good land on the farms fit for any description of agriculture.

A fine flow of water runs throughout the centre of the property, of which every farm has a portion, and there is abundance of capital timber on the back farms suitable for any purpose. The land is completely fenced round.

The proposed extension of the SYDNEY and GOULBURN RAILWAY line is expected to pass through the property, with a station in the immediate neighbourhood, which materially enhances its value.

A plan on view at the rooms.

Terms at sale.

Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo, TWO FAMILY RESIDENCES, Delightfully Situated in this Favourite Locality.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, the 19th September,

Two FAMILY RESIDENCES, situate in Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo, each containing, ON THE GROUND FLOOR—front verandah, hall, front and back parlour. On the FIRST FLOOR—large drawing-room (entering on to a verandah balcony), and bedroom; and on the SECOND FLOOR—two good bedrooms.

At the rear of each house is a roomy kitchen, with servant's room above, coal-house, large yard, WELL OF GOOD WATER, and out buildings.

These houses have only been recently erected, and are substantially built of brick. The rooms are well finished, and wainscotted.

They occupy a block of land having a frontage of 41 feet to Victoria-street, with a depth of 163 feet, extending to a lane at the rear. There is also a lane 25 feet wide on the southern side of the property.

These FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENCES are in the immediate vicinity of Rockwood, Kellat House, the residence of S. A. Donaldson, Esq., the late residence of Sir Charles Nicholson, and the residences of Messrs. C. F. Priddle, Gilchrist, and others.

The situation is most beautiful, elevated, and healthy; commanding magnificent views of Woolloomooloo Bay, Government House, Domain, the Harbour, &c.

House property in this select locality is much sought after, and always commands tenants at high rentals; and the above can be confidently recommended as an opportunity of investing in city property to great advantage.

Plan on view at the Rooms.

Terms at sale.

Parramatta.
Elegant Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Carriage, Chaise, Dog Cart, Water Cart, Cooking Stove, &c., &c.
MONDAY, 15th instant.

MR. J. F. STAFF has received instructions from C. T. Weaver, Esq., J. P., to dispose of his neat and elegant household furniture, at his residence, Ross-street.

The furniture consists principally of
Drawing-room, parlour, and other chairs; loo, dining, card, and dressing tables; sofas, good pianoforte (upright), carpets, hearth-rugs, fenders and irons; handsome framed engravings, books and bookcases, cheffoniers, iron bedsteads, chests drawers, wash-stands, toilet glasses, presses, clocks, plate glass, crockery, kitchen utensils, dresser, tubs and buckets, &c., &c.
A cooking stove
A comfortable chaise, carriage, and other lots too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

No. 56-43. City Commissioners' Office, Sydney, 11th September, 1856.

SALE OF LEASE OF Water Fountain, at Circular Quay.—Notice is hereby given, that the Lease of the Water Fountain and Pipes at the Circular Quay, for the three months ending the 31st December, 1856, will be sold by public auction, at the Circular Quay, on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 12 o'clock noon, in accordance with the general conditions of lease, which may be seen on application at this office.

By order of the Commissioners,
CHARLES H. WOOLCOTT, Secretary.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 11th September, 1856.
HILL V. FRASER.

ON WEDNESDAY next, the 17th instant, at noon, at the Defendant's residence, the Plough Inn, Parramatta Road. The Sheriff will cause to be sold by public auction, all the *defendant's right, title,* and interest of, in, and to the lease, license, and tenancy of the said Plough Inn. Also, the stock and trade, consisting of —Spirits, Ales, Wines, &c., and household furniture, water cart, pigs, poultry, &c., unless this execution be previously satisfied.

GEORGE UHR Under-Sheriff.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1498492

REV. MR. PALMER'S DEFENCE OF HIS BROTHER.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—In reading in your paper of this morning the above rev. gentleman's defence of his brother, I was somewhat struck at the warm eulogium passed on the criminal. I find that he was everything that was good and honourable, except having been once guilty of a *slight infringement of the commercial code.* From this style of expression, I would at once conclude that he had been guilty of some trifling affair, such as going into the Exchange without being a member, or making a speech slightly out of order at the Chamber of Commerce; but, upon reading a little further, I find that this breach of the commercial code amounted to no less a crime than forgery—a crime only second to murder itself; and when once a man has so far blunted his moral perceptions as to go to the length of forgery, to such a man murder would not be an insurmountable obstacle did an adequate temptation offer. In fact, all that the rev. gentleman says in favour of his brother may be summed up in these words—My brother was a very honourable fellow, with the exception of his being a felon. The language of the Rev. Mr. Palmer should have just been *vice versa*: My brother was a depraved, abandoned scoundrel, but he had one or two good points about him. I suppose the Rev. Mr. Palmer will now say, in talking of his brother—My brother was a perfectly good and honourable man, with the exception of having committed a slight breach of the commercial code, and also a trifling invasion of the laws of humanity.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
D. B.

P.S.—Since writing the above, I was glad to see Palmer met the fate he so richly deserved. I say I was glad, because I have no sympathy whatever with such a cold-blooded, heartless ruffian—all my sympathies are with poor Cook.

Sydney, 12th September, 1856.

[The Rev. Mr. Palmer has denied the authorship of the letter to which "D. B." refers.—ED.]

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—Admiring as I do the lecture delivered by Dr. Woolley on Tuesday last, in the hall of the School of Arts, and reported in your paper this day, yet I cannot permit one statement to pass without observation, as it appears to me to cast a stigma upon Bishop Butler which he does not deserve.

Dr. Woolley, speaking of one form of the selfish system, remarks, "This theory still professes *selfishness*: each man is the conscious centre of his own world: the law of prudence is the standard of virtue. All the heroes whose memory is embalmed in the gratitude of their fellows from St. Paul to Howard and Florence Nightingale—have been impelled to their philanthropic labours solely by the conviction that their personal happiness is bound up in that of their fellow-men; that the sorrows they relieve, would else darken their own sky: the tears they wipe away embitter their own cup. The virtuous and vicious propose the same end: their own ultimate happiness, their difference is only that of ignorance and knowledge. The sinner has mistaken the shadow for the reality, whilst the good man has judged aright: though one through blind selfishness has fallen into the pit; the other through an enlightened selfishness has scaled the walls of Heaven. The advocates of this school are respectable for intelligence and worth: the authority of Aristotle has been though erroneously quoted in their favour: they prefer perhaps a juster claim to Bishop Butler, who both in his Analogy and his Sermons on Human Nature everywhere assumes the coincidence of prudence and benevolence." Now, Sir, the natural inference to be deduced from this latter statement is that Bishop Butler may with justice be classed with those who maintain that enlightened selfishness, or the rule of prudence, is the standard of virtue; that all the acts of benevolence from St. Paul to Howard, and Florence Nightingale, have been impelled solely by the conviction that their personal happiness is bound up in that of their fellow-men. I, Sir, emphatically deny that there is the slightest ground for such an inference either from Butler's analogy, or sermons on human nature—on the contrary, the whole tenor of both is in direct contradiction to this theory of selfishness. Speaking of virtue, Butler defines it thus: "Virtue consists in a regard to what is right and reasonable as *being* so, in a regard to veracity, justice, charity, *in themselves*. (Analogy, chapter 3.) He states in his sermons on human nature that malevolence and self-love are different; though they may and generally do coincide. He insists upon the existence of a moral sense or conscience, whose office is to decide upon right and wrong; in fact, every page of the Analogy and Sermons, breathes contradiction to that selfish system of morals maintained by those writers, among whom Dr. Woolley so contentedly assigns him a place.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,
THOMAS HAYDEN.

Darlinghurst, September 11th, 1856.

SIR,—Can any of your readers (especially those in the sheep-breeding districts) inform me of any means for getting rid of those rapacious tormenters, yclept fleas? Surely there must be some simple chemical or herbal remedy that will prevent the visits of these invariable summer companions. By publishing it they will receive the thanks of hundreds of sufferers in the bush from these treacherous little animals.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
A BUSHMAN.

Sofala, August 30th, 1856.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—I hear much of the efforts that are being made to improve and elevate the intellectual condition of the good folks of Sydney, but I fear it seems as if they were applied to a cold and barren soil. Everybody knows the want of resources which men of all ages experience here, in spending their time in the evening pleasantly and innocently, and accordingly last night I took my seat at the English Opera House, expecting not only to be gratified myself, but to see crowds around me gratified, by the performance of a very fair selection of sacred music. But when I remembered the hundreds of people that ran after Catherine Hayes when she was here, and the hundreds of pounds that were lavished upon her, and then, on looking round me, saw only about twenty persons in the boxes, and fifty or sixty in the pit, I confess I felt grieved, saddened, and disappointed. —I do not look alone to the loss which the proprietor of the theatre must incur on such occasions; nor do I look to the deadening chill which the performers must experience, in singing to empty boxes and benches, instead of being cheered by the sight and applauses of a numerous and encouraging audience. What I regret most is the evidence this state of things affords of an unsound taste on the part of the Sydney population. Can it be that they are so like sheep that they can only go in flocks, when they are duly led or driven, or that their state of musical advancement is such, that they prefer "Lucy Long," or "Villikins and his Dinah," to the sublime strains of Handel or Mozart? Much of this perhaps is owing to the readiness with which, in trifles, persons are apt to take the opinions of others, instead of judging for themselves. For instance, last evening one or two parties to whom I mentioned where I was—going, shrugged their shoulders, said there would be nothing worth listening to, &c., &c. However, I boldly risked my half-crown, and though I admit that I have heard the same music infinitely better sung, I should on the whole have been very sorry to have been absent. If the talent brought forward on these occasions is not of a very high class, still it must be remembered that in all probability it is the best that the colony affords; and further, that the proprietor cannot be expected to exert himself to provide anything better, when he meets with such sorry encouragement in what he has already attempted. To my fellow-citizens, I would say two words in parting. The ladies I would remind that they will improve their taste and style, and, if I may use the expression, their *comprehension* of music, far more by an occasional hour or two at these Oratorios, than by labouring for days on their pianos at "Sonatas" and "variations." To the gentlemen I would suggest that they would find something far more soothing, refreshing, and elevating, in the glories of the "Creation" or the "Messiah," than in the clatter of the billiard balls, the wreathing clouds of the cigar, the glare of the saloon, or the fascination of the "other glass" of brandy and water.

On the performances of last evening I must not dwell at any length. Avison's fine chorus,—"Sound the loud timbrel," was given with much spirit, although the ladies jerked out the high notes a little too palpably. The young lady who sang the "Hymn of Eve" was a very pleasing and graceful representative of our "first mother," and although her voice is not powerful, it is sweet, and I was sorry to find only one piece allotted to her. Mr. John Howson gave "In native worth," very well, but in a prior piece it was utterly impossible to define whether the words were English, French, German, or whether there were any words at all. I wish somebody would give this gentleman a hint that *distinct articulation* is one of the first qualifications in a singer. Mr. Walcot acquitted himself very creditably in "Comfort ye," and "Every valley shall be exalted," though the latter is almost too difficult of execution for any but an artist of the very first class in power and practice; and the "Hallelujah" was of course magnificent, and as it ever must be, not to be equalled by anything under heaven.

Sydney, September 12. Z.

It would be ungracious to omit a notice of the organ or of Mr. Packer. The quality of the former and the performance of the latter were, both of them, admirable, and it would well repay any person to go merely to listen to the instrument, without any other attraction. I wonder, by the way, whether some performance on the organ alone might not be found attractive to the public, and remunerative to the proprietor.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERALSHIP.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—After mature deliberation, and perhaps, also, after some hesitation, on the Crown law officers, I at last perceive that the *Empire* of this morning has opened its columns to a communication appropriately subscribed "*Lex non scripta*"—for therein "*lex non ita scripta est*"—on that important question. Reference has, however, been made to the written statute law, and, whilst citing the New South Wales Act 9 Geo. IV. cap. 83, omission is made of the fact that, by the 24th section of that Act, the law of England to that date is introduced into this colony, and therefore the prerogative of the Crown, if not varied by a colonial law, is not legal if beyond that tolerated in Westminster Hall. If Mr. W. H. Moore acted as Crown Prosecutor (for that he ever had a patent of Attorney or Solicitor General is doubted by old colonists), he nevertheless, was an advocate, entitled to plead, practice, and have audience in the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

Again, another error in the citation of written law: "The New Constitution Act has made the Attorney-General a political officer." Now for those who may not have read a very remarkable communication signed "Observer," in the *Empire* of the 12th of August last, I will quote it as high authority—"I ask in what clause are they so constituted? I answer, in no one. And I observe that the Ministers are really of the same opinion, for they propose to exclude the Auditor-General from the Ministry—who is as much a Minister in the Constitution Act as are the Crown lawyers—namely, by being mentioned in the pension clause as one of the officers 'liable to retire or be released,' which clause (the 51st) is the only one which affords a surmise of what officers a Ministry should be composed." By that eminent authority Crown lawyers are not admitted to be Ministers of State, as "*Lex non scripta*" propounds.

Finally, if difficulties do beset Mr. Martin in connection with the Patent of the 26th August, who is responsible but himself for accepting, and Mr. Cowper for giving him, this opportunity of vitiating his intended call to the Bar, and troubling the course of justice for political ends?

FACTA NON FICTA.

Friday, the 12th.

THE LONG-MA, OR SAND GRASS OF LADAKH.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—Can any of your correspondents inform me whether the Long-ma, or sand grass of Ladakh, is known in this colony? It appears to me that it would be a very valuable acquisition for our Sand-hills. I send you Moorcroft's description of it.

Yours, &c., R.

A very valuable herbage occurs in the Long-ma or sand grass of Ladakh, which, growing on loose sandy soil, and forming an intricate net-work both on the surface and beneath it, protects the slender covering of the primitive substratum from being blown away by the strong winds that sweep the valleys, and the whole country, from being converted into a succession of bare rocks and mounds of sand. The Long-ma rarely reaches more than a height of ten or twelve inches, and frequently not more than five or six, a considerable portion of the blade being always buried in the sand. The length of the root is much more considerable, and strikes so deep that it cannot be extracted entire. At a depth of five feet it was found little diminished in circumference, throwing off numerous lateral fibres through its whole course. The grass on the surface does not extend uniformly, but affects the form of patches, by which it more effectively arrests the driving sand. Cattle will not eat it whilst it is green, or while other pasturage is procurable; but it is sufficiently hardy to outlive other herbage; and in November, when there is nothing else on the ground, it is eaten by horses and yaks. It is then of a yellow tint, but when the leaves and crown are eaten off, the brown stems are left almost level with the ground, their interstices filled with sand, and the appearance of each patch resembling that of an oakum door-mat. The plant emits a pleasant smell, and has a sweet and agreeable [illegible] Although the cattle do not fatten upon it, it is said to be very invigorating; and perhaps the extremely rich quality of the milk of the yak in winter may be due to this grass. The stories related by the carriers of its effects in restoring vigour to over-worked horses border on the marvellous. It furnishes almost the whole of the winter's food of the unstabled brood mares and colts of the Rajah of Ladakh, of the kiang, or wild horse, of the yak, and of all cattle which are left unhoused at that season.

OUR COMMERCIAL SYSTEM.

(From the Morning Chronicle, 18th June.)

AN expiring effort to baffle the legislative attempts to improve the Law of Partnership was made on Monday night in the Peers, by the noble representatives of the great capitalist interest. In the objections then urged by Lords Overstone and Monteagle against the Joint-Stock Companies Bill we can find no single point of novelty, nor one argument which has not been refuted a thousand times over long since. They could but reiterate the threadbare cautions, and ventilate once more the prophecies of peril and fraud, which not only logic but experience have shown to be utterly futile. Their strongest observations were addressed not to the reason of the House, but to its prejudices. The appeal "to leave things as they were," has, ere now, been urged with memorable effect upon the House of Peers. Their lordships always listened with reverence, and often obeyed in terror, such a warning, especially when couched in emphatic language and uttered with solemn tone. But that time has passed. Even the hereditary branch of the Legislature has ceased to be daunted at the mere mention of change and progress. The bill accordingly passed safely through the pending and critical stage of "second reading." Lord Monteagle, indeed, with characteristic persistency, divided against the motion, but could obtain only four partners to share with him the responsibility of opposition. His lordship, it seems, intends to console himself under his defeat by recording a protest against the bill. This is the constitutional mode of proceeding, and very harmless. We shall learn without alarm that a record has been placed on the journals of the House, showing how in 1856 an ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer could still linger among the effete traditions and antiquated prejudices of a past century!

All the arguments presented in either House by the opponents of the Limited Liability principle have been marked by this special feature—that they were directed against the abuse, while ignoring the use, of that privilege. They regarded the subject from a single and false point of view. Commercial enterprise was never treated by them as presenting a vast and, generally speaking, healthy system—whose operations were, in the great majority of instances, designed for legitimate ends, and conducted on honest principles. In their diagnosis, commerce was invariably described as being deformed and diseased, or liable to all manner of cross accidents and fraudulent conspiracies. We were never shown the sturdy vigorous body, working freely, prospering honourably, and endowed with an activity which penetrates into the remotest corners of the earth. Nothing was presented but a feeble, tottering, organization, subject, if the Legislature did not perpetually interfere, to be blown up with "bubbles," ruined by panics, or corrupted with cheats and rogueries.

With so false an estimate of the subject-matter for legislation, it is no wonder that their system of enactments should be equally fallacious. In their view the great object of the Legislature in framing commercial laws, and especially a law of partnership, must be to prevent the occurrence of commercial evils. They never see or acknowledge that the "evil" they would cure is merely exceptional. Ninety-nine enterprises are raised upon a sound basis, carried on in the most perfect good faith, and realize a legitimate profit. The hundredth may be a hollow and swindling scheme concocted by adventurers to cheat the confiding public. These honourable and noble legislators would aim laws solely at this hundredth case. They would attempt to protect society from knaves, and to attain this result cripple and obstruct the free action of honest men. Constant experience has shown that the attempt is at once hopeless and useless. No legislative contrivance, however rigid and ingenious, can prevent the community from being laid under contribution by designing impostors. On the other hand, the trading community, if left unshackled in its movements, can effectually protect itself against any serious depredations. At any rate, the remedy is far worse than the disease. This we have seen in a thousand instances, when various remedies have, upon trial, afforded the most unmistakeable proof that they could do no good in the way of accomplishing the object for which they were designed, and that they did in other respects infinite harm. But it would seem to be the destiny of monopolists, as of the Bourbons, never to learn or forget anything.

Fraud, we know, cannot be obliterated in any community. A commercial system so vast and various as ours must be subject to oscillations between unwholesome exuberance and needless prostration. In like manner, there will be disease and crime, for which drugs and regimen must be prescribed, and a machinery of criminal jurisprudence kept in constant activity. But we do not fill Parliament with doctors or judges of assize, or treat mankind generally as candidates for the hospital and the gaol. Why then should we legislate for commerce alone, of all other subjects and objects, with regard merely to its frauds and follies—its sufferings or crimes? Yet this is what Lord Monteagle invites the House to perpetrate. In the Joint Stock Companies Bill, for example, he could see no stimulus to any other manufacture, except the "manufacture of shares." To his oblique vision, the measure offered nothing but a facility for abuse, and upon this view of the case he insisted to the last in opposing it. Carrying out his argument to its legitimate conclusion, the system of unlimited liability in commercial partnerships is recommendable, not so much because the responsibility of the partners is extended, as because the formation of such partnerships is rendered difficult or impossible. To check fraud Lord Monteagle would gladly consent to paralyse enterprise. The Duke of Argyll pertinently inquired why the liability, which was avowedly to be left "unlimited," should stop with the property of a partner? If responsible for the debts of the concern with his whole estate, why not with his liberty or his head? Instances have not been wanting in which this idea of "unlimited liability" was actually carried out to a fearful extent. Under the panic terror occasioned by the collapse of the South-Sea bubble, Parliament passed an Act by which the partners in a bankrupt association were made liable to the penalties of "præmunire." The real object of the enactment was, no doubt, to prevent the establishment of associations for trading purposes altogether. This insane act was committed by the Legislature in a moment of alarm, when the credit and prosperity of the nation appeared to be compromised by the results of a gigantic delusion. An ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, and an ennobled member of the banking and capitalist class in their humble degree, would follow the precedent, and this at a moment when the spirit of enterprise is, to a remarkable degree, at once prudent and bold.

There has indeed seldom been an era when our commercial system appeared so solid in the basis, or sound in its development, and so practical in its objects. Never also was there a time when any measure calculated to facilitate commercial operations, in any and every way, would have been safer or more beneficial. The noble lords who resisted the progress of the Joint-Stock Companies Bill on Monday seemed to remember only the disasters that are recorded in the history of associated enterprises—the bubble companies of 1825 and 1845, and the consequent results of panic and prostration. At the present moment it is a most gratifying circumstance that, amidst a rapid extension of trading enterprise upon the cessation of war, there is not one symptom of a renewal of those discreditable and destructive transactions. More than this, the present development of activity has not offered even the opportunity or the temptation for such schemes. Among the large number of new companies formed, and novel channels of commerce or production opened since peace was concluded, there has scarcely been one which offered any allurement to the sharemonger and premium-hunter. Nothing baffles fraud so effectually as shutting off temptation. Rogues will not assemble where there is no prey. Only where the carcase is will the eagles be gathered together. We regard it as the most satisfactory characteristic of the newly planned and inchoate companies, who have come into existence so rapidly within the past few months, that they have seldom or never pushed their shares to any considerable premium. We accept this as a proof of the honesty and soundness of the enterprises they have undertaken to conduct.

Prince Napoleon arrived off Tynemouth Castle on the 18th of June. He and his suite landed and proceeded to Newcastle, from whence they proceeded to Edinburgh.

Her Majesty, accompanied by his Royal Highness Prince Albert, the Prince of Prussia, and the Regent of Baden, visited the Crystal Palace at Sydenham, to witness the opening of the great fountains. The ceremony was very grand and imposing, and was witnessed by an immense concourse of people.

Mr. Carnegy, of Crago, well known in Scotland for his literary and scientific attainments, died on the 12th of June.

LOST, on Thursday night, nine £1 Notes. Any person bringing same to No. 1, Upper Fort-street, will be handsomely rewarded.

LOST, between Bathurst and George streets, Two Daguerreotype Likenesses, in case. Any person finding and returning them to F. W., HERALD Office, will receive £1 Reward.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—Strayed from the Union Inn, South Head Road, a black Entire Horse, saddle marked. JAMES LEES, Union Inn.

ONE POUND REWARD.—Stolen or Strayed, one bay Mare, from Seven Mile Hollow, Liverpool-road, no brand, hind feet white, star in forehead, white stripe down the nose. HENRY WALKER, Ashfield, September 8, 1856.

STRAY HORSE.—A brown or black Gelding, 15 hands high, hind feet white, small white streak on forehead, bang tail, newly shod, about 4 years old, no brand; in my paddock since 3rd instant. B. YABSLEY, Petersham Station.—Third advertisement.

CATTLE PADDOCKS, Rent Free, 16 and 21 acres, well watered, and securely fenced, at the back of Hearne's, Baldfaced Stag. WALTER BEAMES.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c.

To the Widow (if any,) and next of kin of THOMAS TURNER MASSEY, late of Jamison-street, in the City of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, gentleman, deceased, Greeting—

WHEREAS it hath been represented unto our Supreme Court of New South Wales, by the proctors of Jane Spalding, of Canterbury, near Sydney aforesaid, a creditor of the said deceased, that the said THOMAS TURNER MASSEY departed this life on or about the 21st day of July last, having at the time of his death goods, chattels, and credits, in the said colony; we do hereby peremptorily cite you and each of you, to appear personally, or by your proctor, duly constituted, before our said Court, at the Court House, in King-street, Sydney, on SATURDAY, the fourth day of October next, at the hour of ten o'clock the forenoon of the same day, and there to abide if occasion shall require, during the sitting of the said Court, and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration, of all and singular the goods, chattels, and credits of the said deceased, or otherwise to shew sufficient cause, if you or any of you have or know any, why the same should not be committed to the said Jane Spalding, on her giving sufficient security, and further to do and receive as to law and justice shall appertain, under pain of such letters of administration being granted to the Jane Spalding, as a creditor.

Witness, the honorable Sir Alfred Stephen, Knight, our Chief Justice of our said Colony, at Sydney, this twelfth day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1856, and in the twentieth year of her reign.

S. RAYMOND, Prothonotary. (L.S.)

BRENAN and RUSSELL, Proctors for the said Jane Spalding, 42, Pitt-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S DEBENTURES.—The Board of Directors of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company having been duly empowered by the proprietors to borrow money by debentures or otherwise, to an extent not exceeding £125,000 (one hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds), have determined upon issuing a series of debentures amounting to the sum of £25,000 (twenty-five thousand pounds), payable in three years from the 12th day of September instant, in sums of £100 (one hundred pounds) each, bearing interest at the rate of 7 (seven) per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly.

Parties desirous of purchasing these debentures may obtain them on application to Mr. WM. BARTON, George-street, and Mr. W. J. LENNON, Pitt-street, Sydney, share brokers.

By order of the Board,
J. A. PATERSON, manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sydney, 8th September, 1856.

NOTICE to MERCHANTS and SHIPOWNERS—The Proprietors of the Patent Slip, Sussex-street, now take vessels on their slip at one-half of their former rates. Work done with despatch. Copper, metal, felt, and all kinds of materials for Ship-building, always on hand.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

In the will of JOSEPH WEARNE, senior, late of Collingwood Mill, in the town of Liverpool, in the colony of New South Wales, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in its ecclesiastical jurisdiction, that probate of the last will and testament of the said deceased may be granted to JOSEPH WEARNE, junior, of Liverpool aforesaid, as executor, according to the tenor of the said will.

Dated this twelfth day of September, A.D. 1856.

ALLEN and BOWDEN, Proctors for the said Joseph Wearne, junior, 51, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

SIGHT RELIEVED.—To those afflicted with defective Vision.—Just received, ex Maria Somes, a splendid and most complete assortment of spectacles, in steel, gold, and silver frames, fitted with the best Brazilian pebbles; also, the new patent parapantascopic spectacles, made upon the principle of the celebrated Braham's patent, and so justly celebrated by all who use them, allowing the wearer to see any object far or near, without removing them from the face. To be had only of MOSS, 38, Hunter-street.

PRIZE CATTLE.—Two extraordinary fat Durham Bullocks, bred by David Johnston, Esq., of George's Hall, prior to being slaughtered by the present owner, Mr. Bell, butcher, may be seen at Messrs. WATT and CO.'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street. Their estimated weight 30 cwt., their respective ages 5 to 6 years.

TO THE HEADS.—An omnibus will leave Bransgrove's Hotel, corner of King-street, on SUNDAY, September 14th, for the above, at 2 o'clock precisely, going by Randwick Lodge and Waverley, one of the most beautiful rides in the colony.

THE PARTNERSHIP lately subsisting between me, the undersigned, and William Scanes, as coach-builders, on the Old South Head Road, under the style or firm of SCANES and MURRAY, has been this day dissolved. (Dated 10th September, 1856.) HENRY MURRAY. Witness—W. G. A. FITZHARDINGE, 25, King-street, Solicitor.

NOTICE.—The Business carried on in this city by the undersigned, as General Merchant and Commission Agent, under the firm of MACNAB, BROTHERS, and CO., has been discontinued. All accounts due and to the firm will be paid and received by the undersigned, who will sign the firm in liquidation. WILLIAM MACNAB. Sydney, 12th September, 1856.

MR. WOOLFE LAZARUS has removed to No. 4, Bathurst-street, from Liverpool-street, Woolloomooloo.

REMOVED, C. W. PITTS, Botany New Mills.—Office removed from 2, Macquarie-place, to Pitt-street North, Circular Quay.

WOOL and SHEEPSKINS purchased by C. W. PITTS, Pitt-street North, Circular Quay.

VENETIAN and Gauze Wire Window Blinds made by S. FULLER, 169, Pitt-street South.

SUN-BLINDS, for Balconies, made on improved principles, at S. FULLER'S, 169, Pitt-street.

ON SALE, at the NE PLUS ULTRA, 31, Parramatta-street, opposite Mr. Pinhey's. The best butter in Sydney, from 1s. to 1s. 6d. per lb.; real south-down sugar-cured hams, 5d. per lb.; real German sausage, 6d. per lb.; the best bacon in the world, from 10d. to 1s. per lb.; Oxford hog chines, the greatest treat that can be had in Sydney, and nowhere else to be got on this side of the Line, 1s. per lb.; a fine lot of Derby cheese, 6d. per lb.; good Bathurst cheese, 7½d. per lb.; North Wilts, 8d. per lb.; fine ripe port wine Stilton cheese, 10d. to 1s. per lb.; prime hogs' lard, 1s.; fine old Cheshire cheese, 3d. per lb.; Hobart Town pickled onions, 1s. per quart, sound and sweet; warranted Hobart Town flour, in 100 and 200-lb. bags, at 30s. per 100 lbs.; real first-class Chilian flour, in 50 and 100-lb. bags, at 33s. per 100 lbs., or by single pound for families 4d. per lb.; the best pickles in the world, 7d. per bottle; anchovies, 6d. per bottle; several thousand frying-pans, from 4d. to 1s. each; several hundred of curriers' knives, from 2s. 6d. each; about 2 tons of turmeric, to colour cheese and butter, or for Chinese to smoke, 1s. per lb.; a large lot of chloride of lime, at 6d. per lb.; also, first-class hyson and congou teas, from £3 to £4 17s. 6d. per chest. NE PLUS ULTRA.

NOTICE.—Removed from 29 A 1, to 31, opposite.

NORRIE'S Antibilious Pills.—These pills have gained such wide-spread celebrity for the last 16 years, that no family, bushman, or storekeeper, should be without them. Sold in boxes at one shilling each; or three boxes for half-a-crown.

SPRING MEDICINE.—DAYRELL and CO.'S Alkaline Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla.—As a spring medicine the efficacy of Sarsaparilla has been long established. It acts as a powerful alterative tonic, and its continued use is invariably attended with improvement of appetite and digestion, augmentation of strength, increase of flesh; the production of a more healthy tone of mind, and in many cases the complete disappearance of various morbid symptoms, as eruptions, ulcerations, rheumatic pains, &c. Prepared (exclusively) by Dayrell and Co., 381, George-street, opposite the Cathedral, Sydney, in bottles, 3s. 6d., 6s., 10s., and may be obtained at their appointed agents, Mr. Sloper, William-street, Woolloomooloo; Mr. Riley, Goulburn; Messrs. Macdonald and Co., Mudgee.

IMPORTANT to INVALIDS.—The highly beneficial and restorative qualities of the Tonic Essence of Chiretta and Quinine, have acquired for it a reputation far and wide.—In all cases of weakness of the stomach, lowness of spirits, indigestion, nervous debility, extreme lassitude and ague, it is unrivalled; as a purifier of the blood, and a powerful yet safe tonic, it has produced the most astonishing results, restoring the invalid to health and strength in an incredibly short space of time. In bowel complaints, arising from atmospheric changes, or other causes, it is strongly recommended; also, after sea bathing. Prepared exclusively by DAYRELL and CO., Apothecaries' Hall, 381, George-street, opposite the Cathedral, Sydney, in bottles at 3s. 6d. and 6s. each, and sold by their appointed agents, Mr. Sloper, William-street, Woolloomooloo; Mr. Riley, Goulburn; and Messrs. Macdonald and Co., Mudgee.

SHOALHAVEN POTATOES, first-rate ones, 3s. per cwt., at W. PRITCHARD'S Corn Store, Union Wharf.

COLONIAL WINE, free from spirits and acidity (vintage 1852), at 1s. per bottle, or 10s. 6d. per dozen. J. J. RALPH, at the Castle Tavern, 105, corner of George and Bridge streets.

MUNDERWADDRY or UNNANAH STATION.—NOTICE.—TAKE NOTICE that the Supreme Court of New South Wales did, on the 6th day of September instant, grant a Rule Nisi calling upon Mr. THOMAS BRENNAND to show cause why the letters of administration of the goods, chattels, credits, and effects which were of CHARLES MOORE EDGHILL, deceased, and which were granted to the said Thomas Brennand as a creditor, on or about the 28th day of May last, should not be cancelled. The judgment on which such administration was granted has been set aside.

AND WHEREAS the said Thomas Brennand, claiming as administrator of the estate of the said Charles Moore Edghill, deceased, has (as is alleged) sold the Munderwaddy Station, in the district of Murrumbidgee, in the colony of New South Wales, all persons are hereby required to take notice of the said Rule Nisi having been granted, which Rule Nisi may be seen on application at the office of Messrs. BRENAN and RUSSELL, solicitors, 42, Pitt-street, Sydney.

OLIVER D. TIBBANDO.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Witness—WILLIAM RUSSELL, solicitor.

A NEW SHOP, with or without stores and stable Lower George-street. W. REDMAN, York-street Solicitor.

A SMALL GROCERY BUSINESS TO LET. Apply 63, Clarence-street.

A SHOP and Premises to LET, in Bourke-street, next the Hargraves Hotel. Inquire on the premises.

A CONVENIENT Apartment, with fire-place, 232, Liverpool-street, near Pitt-street.

APARTMENTS with or without Board. The house is opposite the Racecourse. For address, apply to Mr. ABRAHAMS, chemist, near the Royal Hotel.

APARTMENTS for Families and Gentlemen, 37, Bourke-street North, Woolloomooloo.

A HOUSE to LET, in Francis-street, Woolloomooloo. Enquire at No. 453, Wilshire-place, Brickfield-hill.

A BEDROOM, with board, No. 10, Wynyard-square.

A BEDROOM to LET, for a single gentleman, at E. KRON'S, 110, Lower George-street.

BALMAIN.—Board and Residence for a Gentleman; terms moderate. For address, apply Post Office.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for Gentlemen, No. 1, Moutry's-buildings, Church-hill.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, near the Domain. Apply to Mrs. BIRD, 8, Hunter-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a Married Couple or Single Gentlemen. Apply at Paddington Cottage, Paddington, or 10, Park-street. Omnibuses pass the door every ten minutes.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, in a private family, in O'Connell-street. Apply to WICKHAM and BELL, Jamison-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at Mrs. M'LEAN'S, No. 97, Cumberland-street. Terms £1 1s. per week.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at Miss WHITE'S, 66, Macquarie-street, opposite the Domain-gate.

BOARD and LODGING, at Mrs. WISEMAN'S, No. 1, College-buildings, Jamison-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a single gentleman, No. 232, Elizabeth-street South.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at No. 14, Upper Fort-street, opposite the Flagstaff.

BARRACK-STREET.—To LET, a large Store, with immediate possession. Apply to Messrs. DAVID JONES and CO.

CIRCULAR QUAY.—TO LET, Yard and Sheds, for workshops, stabling, &c. HENRY SELFE, Builders' Stores.

COMFORTABLE COTTAGES to LET, taxes paid and water laid on. Whittell's Wharf, Bathurst-street.

FURNISHED Apartments to LET. Application to be made at 37, Bathurst-street West.

FARMS FOR LEASE.—To be LET, on Lease, Farms of various sizes, situate in the flourishing and highly productive district of Twofold Bay, near to Bega, Kameruka, Yaclama, the fast rising shipping port of Merimbula, and within a short distance of Eden, from whence steamers are constantly running to Sydney. The land is of the very finest quality, and highly adapted for the growth of maize, wheat, barley, potatoes, &c., &c., and will be let on grain rentals for a term of seven years. There is abundance of water on every farm. This district commands both the Port Phillip and Sydney markets, and vessels are constantly plying between Eden and Hobart Town, so that parties taking these farms will have the advantage of choice of three markets wherein to dispose of their produce. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. JAMES MANNING, Kameruka, Twofold Bay; or, to Messrs. MORT and CO., Pitt-street.

FARM to LET, a few miles from Sydney, of rich swamp land; there is a substantial house erected on it, and it is fenced, and about three acres clear ready to receive a crop. To an industrious man, it is a certain livelihood without any outlay. The rent and terms will be very moderate. Apply for particulars, any day, to Mr. DENNIS KEARNEY, publican, Pitt-street North.

HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms and kitchen. Rent 25s. Apply to Mrs. CUNNINGHAM, Short-street, Surry Hills.

HOUSE TO LET, furnished, 4 miles from Sydney, good water. WICKHAM and BELL, 4, Jamison-st.

LADIES or Gentlemen will find an agreeable Home, 10, Cowper-terrace, Church Hill. Terms moderate.

LIVERPOOL.—To LET, for a term of years, a first-class House, in excellent repair, and ready for immediate occupation, situate in the most central part of the town of Liverpool, well calculated for a large general store, hotel, or any business requiring spacious and lofty apartments. Terms moderate. Apply to Messrs. SANDS and KENNY, Sydney; or Mr. BERESFORD, of Liverpool, auctioneer.

MRS. ATKINSON has Accommodation for a few select Boarders. 1, Cumberland-street.

MARKET GARDEN and GROUND at Newtown.—To LET, about seven Acres of good Garden Land, close to the railway station, three acres of which have been under cultivation. There is also a hut on the ground, fit for a small family. (For particulars, apply to ALFRED FAIRFAX, George-street, near Royal Hotel.

PUBLIC-HOUSE, Windsor.—To LET, with immediate possession, that old-established House known as the Jim Crow Inn, Macquarie-street, Windsor. The house contains ten rooms, with kitchen, superior stabling, out-offices &c., &c. To an eligible tenant a long lease on liberal terms will be given. For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr JAMES LANE; or, to JOHN B. LAVERACK, auctioneer, Windsor.

PARRAMATTA.—TO LET, Furnished Apartments, with entire use of a kitchen, within a short distance of both steamer and railway. Enquire of Mrs. NORRIS, George-street, Parramatta.

STORE TO LET.—An extensive Store, with large shed and yard, in the best part of Pitt-street. Apply to Mr. MOFFITT, near King-street.

ST. KILDA HOUSE Private Boarding Establishment for Families and Gentlemen, 15, Woolloomooloo-st.

STONE STORE to LET, Circular Quay, in an excellent situation. Apply to JOY and CO., iron store, behind the Custom House.

SLAUGHTER HOUSE TO LET.—To be LET, the Licensed Slaughter House, lately occupied by Mr. E. Dellange, situate at Black Wattle Creek, Sydney; immediate possession can be given. Apply to Mr. THOMAS MAY, Parramatta-street, Sydney.—September 5th, 1856.

TO LET, on lease, for 15 years, a piece of Land, having 164 feet frontage to Parramatta-street, and the same to Grose-street. Apply to Mr. BIRD, Architect, 8, Hunter-street.

TO LET, the Saloons of the English Opera House. Inquire at the Box Office of the Victoria Theatre.

TO LET, a Three-roomed Cottage, enclosed yard, &c., near Darling Point. Apply F. STENNETT, next Post-office.

TO LET, good Office Rooms, at 212, George-street. Apply to J. TAIT and CO., 212, George-street.

TO LET, desirable Residence, near St. Peter's Church, Cook's River Road, known as the Grove, with the Grounds, about 30 acres. Apply to ASPINWALL, SUTHERLAND, and CO., Bank-court, King-street.

TO LET, a commodious Family Residence, containing eight rooms, situated in Alma-terrace, Yurong-street. For particulars enquire at M. SOLOMON'S, No. 4, Hay-street; or at ABRAHAM MYERS', No. 402, Brickfield-hill.

TO LET, at Cook's River, a Cottage of six rooms, with four acres of good land, and plenty of excellent water. The cottage has just undergone a thorough repair, and the land well fenced in. Rent moderate. J. F. FLASHMAN, saddler, 344, George-street South.

TO BE LET, a House containing ten rooms, kitchen, laundry and servant's room; apply at 13, Castlereagh-street North.

TWO GENTLEMEN can have a comfortable quiet Home at 290, Pitt-street.

TO BE LET, the Goodwill of the Blue Bell, and Fixtures, for the term of four years. Doing a first-rate business, the only reason the party is going to leave the country for England. THOMAS EVANS.

TO LET, a Furnished Bedroom, at 19, Upper Fort-street, with or without board.

TO LET, at Prince's Road, Darlinghurst, at the back of the residence of S. A. Donaldson, Esq., a House containing 6 rooms, detached kitchen and servants room, with water, stable, and garden. Apply on the premises, from 10 to 12 o'clock daily.

TO LET, Newlands, a spacious Family Residence, with about 12 acres of land, delightfully situated on the north side of the town of Parramatta, opposite the Steam-boat Wharf. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to J. and W. BYRNES, Parramatta, 10th September.

TWO ROOMS TO LET, suitable for Offices; at the French Stay Warehouse, 32, Hunter-street.

TO LET, that elegant Gothic Residence, Williams-terrace, Stanley-street, containing nine rooms; large yard, stabling, &c., in good repair, and with immediate possession. For a family of respectability this residence will be found very desirable. WICKHAM and BELL, 4, Jamison-street.

TO LET, 10s. per week. Two Rooms, with use of kitchen. Apply opposite Mr. Hogg's, Palmer-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted two Assistants. GEORGE MOORE and CO., 89 and 91, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a House containing shop and five rooms, with yard, water laid on, situate nearly opposite "Our Lyceum Theatre," York-street. Apply at 149, Bathurst-street, between Pitt and Castlereagh streets.

TO LET, a House of seven rooms, and water, in George-street, Redfern, near Redfern-street. Apply next door. Rent 30s.

TO LET, a Cottage, 80, Stanley-street, near Hyde-park. Apply to 146, Castlereagh-street. Water laid on. Rent 31s.

TO BAKERS.—First-rate Premises to LET, rent moderate, 53, Stanley-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, No. 4, Burdekin-terrace. Also, three Shops, Woolloomooloo-street. Apply to Mr. BURDEKIN, Macquarie-street.

TO LET, the whole, or part, of convenient business premises, in the immediate vicinity of the Circular Quay. Apply to Messrs. BEIT and SONS, No. 8, Macquarie-place.

TO LET, a Furnished Cottage of eight rooms in Elizabeth-street, near Liverpool-street. Apply at 240, Elizabeth-street; or to HENRY FERRIS'S Stores, Pitt-street, near the Victoria Theatre.

TO LET, a House at Waverley, three rooms, kitchen, and water. Mr. TAYLOR, near the Mill.

TO LET.—Southcot House, Macquarie-street South, with eight rooms, cellar, detached kitchen, large yard, water laid on; rent moderate. Apply at the premises, or at the Red Bull Inn, Parramatta-street.

TO LET, a Cottage situate near Garryowen House, and within fifteen minutes' walk of Balmain Ferry, and within 4½ miles of Sydney by the road. This cottage is well finished, and perfectly new; it contains seven rooms, two of 20 feet by 16 feet, three of 16 feet square, two of 10 feet by 8 feet, a kitchen of 16 feet by 14 feet, a back verandah, and a good cellar. Any quantity of land will be enclosed with this cottage, not exceeding six acres. A lease will be given to a good tenant, and immediate possession. A stable will be built if required.

To LET, also on lease, eight acres of first-rate Market Garden Land, all under cultivation, with a good two-room Cottage. A long lease given on terms. Apply to Mr. RYAN BRENAN, 42, Pitt-street, or at Garryowen House.

TO LET, or SELL.—The Hermitage, Balmain, is now fit for the immediate reception of a respectable family, containing seven rooms, kitchen, large vegetable and flower garden, with water frontage, and close to the New Ferry. Apply to Mr. GOOLD, General Post Office Hotel, York-street.

TO LET, either on lease or otherwise, a House and all the Fittings in King-street, the situation of which is desirable. For further particulars, enquire at No. 10, King-street.

TO LET, a Cottage pleasantly situated in Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo, containing five rooms. Rent moderate. Enquire of J. GREEN, No. 16, Duke-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, Two fine Rooms, with use of kitchen and cooking apparatus, near Elizabeth-street South. The rooms are clean, with patent stoves in each; rent 16s. GEORGE BISHOP, Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

TO LET, a Comfortable Residence of seven rooms, detached kitchen, six-horse stable, a large yard enclosed by a high stone wall, well of excellent water just undergone a thorough repair and painting, in Greek-street, Glebe. Enquire of Mr. ANDREW MOORE, Denison House, Phillip-street; or, JAMES STEENSON, 488, George-street, who will give the key to view.

TO LET, at a very moderate rent, suitable for offices, one or two rooms, in the best part of George-street. Apply at 381, opposite the Cathedral. DAYRELL and CO.

TO LET, 3-roomed Cottages, 12s. per week; 5-roomed ditto, 15s. and 18s. J. PURSER, 5, Bay-st., Glebe.

TO LET, a Five-apartment Brick Cottage, with a good garden, stable, and well of good water, near St. Peter's Church, Newtown. Apply to GEORGE LONG, Newtown.

TO LET, No. 136, Castlereagh-street, occupied by G. Preddy, containing shop, seven rooms, with store of two floors 70 feet by 14 each; with stabling, store fronting the street. Can be viewed between 12 and 3.

TO LET, at Kissing Point, a Stone Cottage, containing six rooms and detached kitchen; with stables. There is a never failing well of water, with thirty acres of land. For particulars apply to Mr. JACKSON, Produce Stores, Pitt-street; or to J. M'CROSSEN, Apple Tree Hotel, Albion-street.

TO LET.—Austenham House, Balmain. WICKHAM and BELL, house, land, and estate agents, 4, Jamison-street.

TO LET, at Pyrmont, a five-roomed House; well of water at the back door. Enquire W. STEVENS, boat-builder, Mill-street.

TO LET, a House in York-place, York-street, consisting of four rooms, water laid on, &c. Apply to EDWARD SALAMON, Wynyard-street.

TO LET.—Two four-roomed brick Cottages, on Botany-road, with plenty of good water. Apply to Mr. TIMOTHY WARD, Botany-road, near the tollbar, Redfern. Rent moderate.

TO LET, the House and Premises lately in the occupation of Mr. W. Brown, corner of Sussex and Druitt streets. Apply to THOMAS B. DEARIN, 23, Druitt-st.

TO LET, a House, 4 rooms, next the Curriers' Arms, 244, Pitt-street South, where apply.

VERANDAH COTTAGE to LET on Lease or SELL, situate on the Botany-road, two miles from Sydney, containing six rooms, with kitchen, stable, coach-house, fowl-house, and piggery, with about six acres of excellent land, consisting of garden and horse paddocks. The above is well suited for a family of respectability, being situated in a remarkably healthy locality. For particulars apply at the California Inn, Parramatta-street, or on the premises.

WINDSOR.—To Let, on Lease, from the 1st October next, for such term as may be agreed upon, all those premises, comprising carpenter's workshop, dwelling-house, and spacious yard, situate in Macquarie and Kable streets, Windsor, known as the property of the late Mr David Dunstan, builder and undertaker, carried on latterly by Mr. Collison with profit. This is an opportunity that should not be lost sight of by industrious tradesmen with families, who to avoid the expenses of a city, and removing to a district where a wide field is open to his enterprise with a certainty of employment. A hearse, with all requisites thereto, will be included in the lease. Application to be made, either personally or by letter, to Mrs. SARAH DUNSTAN, Windsor, 9th September, 1856.

FARMERS' GLORY will travel this season through the districts of Liverpool, Bringelly, Greendale, and by the Camden River; also through Cabramatta and Campbelltown.

"Farmers' Glory," a truly magnificent draught stallion, seventeen hands high, colour dapple grey, sire "Farmers' Glory," and is allowed by competent judges to be the finest colonial bred stallion in the country; he has proved himself a first-rate foal getter.

Terms, for any number of mares, three pounds five shillings each; all payments to be made good on the 1st day of January, 1857.

George's River. W. WARD.

THOROUGHBRED IMPORTED STALLION, "CHATTERBOX."—The above celebrated thoroughbred horse will serve a limited number of mares this season at Bungarribbee, on the Western Road, at ten guineas, groom's fee included.

"Chatterbox" was bred by Mr. Watts, got by "Magpie" out of "Clari," by "Smolensko," grandam by "Precipitate," great grandam, by "Highflyer," out of "Juno," by "Spectator."—Vide Stud Book, vol. 6, page 398.

In 1849, at two years old, won the Great National Produce Stake at the Curragh, £850, beating "Doll Tearsheet," "Pio Nono," and eight others, easily. At the same meeting won the Waterford Stakes in a canter, beating "Conveyor," "Freney Colt," "Elvas Colt," and ten others. At the same meeting walked over for a sweepstake of 30 sovereigns each. Six subscribers.

In 1850, at three years old, won the Liverpool St. Leger of £550, 1 mile 6 furlongs, easy, by two lengths, beating "Italian" and "Michael Brunton"; ran in 3 minutes 17 seconds. At the same meeting ran second for the Knowsley Dinner Stakes of £450, won by "Beehunter by a head.

In 1851, at four years old, won the Queen's Plate at the Curragh, beating "Bincher," "Due au Darras," and three others, by two lengths, distance three miles. Walked over for the Wellington Stakes of 100 guineas. Won the Queen's Plate of 100 guineas, distance three miles, beating "Wanton" and three others, by two lengths. Also the Queen's Plate, two miles, same meeting, easy by four lengths, beating "Kick-up-the-Dust" and two others. Also the Grand Military Stakes, same meeting, 1½ miles, beating "Taly" and two others in a canter. In 1852 was put to the stud, having previously been sold to Captain Cunningham for 1000 guineas. "Chatterbox" is a bright bay, stands 15 hands 3 inches high, remarkably handsome, and for power, symmetry, and thorough-bred points will bear the closest inspection. Good and well watered paddocks, and every attention given to the mares, but no responsibility incurred. All mares to be removed, and payment made on or before the 1st January, 1857. Hay and corn at market price. I. K. CLEEVE.

THE Thoroughbred Horse WAVERLEY will stand, this season, at Tottenham Park, near St. Mary's, South Creek, and will travel once a week to Penrith, at five guineas each mare. As a stud horse Waverley stands unrivalled, which his scions—Sportsman, Huntsman, Planet, Veno, &c., sufficiently attest. It is worthy of remark that in England a stallion is valued more by his stock than his performances. Pedigree: He is got by St. George out of Splendora; St. George by Seagrave, out of a mare by Governor; her dam, Anticipation, by Beningborough, out of Expectation, by Herod; Splendora, by Emancipation, out of Tintoretto, by Rubens; her dam, Belinda, by Beningborough, foaled in 1836. Good and well-watered paddocks provided, and every attention given, but no responsibility incurred. R. FAWCETT.

THE ENTIRE HORSE "RAVEN" will stand at Glenmore, near Penrith, this season. Raven is a heavy draught horse, 16 hands high, got by Old Cri[illegible], and is a splendid working horse. Terms, £2 10s. for a single mare, and £2 for two and more. A good secure paddock for the mares—all care taken of them, but no risk incurred by the proprietor. Payments to be made, and mares removed, on the 1st of January, 1856. JAMES J. RILEY.

YOUNG HORNCASTLE.—That truly magnificent draught stallion got by Old Horncastle out of a superior Clydesdale mare. He is of a red roan colour, with black points; stands over 16 hands high, with great bone and muscle. Any person wishing to breed good draught horses should avail themselves of this opportunity.

HORNCASTLE will travel at the undermentioned places, viz.:—Picton, Menangle, Camden, and the Oakes. Terms, £2 10s. each for single mares. Any over two, the property of one person, a reduction made.

JOHN M'FARLAND.
Abbotsford, Picton, September 8th, 1856.

ASHFIELD.—Subscribers to the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD will receive their papers from Mr. PETER RAWLINGS, Ashfield.

LONGBOTTOM, CONCORD, and HOMEBUSH.—Mr. P. M'GRATH, Longbottom, Agent for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, whose receipt will be sufficient, is authorised to receive all subscriptions for the above districts. Subscriptions, £1 per quarter.

MELBOURNE.—Subscribers and advertisements received for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD. W. FAIRFAX, agent, Collins-street East, Melbourne. A file of the SYDNEY HERALD can always be had for reference, also single copies at 6d. each.

RICHMOND.—The Subscribers to the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD in Richmond will in future receive their Papers at Mr. JOHN DUCKER'S Stores, near the Post Office.

July 11th, 1856. LABAN WHITE, agent.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—NORTH SHORE.—Mr. WILLIAM DAVEY, boot and shoemaker, near the Old Commodore, North Shore, will supply the above journal at £1 per quarter. Single copies, 6d. Advertisements received.

WEST MAITLAND.—The SYDNEY MORNING HERALD supplied at £1 per Quarter. Subscribers will receive their papers on the arrival of the steamer. Advertisements received for the HERALD, and forwarded by first steamer. R. BLAIR, Agent, West Maitland.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD—CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Two lines	One shilling.
Four ditto	Two shillings.
Six ditto	Three shillings.
Eight ditto	Four shillings.

And 3d. (three-pence) per line for every additional line, for each insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION—£4 per annum, in advance.

*** All advertisements under six lines will be charged 3s. if booked to advertiser's account.

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